



# **Trademarks**

All terms mentioned in this book that are known to be trademarks or service marks are listed below. In addition, terms suspected of being trademarks or service marks have been appropriately capitalized. Ametek cannot attest to the accuracy of this information. Use of a term in this book should not be regarded as affecting the validity of any trademark or service mark.

This publication includes fonts and/or images from CorelDRAW which are protected by the copyright laws of the U.S., Canada and elsewhere. Used under license.

IBM and PC are registered trademarks of the International Business Machines Corporation.

ST is a registered trademark of AT&T

Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corp.



# ESD WARNING!

# YOU MUST BE PROPERLY GROUNDED, TO PREVENT DAMAGE FROM STATIC ELECTRICITY, BEFORE HANDLING ANY AND ALL MODULES OR EQUIPMENT FROM AMETEK.

All semiconductor components can be **damaged** by the discharge of static electricity. Be sure to observe all Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) precautions when handling modules or individual components.



# **Important Change Notification**

This document supercedes the previous version of the UPLC Installation Guide. The following list shows the most recent publication date for the new information. A publication date in **bold type** indicates changes to that information since the previous publication. Note that only significant changes, i.e., those changes which affect the technical use and understanding of the document and the UPLC equipment, are reported. Changes in format, typographical corrections, minor word changes, etc. are not reported. Note also that in some cases text and graphics may have flowed to a different page than in the previous publication due to formatting or other changes.

Each reported change is identified in the document by a change bar, II, placed to its left and/or right, just like the ones on this page.

#### **Publication Date**

#### **Page Numbers**

**|| September 2010** 

ii, v, vii, viii, ix, 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14, 15, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 34, 35, 36, 43, 48, 49, 52, 55, 68, 74, 80, 87

#### NOTE

All TTU labels have been changed to Trip Test.





We recommend that you become acquainted with the information in this manual before energizing your  $UPLC^{TM}$  system. Failure to do so may result in injury to personnel or damage to the equipment, and may affect the equipment warranty. If you mount the carrier set in a cabinet, it must be bolted to the floor or otherwise secured before you swing out the equipment, to prevent the installation from tipping over.

AMETEK does not assume liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. AMETEK reserves the right to make changes to any products herein to improve reliability, function or design. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice. All possible contingencies which may arise during installation, operation, or maintenance, and all details and variations of this equipment do not purport to be covered by this manual. If you desire further information regarding a particular installation, operation, or maintenance of equipment, please contact your local Ametek representative.

Copyright © By AMETEK U.S.A. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED Ametek does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.



The  $UPLC^{TM}$  is shipped with default passwords. Default passwords should be changed to different passwords at installation. Failure to change each default password may result in unauthorized access. The end user is responsible for any damage resulting from unauthorized access. AMETEK is not responsible for the security of the system.



# PREFACE

# Scope

This guide describes the installation procedure for the Universal Power Line Carrier (UPLC<sup>™</sup>). It is intended primarily for use by engineers and technicians involved in the installation, alignment, operation, and maintenance of Power-Line Carrier equipment.

# **Equipment Identification & Ordering Information**

The UPLC<sup>™</sup> equipment is identified by the Catalog Number. The Catalog Number can be decoded using the Ordering Information shown opposite this page.

# Warranty

Our standard warranty extends for 60 months after shipment. For all repaired modules or advance replacements, the standard warranty is 90 days or the remaining warranty time, whichever is longer. Damage clearly caused by improper application, repair, or handling of the equipment will void the warranty.

# **Equipment Return & Repair Procedure**

To return equipment for repair or replacement:

- 1. Call your representative at 1-800-785-7274 or +1-954-344-9822.
- 2. Request an RMA number for proper authorization and credit.
- 3. Carefully pack the equipment you are returning.

Repair work is done most satisfactorily at the factory. When returning any equipment, pack it in the original shipping containers if possible. Be sure to use anti-static material when packing the equipment. Any damage due to improperly packed items will be charged to the customer, even when under warranty.

We also make available interchangeable parts to customers who are equipped to do repair work. When ordering parts (components, modules, etc.), always give the complete style number(s).

- 4. Make sure you include your return address and the RMA number on the package.
- 5. Ship the package(s) to:

AMETEK Power Instruments 4050 N.W. 121st Avenue Coral Springs, FL U.S.A. 33065



#### **UPLC™** Catalog Numbers **Typical Catalog Number** USINSCIANSX Configuration Single Transceiver Unit (3RU) S Single Transceiver Unit (3RU) w/Dual Power Amplifier<sup>1</sup> Α Single Receiver Unit (3RU) R Dual Transceiver Unit (4RU)<sup>1,2</sup> w/Dual Power Amplifier D Dual Receiver Unit (4RU)<sup>1,2</sup> O **DC/DC Converter Power Supply** 48/60 Vdc 4 110/125/250 Vdc 1 48/60 Vdc w/Auxiliary Power Supply for 20/200mA Output 8 110/125/250 Vdc w/Auxiliary Power Supply for 20/200mA Output 2 **Redundant DC/DC Converter Power Supply** 48/60 Vdc 4 110/125/250 Vdc 1 48/60 Vdc w/Auxiliary Power Supply for 20/200mA Output<sup>4</sup> 8 110/125/250 Vdc w/Auxiliary Power Supply for 20/200mA Output<sup>4</sup> 2 None Ν Inputs/Outputs Std Outputs (7 SS, 3 Contacts) only S Std Outputs (7 SS & 3 Contacts) + Trip Duty Contact Outputs, (4 per unit) E٠ Std Outputs (7 SS, 3 Contacts) with 4 Frequency Logic т Std Outputs (7 SS, 3 Contacts) + Trip Duty Contact Outputs w/4 Freq. Logic F. **Ethernet Ports** None Α C-10/100 BaseT, Redundant 10/100 BaseT 100 BaseFX, Redundant 100 BaseFX w/SC Connectors D 100 BaseFX, Redundant 100 BaseFX w/ST Connectors Е 100 BaseFX, Redundant 100 BaseFX w/LC Connectors<sup>2</sup> F 100 BaseFX, Redundant 100 BaseFX w/MTRJ Connectors G 10/100 BaseT and 100 BaseFX w/ST Connectors н 10/100 BaseT and 100 BaseFX w/SC Connectors 10/100 BaseT and 100 BaseFX w/LC Connectors<sup>2</sup> κ 10/100 BaseT and 100 BaseFX w/MTRJ Connectors Protocols/PC Interface (Front) Browser Compatible w/RS-232 Browser Compatible w/USB 2. IEC 61850/UCA Compliant<sup>2,3</sup> w/RS-232 3 IEC 61850/UCA Compliant<sup>2,3</sup> w/USB 4 DNP w/RS-2322 5 DNP w/USB<sup>2</sup> 6 **Testing Facilities** Single Transceiver **Dual Transceiver** C None Hardware Option **Original Amplifier** Version 2 Amplifier Additional Options Standard S Future **Reserved for Future Options** X

<sup>1</sup>Any Dual Configuration requires 2<sup>nd</sup> Power Supply <sup>2</sup>Call for availability <sup>3</sup>Must also select an ethernet option <sup>4</sup>Only available with Dual Transceiver unit



# **Contents – Main**

Topic	Page No.
	1. Introduction
	2. Mounting & Connecting the Unit
	2.1 Mounting
	2.2 Backplane
	2.3 Safety Precautions
	2.4 DC Power Supply and Other Connections
	2.5 Connections
	2.6 Equipment Ground
	2.7 RF Connections
	2.8 Coaxial Cable
	2.9 Other Connections
	3. Physical Settings
	3.1 Motherboard/Backplane
	3.2 I/O Module
	3.3 Power Supply Module
	3.4 Transceiver Module
	4. System Specifications
	4.1 Nominal Back to Back Channel Delays at 15dB margin
	4.2 Inputs
	4.3 Functions
	4.4 Programmable Outputs
	5. Typical System Application
	5.1 Directional Comparison Blocking16
	5.2 Directional Comparison Blocking w/KA-416
	5.3 Direct Transfer Trip16
	5.4 Unblock
	5.5 3-Frequency
	5.6 4 Frequency
	6. Configuration Process
	6.1 Configuration File Download
	6.2 Uploading Configuration File



Торіс	Page No.
7. Front Panel	
7.1 Password	
7.2 Settings	
7.3 Configure	
7.4 Calibrate	
7.5 Testing	
7.6 Front Panel Alarms	
7.7 Receiver Front Panel Indications	
8. Software Settings	
9. Making a Connection to the UPLC <sup>TM</sup> Front Panel	
10. Making a Connection to the UPLC <sup>TM</sup> Ethernet Port	
10.1 LAN Connection	
10.2 Direct Connect	
10.3 User Accounts	
11. Home Page	
12. Settings Pages	
12.1 General Tab	
12.2 Logic Tab	
12.3 Input/Output Tab	
12.4 Load/Save Configuration Tab	
12.5 Submit Tab	
13. Calibration	
14. SOE Log	
15. Admin	
15.1 Accounts	
15.2 Other Admin Tabs	
Appendix A Configuring a Serial Connection for UPLC <sup>TM</sup>	
Appendix B General File Format	
Appendix C Sequence of Events Listing	
Appendix D Configuration Report	
Appendix E Changing the Catalog Number	

# II



|| ||

# **Contents – Figures**

Figur	e No.	Page No.
1a	Chassis Front (w/o cover) & Rear Views	3
1b	Chassis Dimensions	4
2	Knife Switch Connections	6
3	I/O Module Component & Jumper Locations	7
4	Power Supply Component & Jumper Location	8
5a	Transceiver (Rev 9) NOVRAM Battery and Component Location	9
5b	Transceiver (Rev 4-8) Block Diagram	10
6	UPLC <sup>™</sup> Programmed as ON/OFF (AM) PLC Channel (Std. Configuration)	20
7a	UPLC <sup>™</sup> Applied with KA-4 Electromechanical Relay	21
7b	UPLC <sup>™</sup> Applied with KA-4 Electromechanical Relay	22
8	UPLC <sup>™</sup> Programmed as FSK 3-Frequency PLC Channel	23
9	UPLC <sup>™</sup> Unblock Configuration (Std. Configuration)	24
10	UPLC <sup>™</sup> Direct Transfer Trip Configuration (Std. Configuration)	25
11	UPLC <sup>™</sup> 4-Frequency Configuration (Std. Configuration)	26
12	Front Panel	27
13	I/O Test Screen Displays	37
14	Standard RS-232 Extension Cable	37
15	Logon	37
16	Home Page	38
17	General Tab	40
18	Logic Settings Tab, FSK 3-Frequency	40
19	General Settings Tab, ON/OFF Phase Comparison	
20	Logic Settings Tab, ON/OFF Phase Comparison	
21	I/O Settings Tab, ON/OFF Phase Comparison	
22	General Settings Tab, FSK Phase Comparison	
23	Logic Settings Tab, FSK Phase Comparison	
24	I/O Settings Tab, FSK Phase Comparison	
25	Input Selection Tab	
26	Trip Duty Contact Output Page Under the I/O Tab	50
27	Low Level Output Selection Page Under the I/O Tab	
28	Submit Tab	
29	FSK Calibration Page	
30	ON/OFF Calibration Page	
31	Calibration Instructions Dialog Box	
32	Calibration Instructions Dialog Box	
33	Calibration Instructions Dialog Box	
34	SOE Page	
35	Events by Date/Time Dialog Box	
36	Download Dialog Box	
37	File Download Dialog Box	
38	Admin Page	
39	New Account Dialog Box	
40	User Account Information Dialog Box	
41	UPLC <sup>™</sup> Catalog Number Before Update	
42	UPLC <sup>™</sup> Catalog Number After Update	

|| ||



# **Contents – Tables**

Table	No. Page No.
1	Main Relaying Input Connections
2	Main Relaying Output Connections
3	Backplane Jumpers
4a	Power Supply Module Jumpers
4b	Aux. Power Supply Jumpers
5	I/O Module Jumpers
6	Frequency Spacing
7	Nominal Receiver Bandwidths
8	Environmental Specifications
9	Power Requirements
10	Weight & Dimension Specifications14
11	4F System Frequencies
12	ON/OFF - Directional Comparison Settings
13	FSK - 2 Frequency POTT/DTT Settings
14	FSK - 3 Frequency Settings
15	FSK - 2 Frequency Unblocking Settings
16	FSK - 4 Frequency Settings
17	Phase Comparison Settings
18	Receiver Front Panel Status Indications
19	Authority Level Matrix
20	General Settings for ON/OFF
21	General Settings for FSK
22	Logic Settings for ON/OFF & Directional Comparison
23	Logic Settings for ON/OFF & Phase Comparison
24	Logic Settings for FSK & Phase Comparison
25	Logic Settings for FSK & 2F Unblock
26	Logic Settings for FSK & 2F POTT/DTT
27	Logic Settings for FSK & 3 Frequency
28	Input Selection Choice
29	Trip Duty Output Programmable Selections
30	Logic Settings for FSK & 4 Frequency
31	Low Level Output Programmable Selections
32	Software Programmable Alarms/Outputs
33	Software Programmable Alarms/Outputs
34	Hardware Fixed Alarms



# **Quick Installation Guide**

- 1. Unpack the unit
- 2. Mount and wire the unit (section 2) per your engineering documents or typical schemes (Figures 6-11)
- 3. Terminate the transmitter output (J1) in 50/75 $\Omega$ , 25W load (section 2)

4. Power up the unit

5.Connect to the unit:

- a. Front panel connection (section 9)
- b. Direct Ethernet (section 10.2)
- c. LAN Ethernet (section 10.1)

# 6. Setting the unit

- a. Uploading XML files (section 6.2)
- b. Using standard configurations (section 6.2.1)
- c. Manually input settings (section 12-15)
- 7. Calibrate the unit (section 13)

8. If required, save the XML file and/or report file for documentation (section 6)

# 1. Introduction

The new Universal Power-Line Carrier (UPLC<sup>TM</sup>) equipment has been designed to provide the user with an ease of installation that has never before been attainable in Power-Line Carrier equipment. The UPLC<sup>TM</sup> can be fully calibrated without the need for any instruments. It also provides the ease of software programmability for most of its functions, and this is accomplished through the use of an internet browser. Thus there is no need to install special software on the computer to configure the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. This guide describes the simple process that is needed to connect, configure and calibrate the Universal Power Line Carrier (UPLC<sup>TM</sup>).

Catalog Number: The UPLC<sup>™</sup> has a catalog identification number. It may be viewed from the front panel by depressing the "Set" button, or on the lower left hand corner of the web page when logged on. See page v for decoding.

# 2. Mounting & Connecting the Unit

# 2.1 Mounting

II The UPLC<sup>™</sup> unit is mounted in a standard 19" wide panel, is 3 RU tall and 13.5" deep.

# 2.2 Backplane

A Backplane is provided with the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. It is divided into a top section and a bottom section, with an RF foam gasket between the two sections. Remove the top section for making all necessary connections. All outgoing wire will rest between the RF foam gasket. Do not bundle the wire where it comes through the RF gasket. Spread the wire in one layer across the total width of the gasket.

# CAUTION

DO NOT TURN ON THE UPLC<sup>m</sup> WITHOUT A 50 $\Omega$  OR 75 $\Omega$  LOAD CONNECTED TO THE RF OUTPUT ON CONNECTOR J1.

# 2.3 Safety Precautions

Please review this installation information thoroughly before making any connections to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. Unless you are thoroughly familiar with the hazards involved in handling high voltage equipment, you should not handle the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> or connect any external apparatus to it.

# 2.4 DC Power Supply and Other Connections

Terminals TB1 & TB2, on the rear of the chassis, provide the connection points for the power supply (48, 125 & 250 Vdc) and customer interconnections. (See Fig. 1.). The terminal blocks can accept up to a 14 AWG wire with an AMP #320561, #320619 or #50881 or equivalent, ring lug installed on the end. All power supply, input & output connections are not polarity sensitive. The only exception is when the auxiliary power supply for 20/200 mA output is supplied. The connections to this auxiliary power supply are polarity sensitive.

Any lead coming to or from the switchyard should be shielded twisted pair to reduce transients to below the Surge Withstand Capability of ANSI C37.90.1.

# 2.5 Connections

Permanent connections are made from the rear of the chassis. To make these connections remove the top half of the rear cover. This will expose all the connections on the motherboard (See Figure 1.). Table 1 and Table 2 list all the main relaying connection points on the rear of the chassis.

Replace the rear cover after connections are completed.

# CAUTION

DO NOT GROUND TO THE SHIELD OF THE COAXIAL CABLE AT THE LINE TUNER. THE SHIELD OF THE CABLE SHOULD BE GROUNDED AT THE PLC TERMINAL EQUIPMENT. Note: ALL inputs and outputs are non-polarity sensitive, except for the Power Supply Auxiliary input & output on TB1-3 & 4 and TB2-3 & 4.

Inputs	Terminal Block
Power In*	TB1-1 & 2
Redundant Power In*	TB2-1 & 2
Input 1*	TB3-5 & 10
Input 2*	TB3-4 & 9
Input 3*	TB3-3 & 8
Input 4*	TB3-2 & 7
Input 5*	TB3-1 & 6
Optional PS Aux.** for KA-4 relays	TB1-3 & 4
Optional Redundant** PS Aux. for KA-4 relay	TB2-3 & 4

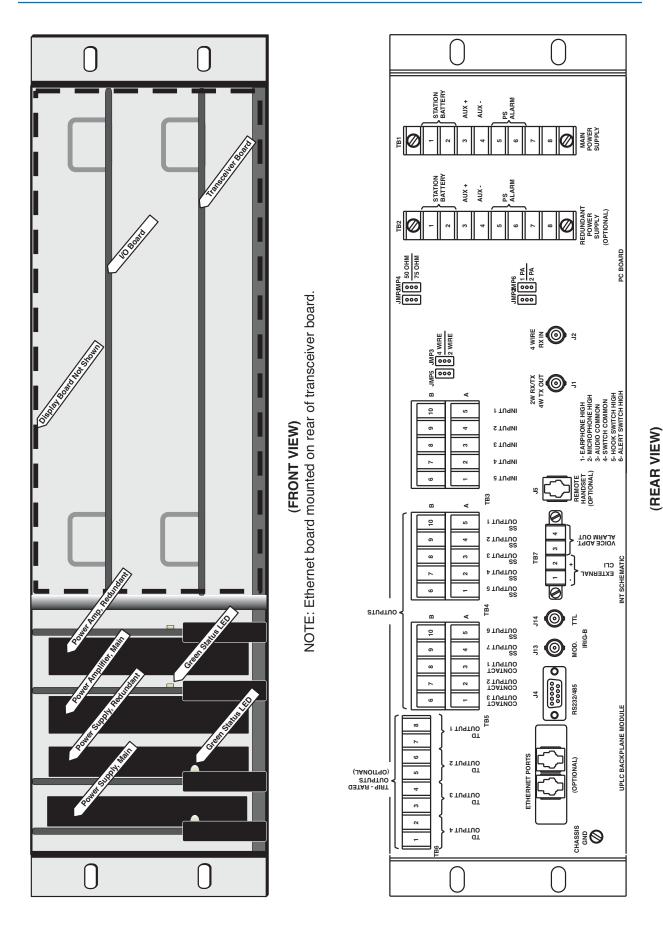
Table 1	. Main	Relaying	Input	Connections
---------	--------	----------	-------	-------------

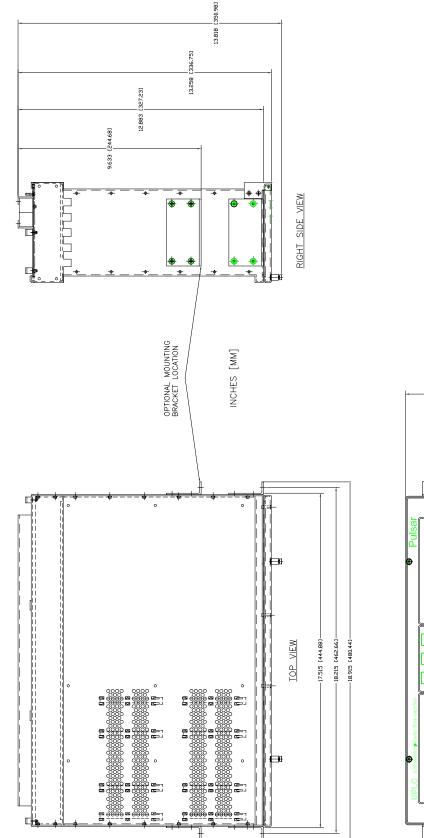
#### Table 2. Main Relaying Output Connections

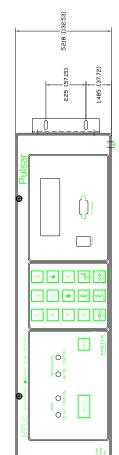
Outputs-1A Trans	istor	Outputs-1A Contact	
SS Output 1 (LL01)*	TB4-5 & 10	EM Output 8 (LL08)*	TB5-3 & 8
SS Output 2 (LL02)*	TB4-4 & 9	EM Output 9 (LL09)*	TB5-2 & 7
SS Output 3 (LL03)*	TB4-3 & 8	EM Output 10 (LL010)*	TB5-1 & 6
SS Output 4 (LL04)*	TB4-2 & 7	Optional Trip Duty Co	ontacts
SS Output 5 (LL05)*	TB4-1 & 6	EM Output 1 (TD01)*	TB6-7 & 8
SS Output 6 (LL06)*	TB5-5 & 10	EM Output 2 (TD02)*	TB6-5 & 6
SS Output 7 (LL07)*	TB5-4 & 9	EM Output 3 (TD03)*	TB6-3 & 4
		EM Output 4 (TD04)*	TB6-1 & 2
Power Supply Alarms			
Main PS*	TB1-5 & 6		
Redundant PS*	TB2-5 & 6	(Optional)	

\* Non-Polarity Sensitive

\*\* Polarity Sensitive







FRONT VIEW

0

τŌ





# POWER INSTRUMENTS

# 2.6 Equipment Ground

In addition to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> chassis ground connection that is made through the cabinet or rack, a ground connection is provided on the motherboard. (See Figure 1.) A connection should be made between chassis ground and the earth ground connection at the UPLC<sup>™</sup> cabinet location. It is best to use a braided type cable for this connection.

# 2.7 RF Connections

The RF connections to the chassis are made using the J1 and J2 BNC connectors. The cable used to make this connection must be a 50  $\Omega$  or 75  $\Omega$  coax cable. Knife switches are usually placed in the rear of the cabinet housing the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> in order to service it.

If the carrier is set for two-wire mode then both the transmitter and receiver would go through J1. If it is set for four-wire mode then J1 is the transmit output and J2 is the receiver input.

# 2.8 Coaxial Cable

A coaxial cable is required for a low-loss path between the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> and the Line Tuner (in the switchyard). Connection jacks (J1 & J2), on the Rear Panel, provide the point for coaxial cable connection.

The type of coaxial cable we recommend is RG-213/U (52  $\Omega$ , 29.5 pf/foot):

- Single-conductor
- #12 AWG

# CAUTION

NEVER DISCONNECT THE CARRIER LEAD-IN BETWEEN THE LINE TUNER AND THE COUPLING CAPACITOR UNLESS THE LOW POTENTIAL END OF THE COUPLING CAPACITOR IS GROUNDED. BEFORE DISCON-NECTING THE CARRIER LEAD-IN CONDUCTORS, CLOSE THE GROUNDING SWITCH AT THE BASE OF THE COUPLING CAPACITOR. IF THIS GROUND IS NOT PROVIDED, DANGEROUS VOLTAGES CAN BUILD UP BETWEEN THE LINE TUNER AND **COUPLING CAPACITOR.** 

- 7 strand #21 copper
- Polyethylene insulator
- Copper shield
- Vinyl jacket (nominal O.D. 0.405 inch)

It is impractical to use a BNC connector with an RG-213 cable, therefore it is recommended that a change to RG58 be made at a terminal block.

If the coaxial cable is to connect to related cabinets enroute to the switchyard, you should connect the RG-58A/U cable from J1 or J2 to the related cabinets, and RG-213/U from the cabinets to the switchyard. Keep the coaxial cable as short as possible and ground the outer braid of the coax only at the end connected to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. If you are connecting the cable directly to the line tuner, the cable connector can enter the line tuner base either through the side or the bottom of the base.



THE UPLC<sup>™</sup> DOES NOT GROUND THE COAX SHIELD. IT MUST BE EXTERNALLY GROUNDED.

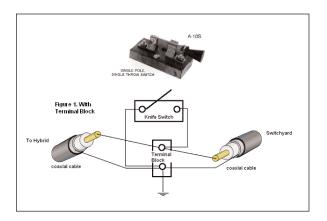
# 2.8.1 Knife Switch (Figure 2)

Ш

It is a good practice to isolate surges from entering the cabinet during maintenance and provide a place to ground the coaxial cable shield. This can easily be done with a knife switch in the RF circuit. This will allow shorting of the coax during maintenance and grounding the coax shield. The center conductor should be terminated on the open-blade side and the braided shield should be terminated on the pivot side of the knife switch and grounded to the control cabinet grounding point. The knife switch serves two purposes. It allows grounding of the coax shield as well as isolating the RF signal from voltages that may appear of the cable from the switchyard during maintenance.

Note that the shield is not grounded by the RF connectors.





#### Figure 2. Knife Switch Connections

# **2.9 Other Connections**

All the other connections to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> are for alarm and information purposes. These inputs and outputs are listed here for reference purposes. Depending on the options ordered, these outputs may or may not be present. These will be listed from left to right looking at the rear of the chassis.

#### 2.9.1 Configuration

• Ethernet Ports – (TX1, RX1 & TX2, RX2) Depending on options ordered, these outputs may be RJ45 connectors for an electrical output, or a combination of ST, SC, LC or MTRJ for optical connectors.

#### 2.9.2 Protocols

- 9-Pin D shell Connector (J4) This connector is for a permanent connection, which provides RS232 or RS485 access to the unit for DNP purposes.
- **II•** RS-485 pins 2 & 7 are TX +/pins 3 & 8 are RX +/-Ethernet for DNP and/or IEC 61850

### 2.9.3 IRIG B

• BNC Connectors (J13 & J14) – These connectors are for the IRIG B input. J13 is the input for a modulated IRIG B signal and J14 is the input for a TTL Unmodulated IRIG B signal. Only one of these inputs should be used, not both at the same time.

### 2.9.4 CLI

• TB7-1 & TB7-2 - These two terminals provide an output for an external CLI meter.

### 2.9.5 Power Supply Outputs

- TB1-3 & TB1-4 Main power supply Auxiliary output for feeding 20 mA or 200 mA to an electromechanical auxiliary blocking relay such as a KA-4 or SCA carrier auxiliary relay.
- TB1-5 & TB1-6 Main power supply failure alarm dry contact.
- TB2-3 & TB2-4 Redundant power supply Auxiliary output for feeding 20 mA or 200 mA to an electromechanical auxiliary blocking relay such as a KA-4.
- TB2-5 & TB2-6 Redundant power supply failure alarm dry contact.

# 3. Physical Settings

Some of the settings on the UPLC<sup>™</sup> require the use of a hardware jumper. These are settings, which involve selections being made on circuits that are in surge sensitive areas. The jumpers are dual jumpers because one side is the actual jumper setting and the other side is the sensing side. The microprocessor can then look at the sensing side and report the physical jumper setting without opening the unit. Although it looks like two separate jumpers for each selection, it is really a ganged jumper that has two labels.

### 3.1 Motherboard/Backplane (See Fig. 1)

- JMP1/4 set for 50 Ω or 75 Ω This setting is used to select the impedance the transmitter is looking into.
- JMP3/5 set for 2-wire or 4 wire This sets if the RF output is 2-wire or 4-wire. If it is set to 2-wire then the transmitter and receiver are tied together on J1. This is normally used for a UPLC<sup>TM</sup> set to ON/OFF mode. If set to 4-wire then the transmitter output is on J1 and the receiver is separated with its input on J2. This setting is normally used when the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is set to FSK mode.



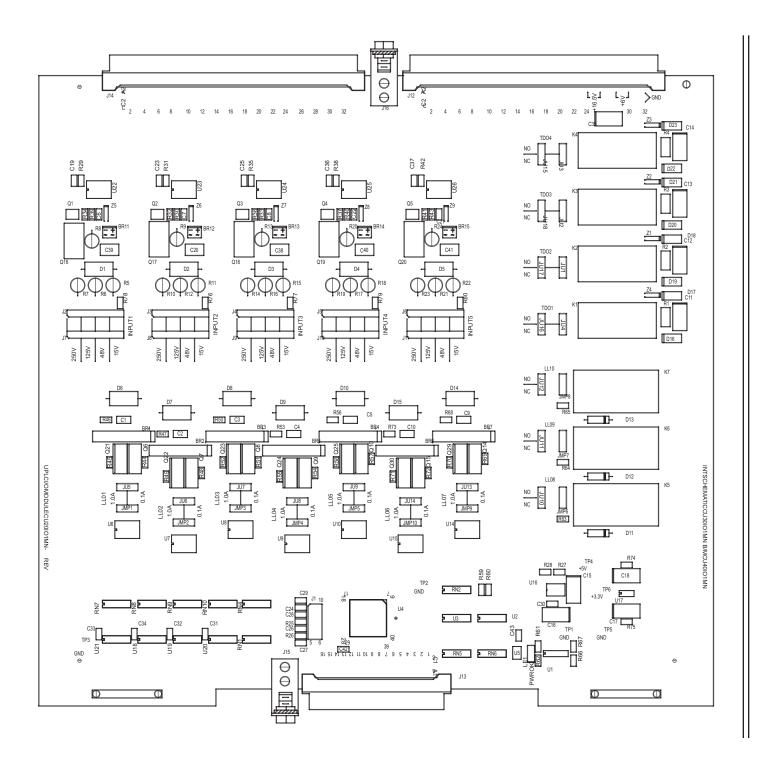
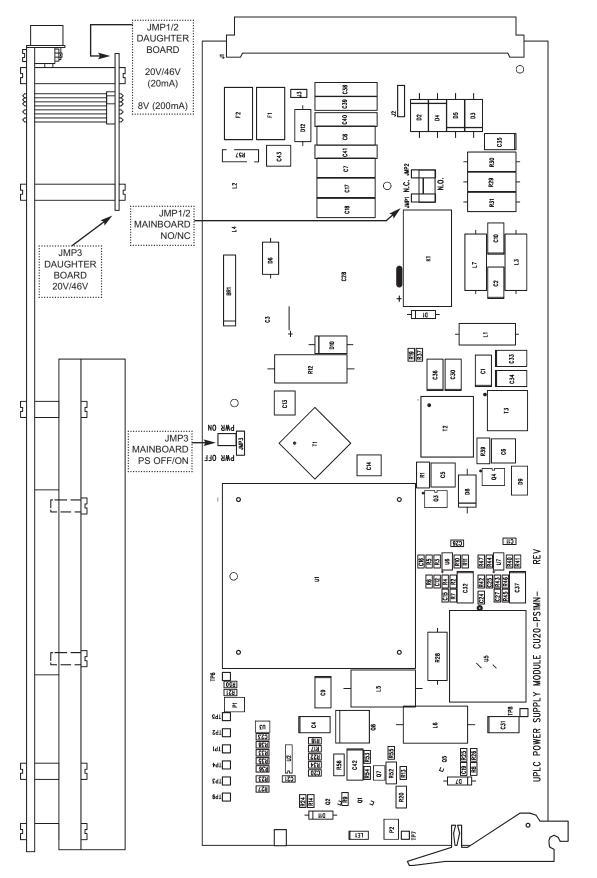


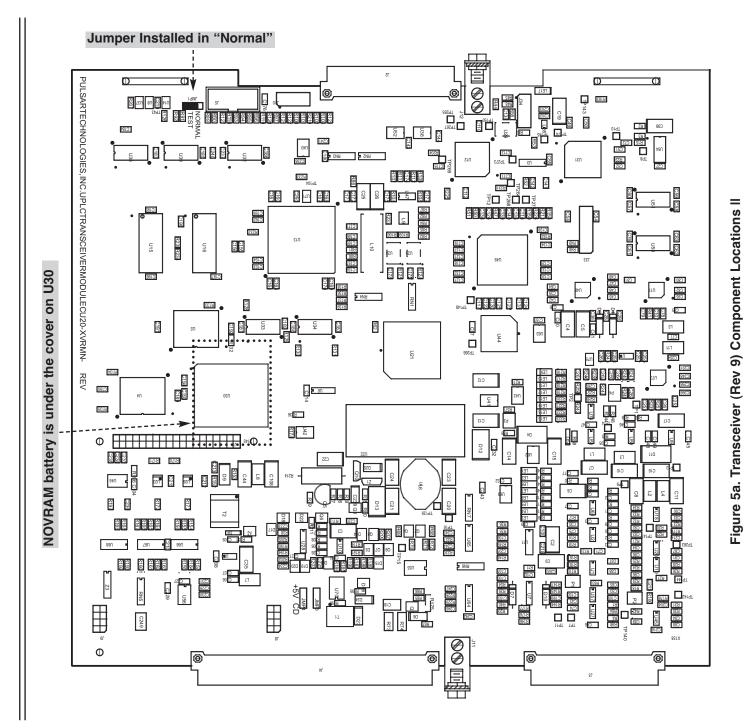
Figure 3. I/O Module Component & Jumper Locations (Rev. 9) II











J4 to Backplane(32 pins) J4 to Backplane(32 pins) J4 to Backplane(32 pins) J9 U56 U66 U66 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U67 U68 U68 U67 U67 U67 U67 U67 U67 U67 U67	3.3V Regulator U22 U22 DPRAM DPRAM U6 U30 U30 U30 U30 U30 U30 U30 U30 U30 U30	860 RAM 116 105 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	84 ata Buf. U38 JMP1 TES
alta Buffers		Image: Construction of the state of the	ISIG Latch. U51       U51         U51       U51         U51       U31         U31       U32         U31       U32         U31       U32         U31       U32         U32       U39         U31       U39         U32       U39         U39       U39





# Table 3. Backplane Jumpers

Function	Selection	Label
Coax Settings	2 wire/4 wire	JMP3/JMP5
Single or Dual Power Amps	1 PA/2 PA	JMP2/JMP6
Coax Impedance	50Ω/75Ω	JMP1/JMP4

# Table 4a. Power Supply Module Jumpers

Function	Selection	Label
Power ON/OFF Selection	PWR ON/PWR OFF	JMP3
Alarm	NO/NC	JMP1/JMP2

# Table 4b. Auxiliary Power Supply Jumpers II

85 Holding Coil	20/200 mA	JMP1/JMP2
Voltage	8V/20V/46V	JMP3

#### Table 5. I/O Module Jumpers

Inputs	Sel	ection	Jumpers
Input 1	15, 48,	125, 250V	INPUT 1
Input 2	15, 48,	125, 250V	INPUT 2
Input 3	15, 48,	125, 250V	INPUT 3
Input 4	15, 48,	125, 250V	INPUT 4
Input 5	15, 48,	125, 250V	INPUT 5
Outputs		Selections	Jumpers
Low Level (	Dutput 1	0.1/1.0A	LL01
Low Level (	Dutput 2	0.1/1.0A	LL02
Low Level (	Dutput 3	0.1/1.0A	LL03
Low Level (	Dutput 4	0.1/1.0A	LL04
Low Level (	Dutput 5	0.1/1.0A	LL05
Low Level (	Dutput 6	0.1/1.0A	LL06
Low Level (	Dutput 7	0.1/1.0A	LL07
Low Level (	Dutput 8	NO/NC	LL08
Low Level (	Dutput 9	NO/NC	LL09
Low Level (	Dutput 10	NO/NC	LL010
Trip Duty O	utput 1	NO/NC	TD01
Trip Duty O	utput 2	NO/NC	TD02
Trip Duty O	utput 3	NO/NC	TD03
Trip Duty O	utput 4	NO/NC	TD04



ON/OFF Applications			
Wide Band	Directional Comparison Relaying		4000 Hz
Narrow Band	Directional Comparison Relaying		2000 Hz
Extreme Wide Band	Phase Comparison Relaying		4000 Hz
FSK Applications			
Narrow Band:	Directional Comparison or DTT	1 way	500 Hz
Narrow Band	Directional Comparison or DTT	2 way	1000 Hz*
Wide Band	Directional Comparison or DTT	1 way	1000 Hz
Wide Band	Directional Comparison or DTT	2 way	2000 Hz*
Wide Band	Dual Comparator Phase Comp.	1 way	1500 Hz
Wide Band	(50/60Hz sq wave keying)	2 way	3000 Hz*
Wide Band	Segregated Phase Comparison	1 way	2000 Hz
Wide Band	(50/60Hz sq wave keying)	2 way	4000 Hz*
Extra Wide Band:	Directional Comparison or DTT	1 way	2000 Hz
Extra Wide Band	Directional Comparison or DTT	2 way	4000 Hz*
Extra Wide Band	Dual Comparator Phase Comp.	1 way	1500 Hz
Extra Wide Band	(50/60Hz sq wave keying)	2 way	3000 Hz*
Extra Wide Band	Segregated Phase Comparison	1 way	2000 Hz
Extra Wide Band	(50/60Hz sq wave keying)	2 way	4000 Hz*
All Voice Applications:		2 way	4000 Hz*

\*An external hybrid or other device offering at least 20 dB rejection of the adjacent channel must be used in the application.

1 way represents transmitter to transmitter or receiver to receiver

2 way represents transmitter to receiver

Table 7	Nominal	Receiver	Bandwidths
---------	---------	----------	------------

Bandwidth	Nominal	3 dB Point on Band Edge	20 dB Point on Band Edge
ON/OFF			
Narrow	600 Hz	620 Hz	915 Hz
Wide	1200 Hz	1255 Hz	1840 Hz
Extreme Wide	4000 Hz	4400 Hz	5120 Hz
FSK			
Narrow	300 Hz	316 Hz	470 Hz
Wide	600 Hz	620 Hz	915 Hz
Extra Wide	1200 Hz	1255 Hz	1840 Hz

• JMP2/6 - set for 1 PA or 2 PA – This jumper is set to "1 PA" when there is only one power amplifier in the chassis and "2 PA" when there are two power amplifiers present.

# 3.2 I/O Module (See Fig. 2)

# 3.2.1 Inputs

The I/O Module input jumpers must be set for the voltage that will be driving them. The selections are 15 V, 48 V, 125 V, and 250 V. If, for example, an input is being driven from a 125-volt station battery through a contact, then the setting should be "125 V". This way one is assured that the input will not operate on high battery voltage if one side of the battery is grounded. The jumpers to be set are labeled INPUT1, INPUT2, INPUT3, INPUT4 and INPUT5. You only need to set the jumpers on the inputs being used. It is recommended that unused inputs be set to "250 V". The input connections are not polarity sensitive.

# 3.2.2 Low Level Solid State Outputs

The solid state output jumpers are labeled LL01 through LL07. These output jumpers must be set for the level of load current on the output. For a device such as a microprocessor relay input, the jumper should be set to position "0.1 A". This means the output will handle a load up to 100 mA. For loads greater than 100 mA, such as an electromechanical relay, use the "1.0 A" setting. This means the output will deliver from 100 mA up to 1 A of current. The solid state outputs are not polarity sensitive.

# 3.2.3 Low Level Electromechanical Outputs

The low-level relay contact output jumpers are labeled LL08 to LL010. The only setting required here is whether you want a normally open or a normally closed output contact when the relay is deenergized. The choice of settings are "NO" or "NC."

# 3.2.4 Trip Duty Output Contacts

The trip duty relay contact output jumpers are labeled TD1 to TD4. The only setting required here is whether you want a normally open or a normally closed output contact when the relay is deenergized. The choice of settings are "NO" or "NC."

# 3.3 Power Supply Module

The Power Supply Module has an alarm relay to indicate failure of the module. This is a "fail-safe" alarm and is therefore energized if the module is functional. Jumpers JMP1/JMP2 allow setting contact output as normally open (NO) or normally closed (NC) (Fig. 3). Jumper, JMP3 (PWR ON/PWR OFF), allows the power supply to be placed in the chassis and remain in the off state. For normal operation, the jumper should be in the "Pwr On" position. Put this jumper in the "Pwr Off" position if it is desired to place the power supply in the chassis and have the unit remain powered down. JMP1/2, on the daughterboard, lets you choose between 200mA & 20mA, for interfacing with various relays, with JMP3 for 8V/20V/46V.

# 3.4 Transceiver Module

You must be grounded before touching any internal components. If you receive a "Battery Failure" event, the NOVRAM battery has expired. It is a Dallas Semiconductor DS9034PCX. And is located under the cover on U30 (Figures 5a & b). Using a small flathead screwdriver, gently pry the cover off. Replace the battery and snap the cover back on. There are no other user-serviceable items on the board.

Tables 3 - 5 illustrate the hardware jumpers of the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. These jumpers are "sensed" by the unit and displayed as they are set on the settings web pages for reference.

# 4. System Specifications

- Frequency Range: 30-535 kHz, in 0.01 kHz steps
- 2- wire or 4-wire application
- 4 wire Receiver Input Impedance > 4 k $\Omega$
- RF Output Impedance 50  $\Omega$ , 75  $\Omega$  nominal unbalanced
- RF Output Power 10 W (max.), 0.1 W (min.)
- Harmonic & Spurious Output 55 dB below rated Full Power
- Output Variation ±1 dB over temperature/voltage range



Ambient Temperature, range of air	-30 C to +70 C (ANSI C37.90)
Relative Humidity	Up to 95% (non-condensing) at 40 C (for 96 hrs cumulative) (ANSI C93.5)
Altitude	Up to 1500 m (without de-rating), 6000 m with de-rating
Surge Withstand Capability	Per ANSI C37.90.1
1 Minute withstand	IEC 255-5 and C37.90 (1000 volt class)
Coax, center conductor to ground	3000 Vdc impulse level, 1.2 x 50 $\mu s$ impulse, per ANSI C93.5
Dielectric	Per ANSI C37.90, 1,000 V class (4,000 V dielectric withstand)
Radiated Electromagnetic Interference from Tranceivers	35 V/m per ANSI C37.90.2

#### Table 8. Environmental Specifications

#### **Table 9. Power Requirements**

Nominal Battery	Permissible	Standby	1 Watt	10 Watt	1 Watt	10 Watt
Voltage	Voltage Range		Transmit	Transmit	Transmit	Transmit
	Range		Single	Single	Dual	Dual
48/60 Vdc	38 to 76 Vdc	25 watts	35 watts	60 watts	*	*
110/125/250 Vdc	88 to 300 Vdc	20 watts	30 watts	66 watts	80 watts	132 watts

\*Not available at this time

Permissable ripple on incoming Vdc 5%

Maximum allowable frequency of ripple 120 Hz

Carrier Frequency on dc input leads when transmitting 1 W 20 mV (max.)

Table 10. Weight & Dimension Specifications II	Table 10.	Weight &	Dimension	Specifications II
--	-----------	----------	-----------	-------------------

Equipment	Net	Weight	Hei	ght	Wi	idth	De	pth	Rack
	lbs	Kg	inches	mm	inches	mm	inches	mm	Space
Single Unit Dual Unit*	21 35	9.53 15.88	5.218 7.00	132.54 177.9	17.437 17.437	444.88 444.88	13.26 13.26	336.75 336.75	3 RU 4 RU

\* Dual unit not available at this time.



- Modulation Type: ON/OFF (Amplitude Modulation) or FSK (Frequency Shift Keyed), Field Programmable
- Frequency Shifts: Programmable ±100, ±250 or ±500 Hz
- Frequency Resolution: 10 Hz increments, Transmitter and receiver
- Frequency Stability: ±5 Hz
- Front panel displays provide received carrier levels, in volts, and transmitted carrier levels in watts, or in dB units.
- Minimum in-band SNR: w/o voice 13dB for FSK & 20dB for ON/OFF, w/voice 30dB
- Receiver Sensitivity: 5 mV (min.) to 70 V (max.)/-35 dBm to +50 dBm @ 50Ω/75Ω
- Reflected Power Monitor ±10%
- Power Supply & Power Amp are Hot Swappable
- II• Mod IRIG-B Input Impedance 2.5kΩ Min. (3.5kΩ typical)
- II• TTL IRIG-B Input Current Draw 3.8mA typical at 5Vdc

# 4.1 Nominal Back-to-Back Channel Delays at 15 dB Margin

ON/OFF	Extreme Wide Band	1.5 ms
	Wide Band	2.1 ms
	Narrow Band	2.8 ms
FSK	Extra Wide Band	4.8 ms
	Wide Band	6.5 ms
	Narrow Band	7 ms

Channel times do not include logic trip delay or relay operation times.

# 4.2 Inputs

Inputs are optically isolated and selectable for 15 V, 48 V, 125 V or 250 V keying.

ON/OFF	Carrier Start
	Carrier Stop
	Low Level Key
	Checkback Reset

Checkback Initiate Loopback Initiate FSK Trip Key (2F) Power Off Trip Test Reset Trip Test Initiate LR Key (3F) DTT Key (3F)

# 4.3 Functions

# ON/OFF

Directional Comparison Blocking Phase Comparison Blocking

# FSK 2 Frequency

Direct Transfer Trip

Line Relaying

Phase Comparison Unblocking

# FSK 3 Frequency

Direct Transfer Trip & Line Relaying

# FSK 4 Frequency, optional

Trip 1 or Trip 2 and (Trip 1 & Trip 2)

# 4.4 Programmable Outputs

10 outputs selectable for the following:

# ON/OFF

Blocking Output	Carrier Received (block)
CB Minor Alarm	CB Major Alarm
Fade Alarm	CB Delayed Alarm
Reflected Power	CB Carrier Recovered
General Alarm	CB Passed
Main RF Output	CB In Recovery Mode
CB Off	CB Test In Progress
CB Reset	CB Auto Test Disabled
CB Redundant RF	Output
FSK	
Guard (2F)	Trip (2F)
Checkback Trip (21	F) LR Trip (3F)
LR Guard (3F)	CB LR Trip (3F)
DTT Trip (3F)	DTT Guard (3F)



CB DTT Trip (3F)	Good Channel
Shift High	Shift Low
Trip Positive	Trip Negative
General Failure	Channel Fade Alarm

**Power Supply Alarm:** One contact selectable for NO or NC, rated 0.4A interrupting, 1A from 15 to 250 Vdc carry, non-wetted.

**Low Level Outputs:** Seven solid state programmable rated for 0.1/1.0 A from 15 to 250 Vdc, non-wetted outputs provided. At the 1.0A setting, the low level outputs are capable of carrying 5 A for 10 ms.

Three Contacts Programmable: NO or NC, rated carry 1 A from 15 to 250 Vdc, non-wetted, 0.4A interrupting: Operate 15ms, dropout 10ms maximum.

Trip Duty Electromechanical Outputs (Optional for FSK): 4 provided.

Operate Time: NO Contact closing - 2.8 ms, NC Contact opening - 2.0 ms

Release Time: NO Contact opening - 2.8 ms, NC Contact closing - 3.9 ms

Contact Bounce: 1.9 ms

Ratings: Trip Duty make and carry 30 A for 200 ms with a duty cycle as specified per C37.90.

ON/OFF Optional Output for KA-4 Relays (Power Supply Auxiliary) 45 V or 5 V to operate 20 or 200 ma (respectively) holding coils in electromechanical carrier aux. relays.

# 4.5 Minimum Keying Voltage

Nominal Batt. Voltage/Min. Keying Voltage

15 V	< 10 Vdc
48/60 Vdc	38 Vdc
110/125 Vdc	70 Vdc
220/250 Vdc	150 Vdc

# 5. Typical System Applications

The following diagrams represent utilizing the standard configurations stored in the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. Before applying these systems, you should check

with your engineering department to ensure compliance with your company standards.

# 5.1 Directional Comparison Blocking with microprocessor-based Protective Relay

This system utilizes the UPLC<sup>™</sup> programmed as an ON/OFF (AM) PLC channel. A reverse-looking element of the protective relay will detect an external fault and start the UPLC<sup>™</sup> channel to send a "block" to the other end of the transmission line. Should an internal fault be detected, the forward-looking element of the protective relay will squelch the UPLC<sup>™</sup> channel to allow tripping. Please refer to Table 12 and Figure 6.

# 5.2 Directional Comparison Blocking for a KA-4 Relay

The UPLC<sup>™</sup> can be applied with the electromechanical carrier auxiliary relay KA-4. Using the basic configuration for an ON/OFF, you will need to change several settings. On the LOGIC page, please check the box labeled for Common Start/Stop, this will allow start and stop functions via one lead from the KA-4. On the INPUT page, please change the Carrier Start function to be "Application of Voltage". Also, make sure you set the jumpers for the keying voltage one step down from the station battery. Since there is a dropping resistor in the KA-4, a 125 V station battery will key the UPLC<sup>™</sup> in the 48 V range. Likewise, a 250 V battery will key at 125 V, a 48 V battery will key at 15 V. The system will not operate as desired if this is not properly set. Please refer to Figure 7.

# 5.3 Direct Transfer Trip

When using the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> to provide remote tripping for breaker failure or transformer protection, program it for an FSK PLC channel. The standard settings provide for using either the low level outputs (set for 1.0 A) to trip a lockout relay of the trip duty contacts to trip a breaker trip coil. If using the low-level output to trip the LOR, be sure that the jumper for the output is set. Please refer to Table 13 and Figure 10. 

# 5.4 Unblock Directional Comparison

The FSK channel can be used for line relaying by utilizing the Unblock configuration. The low level output set for 0.1 A is needed to provide the permission into the line relay for tripping. Please refer to Table 15 and Figure 9.

# 5.5 3 Frequency - Direct Transfer Trip with Line Relay Trip

A single UPLC<sup>™</sup> channel can be used for direct transfer tripping and line relaying if the 3 frequency configuration is selected. The unit will use the center frequency for guard, the higher frequency for a line relay trip ad the lower frequency for a direct transfer trip. Should both be keyed simultaneously, then the direct transfer trip has priority since it represents major equipment failure. For the direct transfer trip function, either the low level output set for 1.0 A can be used to trip a lockout relay or the trip duty output can be used to trip a breaker. Please refer to Table 14 and Figure 8.

# 5.6 4 Frequency - Two Independant Trip Functions

The UPLC<sup>™</sup> can be purchased with the option of setting it for a four-frequency system. The purpose is to use one PLC channel to perform two independant trips. It is similar to the three-frequency system but is able to key two relaying inputs simultane-iously, where as with the three-frequency system, if both inputs are keyed simultaneously, only the DTT frequency is output.

Four frequencies are utilized within either a 600Hz bandwidth or a 1200Hz bandwidth system. The shifts for the system are shown in Table 11.

Bandwidth/Shift can be 600Hz, +/- 250Hz or 1,200Hz +/- 500Hz. The receiver is able to discriminate between these four frequencies and provide the necessary input to the logic portion.

The logic is two sets of the full unblock logic. This allows you to select either command function, DTT or Unblock. Should both inputs be keyed simultaneously, the frequency that is sent will engage both Trip A and Trip B outputs.

The trip test feature is not available in the four-frequency system.

Shift from Center Freq.	600 Hz	1,200 Hz
Non-keyed	+83 Hz	+166 Hz
Command A	+249 Hz	+498 Hz
Command B	-83 Hz	-166 Hz
Command A & B	-249 Hz	+498 Hz

Table 11. 4F System Frequencies

# 6. Configuration Process

Here we will describe the upload and download features of the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. The UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is configured primarily through a web browser or a disk containing a configuration file. Some settings can be made using the front panel. There are a few conditions to keep in mind however.

- The configuration file must be an xml file.
- An error during upload will cause the settings to revert to the previous state.
- Checkback configuration uploads are irreversible.
- For a setting to take affect, the configuration file must be submitted after uploading.
- Any configuration settings not relevant will be ignored.
- General, Logic and Input/Output settings sections are required for a successful upload.
- Checkback section updates are optional.
- Text in the configuration file is case sensitive.

The UPLC<sup>™</sup> stores its configuration in two sets: Working and Temporary. The Working set is a nonvolatile set, and will be saved even if the unit is turned off. It holds the actual settings the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> uses for operation. The Temporary set is a volatile set that's lost if the unit is turned off. Except when you're editing settings, these two sets are identical.

The Home page shows some of the Working settings, while the Settings pages show the Temporary copy of these settings. All settings are changed from the Settings pages and any changes you make will only affect the Temporary settings. The Working settings won't be changed unless you specifically "submit" your changes on the Submit page. Having two copies of settings allows you to change the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>'s settings while it continues to operate as normal on your bench or on-line in the field.

Similar to online editing, Configurations loaded from a file are also saved in the Temporary set. Once loaded, you can either "submit" them directly on the Submit page, manually edit the settings before submitting or just save them back to the same or another file.

You can also use the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> to help you create a configuration file for future use with another UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. Edit the Temporary set as usual to create

#### NOTE:

If the Download dialog box doesn't appear, disable all pop-up blockers or add the UPLC's IP address to the trusted sites and check the following setting. Click on the "Tools" button, which should be in the upper right hand corner of the Explorer window. Then in the drop down menu, click on "Internet Options." In the Internet Options dialog box, click on the "Security" tab and then click on the "Custom Level..." button at the bottom. Scroll down the list until you find a heading called "Downloads." Make sure the selection "Automatic prompting for file downloads" is enabled. If not enabled, click on the radio button. Likewise, "File download" should be enabled. If you can't enable these buttons, see your system administrator. the alternative settings. Then, rather than submitting these settings, "Save" them. If you are just saving the settings, it is a good idea to discard the settings after saving them to a file. You can discard the Temporary settings by going to the submit page and clicking on the discard button. If you don't do this, clicking on the "logout" button will also cause the Temporary settings to be discarded. If you don't logout the unit will discard all temporary setting changes after an hour of no activity on the serial or Ethernet ports.

Any time you've made at least one settings change either by manually editing or loading a Configuration file, a red bar stating "Changes Pending" will appear at the top of the page. Once you submit or discard these new settings, it will disappear.

# 6.1 Configuration File Download

To download UPLC<sup>™</sup> settings:

- 1. Click the Settings button in the Main Menu of your UPLC<sup>™</sup> Home Page.
- 2. Click on the 'Load/Save Configuration' tab.
- 3. Click on the 'Save Settings' button.
- When the File Download dialog box appears click on the 'Save' button. The name of the file being downloaded will be shown as 'UPLC<sup>™</sup> Config'
- 5. Next a 'Save As' dialog box appears. Enter the name you want to call this configuration

Installation Guide

file, with an .XML extension. It is required that the saved file have an XML extension in order to upload it to the carrier set.

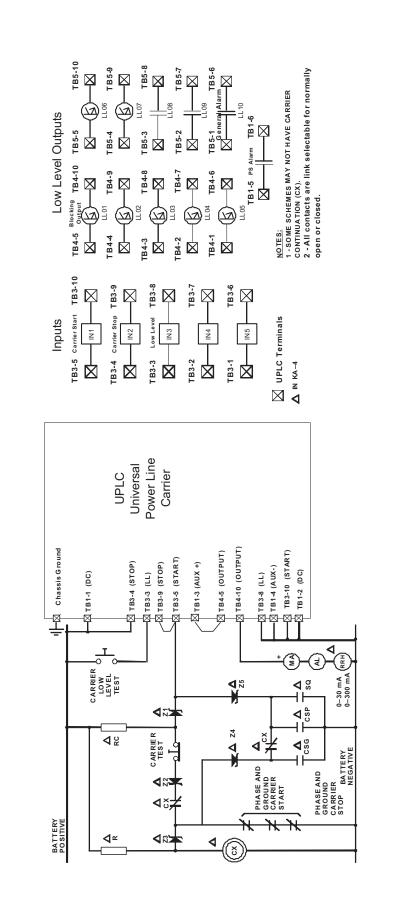
The file name cannot automatically have the .XML extension added to it and be able to "save it as file" on your local computer. If the browser recognizes it as an XML file, the "save as" dialog box will not be presented and the browser will show the raw XML data.

# 6.2 Uploading Configuration File

- 1. Go to the settings pages of the UPLC<sup>™</sup>. Choose the 'Load / Save Configuration' tab.
- 2. Choose the configuration file (an XML file type), which you wish to load, by clicking the 'Browse' button.
- 3. Click 'Load Configuration'. You will see a dialog box, read it and then click 'ok'.
- 4. Once Upload completes, click 'continue'. This will take you to the General Settings Page.
- 5. Review the configuration to verify the new settings are OK. If you aren't satisfied with the settings, you can make further changes or click "Discard Changes" to cancel all changes and continue with the current settings.
- 6. After completing your review, Click 'Submit Changes'.

el Outputs 10 TB5-5 TB5-10 $\mathbb{R}^{2}$ , $\mathbb{R}^{2}$ ,	for normally open or closed.																						
Low Lev	NOTES: 1 - All contacts are link selectable for normally open or closed.	Recommendation	2 Wire	Per factory	50 Ω *	PwrOn	Per Engineering	Station Batterv	Station Battery	Per Engineering	Per Engineering	Per Engineering	0.1 A	Per Engineering	Per Engineeri ng	Per Engineering	Per Engineering						
Inputs Carrier Start TB3-10 TB Carrier Stop TB3-9 IN 1 TB3-8 Carrier Stop TB3-9 Carrier Stop TB3-9 Carrier Stop TB3-9 TB3-8 TB3	Z ←	Label on board	JMP3/JMP5	JMP2/JMP6	JMP1/JMP4	JMP3	JMP1/JMP2	Input 1	Input 2	Input 3	Input 4	Input 5	L101	LL02	LL03	LL04	LL05	PLL06	LL07	LL08	LL09	LL10	
Relay Terminals	able	Hardware Selection	2 wire/4 wire	1 PA/2PA	20 Ω/75 Ω	PwrOn/PwrOff	NO/NC	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	
	Jumper Table	Software Selection						Removal of Voltage	Application of Voltage														
Carrier Carrier Start R Start		Function	Coax Setting	# of PAs	Coax Impedance	Power	Alarm Contact	Carrier Start	Carrier Stop	(not used)	(not used)	(not used)	Blocking (Carrier Received)	(not used)	(not used)	General Alarm	* Or per engineering's recommendation						
Battery Positive TB1-2 DC Inp ut CC S TB3-5 Battery Negative		Module	Backplane			Power Supply		Input/Output	Input 2	Input 3	Input 4	Input 5	LL Output 1	LL Output 2	LL Output 3	LL Output 4	LL Output 5	LL Output 6	LL Output 7	LL Output 8	LL Output 9	LL Output 10	* Or per engineer





l Relay
Electromechanical
J With KA-4
pplied
re 7b. UPLC™ A
Figure 7b.

Conditions of UPLC inputs for use with KA4 electromechanical relay (Stop Priority)	or use with KA	4 electromec	hanical relay (Stop	Priority)
Condition	Carrier	Carrier Stop	Idle (no start	Carrier Carrier Stop Idle (no start Both start & stop
Voltage across Stop Input	15V	125V	62.5V	125V
Voltage across Start Input	110V	٥٧	62.5V	٨٥
Result	Start Carrier	Start Carrier Stop Carrier Stop Carrier	Stop Carrier	Stop Carrier

Table
/Jumper
ogramming
Ę

	гидин	подіанний / липретале			
Module	Function	Software Selection	Hardware Selection	Label on board	Recommendation
Backplane	Coax Setting		2 wire/4 wire	JMP3/JMP5	2 Wire
	# of PAs		1 PA/2PA	JMP2/JMP6	Per factory
	Coax Impedance		50 Ω/75 Ω	JMP1/JMP4	50 Q *
Power Supply	Power		PwrOn/ PwrOff	JMP3	PwrOn
	Alarm Contact		NO/NC	JMP1/JMP2	Per Engineering
Aux Power Supply	Holding current		20 mA/200 mA	8V(200 mA) or 46/20V(20 mA)	JMP1/JMP2 Per carrier relay requirement (JMP3 is used only for 46/20V outputs when JMP1/JMP2 is in 46/20V position)
Logic	Common Start/Stop Keving Input	Enable			
Input/Output	0				
Input 1	Carrier Start	Application of Voltage	15/48/125/250 Vdc	Input 1	Set to voltage setting one step below station battery, ie – 125 Vdc battery, use 48 volt jumper
Input 2	Carrier S top	Application of voltage	15/48/125/250 Vdc	Input 2	Set to voltage setting one step below station battery, ie - 125 Vdc battery, use
Input 3	Low Level Key	Application of voltage	15/48/125/250 Vdc	Input 3	Per Engineering
Input 4			15/48/12 5/250 Vdc	Input 4	Per Engineering
Input 5			15/48/125/250 Vdc	Input 5	Per Engineering
LL Output 1	Blocking Output	(ON)	0.1/1.0 A	LL01	1.0 A
LL Output 2			0.1/1.0 A	LL02	Per Engineering
LL Output 3			0.1/1.0 A	LL03	Per Engineering
LL Output 4			0.1/1.0 A	LL04	Per Engineering
LL Output 5			0.1/1.0 A	LL05	Per Engineering
LL Output 6			0.1/1.0 A	LL06	Per Engineering
LL Output 7			0.1/1.0 A	LL07	Per Engineering
LL Output 8			NO/NC	LL08	Per Engineering
LL Output 9			NO/NC	LL09	Per Engineering
LL Output 10	General Alarm		NO/NC	LL10	Per Engineering
* Or per engineering's recommendation	ommendation				

Inputs Trip Duty Outputs TB3-5 LR Trip Key TB3-10 TB6-7 LR Guard TB6-8 TB3-4 DTT Key TB3-9 TB6-7 LR Guard TB6-8 TB3-4 DTT Key TB3-9 TB6-5 LR Trip TB6-6 TB3-3 Power off TB3-8 TD01 TB3-3 Power off TB3-8 TD01 TB3-1 TB3-6 TB6-4 TB6-4 TB6-4 TB6-2 TB3-1 TB3-6 TB6-4 TB6-4 TB6-2 TB3-1 TD01 TB3-1 TB3-6 TB6-4 TB6-4 TB6-2 TB3-1 TD01 TB3-1 TB3-6 TB6-4 TB6-2 TB6-2 TB6-2 TB6-2 TB3-1 TD01 TB3-1 TB3-6 TB6-4 TB6-4 TB6-2 TB6-2 TB6-2 TB6-2 TB3-1 TB0-1 TB0	Low Level Outputs	5 LR Guard TB4-10 TB5-5 Noise .		t LRTrip TB4-9 TB5-4 High T		3 DTT Guard TB4-8 TB5-3 TXShift Lo T		2 DTTTrip TB4-7 TB5-2 RF Alarm T		TB4-1 Good Channel TB4-6 TB5-1 General Alarm TB5-6		TB1-5 PS Alarm TB1-6		   are link	selectable for normally open	or closed.	X UPLC Terminals		Relay Terminals		
Transmitter Down DTT Keying	:	Recommendation 4 wire	Per factory	PwrOn	Per engineering	Station Battery Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	0.1A 5 · ·	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering			ON	ON
TB4-2 TB4-2 TB4-2 TB4-2 TB6-2 TB6-2 TB6-1 TB6-1 CR S2a LOR 52a	F	+	JMP2/JMP6	JMP3	JMP1/JMP2	Input 1	Input 2	Input 3 Input 4	Input 5	LL01	LL02	LLU3	LL05	PLL06	LL07	LL08	LL09	LL'10		TD03	TD04
	-	Hardware Selection 2 wire/4 wire	1 PA/2PA 50 0/75 0	PwrOn/PwrOff	NO/NC	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc 15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	NO/NC	NO/NC		NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC
TB4-4     TB3-5       TB4-4     TB3-5       TB4-9     TB3-1       TB4-9     Up       Up     Up       C     Trip Perm. Input       Keying Output	Jumper Table	SOITWARE SELECTION				Application of Voltage		Application of Voltage													
		Function Coax Setting	# of PAs Coax Impedance	Power	Alarm Contact	I R Trin kev	DTT Key	Power Off		LR Guard	LR Trip	DTT Trip	Good Channel	Noise	TX Shift High	TX Shift Lo	KF Alarm	General Alarm	LR Trin	DTT Guard	TD Output 4 DTT Trip
Battery Positive Battery Positive DPLC bc L	רמונין	Module Backplane		Power Supply		Input/Output Input 1	Input 2	Input 3 Input 4	Input 5	LL Output 1	LL Output 2	LL Output 3	LL Output 5	LL Output 6	LL Output 7	LL Output 8		LL Output 10	TD Output 2	TD Output 3	TD Output 4

'EK°

Low Level Outputs Low Level Outputs TB4-10 TB5-5 TB5-10 TB4-9 TB5-4 TB5-9 Channel TB4-8 TB5-3 TB5-8 Channel TB4-8 TB5-3 TB5-8 Channel TB4-6 TB5-1 Connect Alarm TB5-6 Alarm TB4-6 TB5-1 Connect Alarm TB5-6 Alarm TB4-6 TB5-1 Connect Alarm TB5-6			( (   	Jury Ou	TB6-7 Guard TB6-8		=	TD01	TB6-5 Guard TB6-6		=	1D02	TB6-3 <sup>Trip</sup> TB6-4			1003	- 			I D'04	Note: All contacts are	link selectable for	normally open or closed		X UPLC Terminals	- - -	Kelay lerminals	
Low Lev TB3-10 TB4-5 Guard TB4-1 TB3-9 TB4-4 Trip TB4-9 TB3-9 TB4-4 Trip TB4-9 TB3-8 TB4-4 Trip TB4-9 TB3-8 TB4-1 Good Channel TB4-8 TB3-6 TB4-1 RF Alann TB4-6 TB3-6 TB4-1 RF Alann TB4-6		Recommendation	4 wire	Per factory	50 Ω *	PwrOn · ·	Per engineering	Station Battery	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	0.1A	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	NO	Per engineering							
Inputs 183-5 183-5 183-4 193-4 1		Label	JMP3/JMP5	JMP2/JMP6	JMP1/JMP4	JMP3			Input 1	Input 2	Input 3	Input 4	Input 5	LL01	LL02	LL03	LL04	LL05	LL06	LL07	LL08	LL09	LL10	TD01	TD02	TD03	TD04	
		Hardware Selection	2 wire/4 wire	1 PA/2PA	$50 \Omega/75 \Omega$	PwrOn/PwrOff	NU/NC		15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	
	iper Table	Software Selection							Application of Voltage	Application of Voltage																		
Trip L =	Jum	Function	Coax Setting	# of PAs	Coax Impedance	Power	Alarm Contact		Trip key	Power Off				Guard	Trip	Good Channel	Noise	RF Alarm					General Alarm	Guard	Guard	Trip	Trip	* Or per engineering's recommendation
Battery Positive	Battery Negative	Module	Backplane			Power Supply		Input/Output	Input 1	Input 2	Input 3	Input 4	Input 5	LL Output 1	LL Output 2	LL Output 3	LL Output 4	LL Output 5	LL Output 6	LL Output 7	LL Output 8	LL Output 9	LL Output 10	TD Output 1	TD Output 2	TD Output 3	TD Output 4	* Or per engine(

Pulsar

Low Level Outputs TB4-5 $_{0und}$ TB4-10 TB5-5 TB5-10 $\square \square $	RF Alarm TB4-7 TB5-2 TB5-7 TB5-7 RF Alarm TB4-6 TB5-1 General AlarmTB5-6	PS Alarm TB1-6	-	Trip Duty Outputs	7 Guard TE		TD01	-5 Guard T		TD02	-3 Trip T		TD03	 •		TD04	X UPLC Terminals		Note: All contacts are link selectable for norm ally onen	or closed.					
Inputs Trip Key TB3-10 IN2 IN2 IN3 IN3 IN3 IN3 IN3 IN3 IN3 IN3		]	Recommendation	4 wire Der factory	50 Ω *	PwrOn	Per engineering	Station Battery Per engineering	Per engineeri ng	Per engineering	Per engineering	1.0A	Per engineering	Per engineering		Per engineering	Per enaineerina	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	NO	Per engineering		
	TB3-2 TB3-2	3	Label	JMP3/JMP5	JMP1/JMP4	JMP3	JMP1/JMP2	Input 1	Input 2	Input 3	Input 4 Input 5	LL01	LL02	LL03	LL04	LL06	LL07	LL08	LL09	LL10	TD01	TD02	TD03	TD04	
	DTT Keying		Hardware Selection	2 wire/4 wire	50 Ω/75 Ω	PwrOn/PwrOff	NO/NC	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc	15/48/125/250 Vdc 15/48/125/250 Vdc	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0A	0.1/1.0 A	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	
TB6-2 TB6-2 TB6-2 Transmit	-	Jumper Table	Software Selection					Application of Voltage	Application of Voltage																
ut <sup>DTT</sup> 	Roj H	•	Function	Coax Setting	Coax Impedance	Power	Alarm Contact	Trip key	Power Off			Guard	Trip	Good Channel						General Alarm	Guard	Guard	Trip	Trip	* Or per engineering's recommendation
Battery Positive		Battery Negative	Module	Backplane		Power Supply		Input/Output Input 1	Input 2	Input 3	Input 4 Input 5	LL Output 1	LL Output 2	LL Output 3		LL Output 6	LL Output 7	LL O utput 8	LL Output 9	LL Output 10	TD Output 1	TD Output 2	TD Output 3	TD Output 4	* Or per engineerir

September 2010

'EK®

Installation Guide

Page 25

Inputs     Tip Duty Outputs       TB3-5     A Key TB3-10     Trip Duty Outputs       TB3-4     B Key TB3-9     TB6-7       TB3-4     B Key TB3-9     TD01       TB3-4     B Key TB3-9     TD01       TB3-3     Power off TB3-8     TD01       TB3-3     Power off TB3-8     TD01       TB3-4     TB6-5     A Trip TB6-6       TB3-2     TB3-7     TB6-5       TB3-2     TB3-7     TB6-3       TB3-1     TB3-6     TB6-4       TB3-1     TB3-6     TB6-1       TB3-1     TB3-6     TB6-1       TB3-1     TB3-6     TB6-1       TB3-1     TB3-6     TB6-1	TD04 Low Level Outputs	TB4-5 A Guard TB4-10 TB5-5 Noise TB5-10	X-B-X X-B-X	4 A Trip TB4-9 TB5-4 TX Shift to AT		TB4-3 B Guard TB4-8 TB5-3 TX Shift to B TB5-8		2 B Trip TB4-7 TB5-2 RF Alarm T		1 Good Channel TB4-6 TB5-1 General Alarm T			are link	selectable for normally open or	closed.		Relay Terminals					
☐ 22A ☐ 52A ☐ 52A ☐ 52A ☐ 52A ☐ 52A ☐ 1 ☐ 1 ☐ 1 ☐ 1 ☐ 1 ☐ 1 ☐ 1 ☐ 1		Recommendation	4 wire Der factory		PwrOn Der endingering	Station Battery	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	Per engineering	NO	NO	NO	ON	
		Label	JMP3/JMP5	JMP1/JMP4	JMP3		Input 1	Input 2	Input 4 Input 5	LL01	LL02	LL04	LL05	LLU6	LL08	LL09	LL10	TD01	TD02	TD03	TD04	
A Trip A Trip B Trip A		Hardware Selection	2 wire/4 wire	50 0/75 0	PwrOn/PwrOff		15/48/125/250 Vdc		15/48/125/250 Vdc 15/48/125/250 Vdc	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A 0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	0.1/1.0 A	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	NO/NC	
B Key B Key B Key B Key B Key B Key B Kelay	Lumner Tahla	Software Selection					Application of Voltage	Application of Voltage													u	
Silive 	•	Function	Coax Setting	Coax Impedance	Power Alarm Contact		A Key B Kov	Power Off		A Guard	A Irip B Guard	B Trip	Good Channel	Noise	TX Shift B	RF Alarm	General Alarm	A Guard	A Trip	B Guard	TD Output 4   B Trip * Or per engineering's recommendation	0
Battery Positive Battery Positive TB1-1 TB1-1 UPLC DC Inpu	Battery Negative	Module	Backplane		Power Supply	Input/Output	Input 1	Input 3	Input 4 Input 5	LL Output 1	LL Output 2 LL Output 3	LL Output 4	LL Output 5	LL Output 6	LL Output 8	LL Output 9	LL Output 10	TD Output 1	TD Output 2	TD Output 3	TD Output 4 * Or per enginee	-

Pulsar



	GN/OFF-DC         TX.250.00KHZ         TX.255.00KHZ         RX.235.00KHZ         <
	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 2 \\ $
ower Line Carrier	REDUNDANT RF ON PWR ON RF ON PWR ON
UPLC Universal Power Line C	MAIN RF ON PWR ON
	ower arrier



The last step will refresh your window to show the new UPLC<sup>TM</sup> mode. If you want to generate a settings file without changing the current UPLC<sup>TM</sup> settings, you can configure the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> as you normally would, Save the settings to a file, then "Discard" rather than "Submit" them.

This method does not affect the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> and will minimize the effort required to go through the unfamiliar looking XML Configuration file by providing a valid starting point.

Always remember: get it, modify it and upload it. Don't try to hand code xml from scratch.

#### 6.2.1 Selecting a Pre-existing Configuration

You can also use a pre-exiting configuration to configure a UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. The UPLC<sup>TM</sup> includes a set of configuration files. Each of these files configures the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> to work in a different mode and function with default values. You can choose one of these configurations without having to download or modify a configuration file, but you'll still be able to review, edit or even cancel the new settings before locking them in.

**Configuration Selection** 

- 1. Click the Settings button in the Main Menu of your UPLC<sup>™</sup> Home Page.
- 2. Click on the 'Load/Save Configuration' tab.
- 3 On your left you'll see a list box, 'Choose Configuration'.
- 4. Select the configuration you want.
- 5. Click on the 'Select Configuration' button.
- 6. The UPLC<sup>™</sup> will tell you when the configuration is loaded then will go to the General Settings page.
- 7. Verify the settings and submit the changes for the configuration to take effect.

#### 6.2.2 Available Configurations

Tables 12-17 show the default settings for the different configurations that are provided with the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. These configurations are shown in the report format as received from the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>.

## 7. Front Panel (See Figure 12)

Limited access is available through the front panel interface of the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>.

Prior to inputting a password, you may view alarms, acknowledge alarms, turn on the display after it has self-extinguished, and (optionally) test or exercise the unit functionally.

- To turn on the display, press the "UP" arrow or any other key.
- To view Alarms, press the "RIGHT" arrow.
- To acknowledge alarms, press the "DOWN" arrow.
- To test the functionality, press the "LEFT" arrow.

## 7.1 Password

A password is required to make any changes to settings. The default password is 4050. Front panel passwords can be four to eight numeric characters.

The front panel password may be changed. However, it can only be changed using the front panel.

When the "SET" key is pressed, a password must be entered to progress.

The following numbers are then used to gain access to the various functions of the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> .

- 1. Settings
- 2. Configure
- 3. Calibrate

### 7.2 Settings

- 1. TXFreq: xxx.xx kHz
- 2. RXFreq: xxx.xx kHz
- 3. Bandwidth: xxxx Hz

Frequencies may be either input from the numeric keypad or using the arrow keys, scrolling up or down. Bandwidths are selectable via the up or down arrow key.

## 7.3 Configure

- 1. Change Password
- 2. IP Address



## Table 12. ON/OFF - Directional Comparison Settings(Available as a Standard Configuration)

UPLC Configuration	on Report	Redundant Power Supply:	Not Insta	lled	
Software Revision:	2.0	Low Level Outputs			
Unit IP: Date/Time:	10.14.3.120 Mon Oct 08 14:05:23 2007	1. Selection:	Blocking	Output	
System ID (Major):	(for customer input)	De-energized State: Action:	NO Normal		
System ID (Minor):	(for customer input)	Max Load: 2. Selection:	1.0A Main RF	Output	
General Settings		De-energized State:	NO	Output	
Channel Type:	On-Off	Action: Max Load:	Normal 1.0A		
Function :	Directional Comparison	<ol> <li>Selection: De-energized State:</li> </ol>	Blocking NO	Output	
Transmit Frequency: Receive Frequency:	250.00 Hz 250.00 Hz	Action:	Normal		
Bandwidth:	1200 Hz	Max Load:	1.0A		
Transmit Power Low: Transmit Power High:	1.0 W 10.0 W	<ol> <li>Selection: De-energized State:</li> </ol>	not used NO		II
Fade Alarm:	10 dB	Action:	Normal		
Fade Margin: Reflected Power Alarm:	15 dB 15 %	Max Load: 5. Selection:	1.0A not used		
Transmiter:	Enabled	De-energized State:	NO		
Receiver:	Enabled	Action: Max Load:	Normal 1.0A		
Logic Settings		6. Selection:	not used		
Voice:	Reen Dischlad	De-energized State: Action:	NO Normal		
Fade Drop Delay:	Beep Disabled 0 ms	Max Load:	1.0A		
Priority:	Stop	<ol> <li>Selection: De-energized State:</li> </ol>	not used NO		
Common Start/Stop input Checkback:	Disabled	Action:	Normal		
		Max Load:	0.1A		
Input Output Settings		<ol> <li>Selection: De-energized State:</li> </ol>	not used NO		
Inputs		Action:	Normal		
1. Hold: 0.0 ms		<ol> <li>Selection: De-energized State:</li> </ol>	not used NO		
Selection: Carrier S		Action:	Normal		
Active State: Remova 2. Hold: 0.0 ms	I of Voltage	10. Selection: De-energized State:	General A NO	Alarm	
Selection: Carrier S		Action:	Normal		
Active State: Applicati 3. Hold: 0.0 ms	ion of Voltage	Checkback Settings			
Selection: Low leve		-			
Active State: Applicati 4. Hold: 0.0 ms	ion of Voltage	Module Address: Primary Communication M	ode:	Remote 1 Coded	
Selection: not used		Auto Test:		On	
Active State: Applicati 5. Hold: 0.0 ms	ion of Voltage	Fallback Timed Communic Low Power Tests:	ation:	Disabled Disabled	
Selection: not used		Last Remote:		Remote 1	
Active State: Applicat	ion of Voltage	Retries: Checkback Type:		2 Periodic	
Trip Duty Outputs		Checkback Hours:		6:00	
1. Selection: not used	NO Contact	Checkback Hours: Checkback Hours:		12:00 18:00	
2. Selection: not used	NO Contact NO Contact	Checkback Hours:		0:00	
3. Selection: not used	NO Contact	Checkback Period:		8 On	
4. Selection: not used	NO Contact	Carrier Recovery: Recovery Window:		3	
Power Supply Alarms Cor	ntacts	Recovery Period:		60	
Main Power Supply:	Normally Open	Loop Back Duration: Clock Synchronization:		20 Enabled	
	· ······· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			



### Table 13. FSK - 2 Frequency POTT/DTT Settings (Available as a Standard Configuration)

UPLC Cor	figuration Report	Trip Duty Outputs	
Software Revision:	2.0	1. Selection: Guard	NO Contact
Jnit IP:	10.14.3.120	2. Selection: Guard	NO Contact
Date/Time:	Mon Oct 08 14:08:36 2007	3. Selection: Trip	NO Contact
		4. Selection: Trip	NO Contact
System ID (Major):	(for customer input)		
System ID (Minor):	(for customer input)	Power Supply Alarms Cont	acts
General Settings		Main Power Supply: Redundant Power Supply:	Normally Open Not Installed
Channel Type:	FSK		
Function :	POTT/DTT - 2F		
Transmit Frequency:	250.00 Hz	Low Level Outputs	
Receive Frequency:	252.00 Hz		
TX Shift-Bandwidth:	300 ± 100	1. Selection:	Guard
RX Shift-Bandwidth:	300 ± 100	De-energized State:	NO
Tx Shift Up to Trip:	Disabled	Action:	Normal
Rx Shift Up to Trip:	Disabled	Max Load:	1.0A
Transmit Power Low:	1.0 W	2. Selection:	Trip
Transmit Power High:	10.0 W	De-energized State:	NO
Fade Alarm:	10 dB	Action: Max Load:	Normal 1.0A
Fade Margin: Reflected Power Alarm:	15 dB 15 %		
Transmiter:	Enabled	<ol> <li>Selection: De-energized State:</li> </ol>	Good Channel NO
Receiver:	Enabled	Action	Normal
Receiver.	Lilabled	Max Load:	1.0A
ogic Settings		4. Selection:	Noise
ogie Settings		De-energized State:	NO
Voice:	Beep Disabled	Action:	Normal
Trip Test:	Disabled	Max Load:	1.0A
Pre-Trip Delay:	30 ms	5. Selection:	not used
Trip Hold:	0 ms	De-energized State:	NO
Guard Hold:	0 ms	Action:	Normal
Guard Before Trip:	Required	Max Load:	1.0A
		6. Selection:	TX Shift Low
nput Output Settings		De-energized State:	NO
		Action:	Normal
Inputs		Max Load:	1.0A
		7. Selection:	Main RF Output
1. Hold: 0.0 ms		De-energized State:	NO
Selection: Trip key	ý	Action:	Normal
Active State: Applica	tion of Voltage	Max Load:	0.1A
2. Hold: 0.0 ms		8. Selection:	not used
Selection: Power	Off	De-energized State:	NO
	tion of Voltage	Action:	Normal
3. Hold: 0.0 ms		9. Selection:	not used
Selection: not use		De-energized State:	NO
	tion of Voltage	Action:	Normal
4. Hold: 0.0 ms	4	10. Selection:	General Alarm
Selection: not use		De-energized State:	NO
Active State: Applica	tion of voltage	Action:	Normal
5. Hold: 0.0 ms	d		
Selection: not use Active State: Applica			

Г

## Table 14. FSK - 3 Frequency Settings(Available as a Standard Configuration)

UPLC C	Configuration Report	Trip Duty Outputs	
Software Revision: Unit IP: Date/Time:	2.0 10.14.3.120 Mon Oct 08 14:10:20 2007	<ol> <li>Selection: LR Guard</li> <li>Selection: LR Trip</li> <li>Selection: DTT Guard</li> <li>Selection: DTT Trip</li> </ol>	NO Contact NO Contact NO Contact NO Contact
System ID (Major): System ID (Minor):	(for customer input) (for customer input)	Power Supply Alarms Cont	tacts
General Settings		Main Power Supply: Redundant Power Supply	Normally Open Not Installed
Channel Type: Function : Transmit Frequency: Receive Frequency: TX Shift-Bandwidth: RX Shift-Bandwidth: Transmit Power Low:	FSK 3-Frequency 250.00 Hz 252.00 Hz 600 ± 250 600 ± 250 1.0 W	Low Level Outputs 1. Selection: De-energized State: Action:	LR Guard NO Normal
Transmit Power How. Transmit Power High: Fade Alarm: Fade Margin: Reflected Power Alarm Transmiter: Receiver: Logic Settings	10.0 W 10 dB 15 dB	Max Load: 2. Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load: 3. Selection: De-energized State: Action:	1.0A LR Trip NO Normal 1.0A DTT Guard NO Normal
3. Hold: 0.0 r Selection: Pow	30 ms 0 ms 0 ms 0 ms key ication of Voltage ns key ication of Voltage ns er Off ication of Voltage ns issed ication of Voltage ns issed	Max Load: 4. Selection De-energized State: Action: Max Load: 5. Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load: 6. Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load: 7. Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load: 8. Selection: De-energized State: Action: 9. Selection: De-energized State: Action: 10. Selection De-energized State: Action: 10. Selection 10. Selectio	1.0A DTT Trip NO Normal 1.0A Good Channel NO Normal 1.0A Normal 1.0A TX Shift High NO Normal 0.1A TX Shift Low NO Normal Main RF Output NO Normal General Alarm NO Normal



## Table 15. FSK - 2 Frequency Unblocking Settings(Available as a Standard Configuration)

UPLC Cor	nfiguration Report	Trip Duty Outputs	
Software Revision:	2.0	1. Selection: Guard	NO Contact
Unit IP:	10.14.3.120	2. Selection: Guard	NO Contact
Date/Time:	Mon Oct 08 14:11:59 2007	3. Selection: Trip	NO Contact
		4. Selection: Trip	NO Contact
System ID (Major):	(for customer input)	· · · · · ·	
System ID (Minor):	(for customer input)	Power Supply Alarms Co	ntacts
General Settings		Main Power Supply: Redundant Power Supply	Normally Open y: Not Installed
Channel Type:	FSK		
Function :	Unblocking - 2F	Low Level Outputs	
Transmit Frequency:	250.00 Hz		
Receive Frequency:	252.00 Hz	1. Selection:	Guard
TX Shift-Bandwidth:	600 ± 250	De-energized State:	NO
RX Shift-Bandwidth:	600 ± 250	Action:	Normal
Tx Shift Up to Trip:	Disabled	Max Load:	1.0A
Rx Shift Up to Trip:	Disabled	2. Selection:	Trip
Transmit Power Low:	1.0 W	De-energized State:	NO
Transmit Power High:	10.0 W	Action:	Normal
Fade Alarm:	10 dB	Max Load:	1.0A
Fade Margin:	15 dB	3. Selection:	Good Channel
Reflected Power Alarm:	15 %	De-energized State:	NO
Transmiter:	Enabled	Action:	Normal
Receiver:	Enabled	Max Load:	1.0A
		4. Selection:	Noise
_ogic Settings		De-energized State:	NO
		Action:	Normal
Voice:	Beep Disabled	Max Load:	1.0A
Trip Test:	Disabled	5. Selection:	not used
Pre-Trip Delay:	2 ms	De-energized State:	NO
Trip Hold:	0 ms	Action:	Normal
Guard Hold:	0 ms	Max Load:	1.0A
Guard Before Trip:	Required	6. Selection:	TX Shift Low
Unblock Timer:	0 ms	De-energized State:	NO
Unblock Delay:	0 ms	Action:	Normal
		Max Load:	1.0A
nput Output Settings		7. Selection:	Main RF Output
La se da		De-energized State:	NO
Inputs		Action:	Normal
1    a dı 0.0		Max Load:	0.1A
1. Hold: 0.0 ms		8. Selection:	not used
Selection: UB key		De-energized State:	NO
Active State: Applica		Action:	Normal
2. Hold: 0.0 ms		9. Selection:	not used
Selection: Power		De-energized State: Action:	NO Normal
Active State: Applica 3. Hold: 0.0 ms	mon of voltage	10. Selection:	Normai General Alarm
Selection: 0.0 ms	ad a second s	De-energized State:	NO
		U	Normal
Active State: Applica 4. Hold: 0.0 ms	mon or voltage	Action:	nutitiai
Selection: 0.0 ms	ad a second s		
Active State: Applica			
5. Hold: 0.0 ms	nion of voltage		
Selection: 0.0 ms	ad a second s		
Active State: Applica			



## Table 16. FSK - 4 Frequency Settings(Available as a Standard Configuration)

UPLC Cor	figuration Report	Trip Duty Outputs	
Software Revision:	2.0	1. Selection: A Guard	
Unit IP:	10.14.3.120	2. Selection: A Trip	
Date/Time:	Mon Oct 08 14:11:59 2007	<ol> <li>Selection: B Guard</li> <li>Selection: B Trip</li> </ol>	
System ID (Major):	(for customer input)		
System ID (Minor):	(for customer input)	Power Supply Alarms Con	tacts
General Settings		Main Power Supply: Redundant Power Supply:	Normally Open Not Installed
Channel Type:	FSK		
Function :	4F	Low Level Outputs	
Transmit Frequency:	250.00 Hz		
Receive Frequency:	252.00 Hz	1. Selection:	A Guard
TX Shift-Bandwidth:	600 ± 250	De-energized State:	NO
RX Shift-Bandwidth:	600 ± 250	Action:	Normal
Tx Shift Up to Trip:	Disabled	Max Load:	1.0A
Rx Shift Up to Trip:	Disabled	2. Selection:	A Trip
Transmit Power Low:	1.0 W	De-energized State:	NO
Transmit Power High:	10.0 W	Action:	Normal
Fade Alarm:	10 dB	Max Load:	1.0A
Fade Margin:	15 dB	3. Selection:	B Guard
Reflected Power Alarm:	15 %	De-energized State:	NO
Transmiter:	Enabled	Action:	Normal
Receiver:	Enabled	Max Load:	1.0A
		4. Selection:	B Trip
_ogic Settings		De-energized State:	NO
5 5		Action:	Normal
Voice:	Beep Disabled	Max Load:	1.0A
Trip Test:	Disabled	5. Selection:	Good Channel
Pre-Trip Delay:	4 ms	De-energized State:	NO
Trip Hold:	0 ms	Action:	Normal
Guard Hold:	0 ms	Max Load:	1.0A
Guard Before Trip:	Required	6. Selection:	Noise
Unblock Timer:	0 ms	De-energized State:	NO
Unblock Delay:	0 ms	Action:	Normal
		Max Load:	1.0A
nput Output Settings		7. Selection:	TX Shift A
		De-energized State:	NO
Inputs		Action:	Normal
		Max Load:	0.1A
1. Hold: 0.0 ms		8. Selection:	TX Shift B
Selection: A key		De-energized State:	NO
Active State: Applica	tion of Voltage	Action:	Normal
2. Hold: 0.0 ms	-	9. Selection:	Main RF Output
Selection: B key		De-energized State:	NO
Active State: Applica	tion of Voltage	Action:	Normal
3. Hold: 0.0 ms		10. Selection:	General Alarm
Selection: Power	Off	De-energized State:	NO
Active State: Applica		Action:	Normal
4. Hold: 0.0 ms			-
Selection: not use	d		
Active State: Applica			
5. Hold: 0.0 ms			
Selection: not use	d		
Selection: not use Active State: Applica			



## Table 17. Phase Comparison Settings(Available as a Standard Configuration) II

UPLC Conf	iguration Report	2. Selection:	not used NO Contact
		<ol><li>Selection:</li></ol>	not used NO Contact
Software Revision:	3.00.24M	4. Selection:	not used NO Contact
Unit IP:	10.14.3.124		
Date/Time:	Wed Mar 17 14:29:27 2010	Power Supply Alarms Con	tacts
System ID (Major): Save Co System ID (Minor): Firmwar	onfiguration Phase Comparsion re Version 3.00.24Q	Main Power Supply: Redundant Power Supply:	Normally Closed Not Installed
General Settings		Low Level Outputs	
Channel Type:	FSK		
Function :	Phase Comparison	1. Selection:	Trip Negative
Transmit Frequency:	250.00 kHz	De-energized State:	NO
Receive Frequency:	254.00 kHz	Action:	Normal
TX Shift-Bandwidth:	600 ± 250	Max Load:	0.1A
RX Shift-Bandwidth:	600 ± 250	2. Selection:	Trip Positive
RF coax connection	4 Wire	De-energized State:	NO
RF Impedance	50 Ohms	Action:	Normal
Transmit Power Low:	10.0 W	Max Load:	0.1A
Transmit Power High:	10.0 W	3. Selection:	Reflected Power
RX Sensitivity	116.6 mV	De-energized State:	NO
Fade Alarm:	10 dB	Action:	Normal
Fade Margin:	15 dB	Max Load:	1.0A
Reflected Power Alarm:	15 %	4. Selection:	Main RF Output
Transmitter:	Enabled	De-energized State:	NO
Receiver:	Enabled	Action:	Normal
Current margin	-40.0 dB	Max Load:	1.0A
Current receive level	-40.0 dB	5. Selection:	
	-40 dB 40 dBm		TX Shift High NO
Current transmit power	0.4%	De-energized State: Action:	Normal
Current reflected power	0.4 /0	Max Load:	1.0A
Logio Sottingo		6. Selection:	TX Shift Low
Logic Settings			NO
Maiaa	Been Dischlad	De-energized State: Action:	
Voice:	Beep Disabled	Max Load:	Normal 1.0A
Input Output Sattings			
Input Output Settings		7. Selection:	Noise NO
Innuts		De-energized State:	
Inputs		Action:	Normal
1     a   d	0.0	Max Load:	1.0A
1. Hold:	0.0 ms	8. Selection:	not used
Selection:	PC Key	De-energized State:	NO
Active State: 2. Hold:	Application of Voltage	Action:	Normal
	0.0 ms	9. Selection:	not used
Selection:	Power Off	De-energized State:	NO
Active State:	Application of Voltage	Action:	Normal
3. Hold:	0.0 ms	10. Selection:	General Alarm
Selection:	not used	De-energized State:	NO
Active State:	Application of Voltage	Action:	Normal
4. Hold:	0.0 ms		
Selection:	not used		
Active State:	Application of Voltage		
5. Hold:	0.0 ms		
Selection:	not used		
Active State:	Application of Voltage		
Trip Duty Outputs			
1. Selection:	not used NO Contact		
۱ <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>			



- 3. View MAC Address
- 4. View Revisions

### 7.4 Calibrate

- 1. Transmitter
- 2. Receiver (to Distant Transmitter)
- 3. Receiver to Local Transmitter On/Off only.

## 7.5 Testing

Pressing the TEST or Left arrow allows you to test the functionality of the unit. In an On/Off system you can send a high level (HL) transmitted output, a low level (LL), Checkback (CB) Initiate, or a loopback initiate, as well as resetting of CB alarms and CB Recovery. In an FSK system you can shift the transmitter to the higher frequency, lower frequency or send a power-boosted signal. Also, you can view the state of the I/O and toggle the outputs to test them in either ON/OFF or FSK systems. II

## 7.6 Front Panel Alarms

LOLV - Low Level Output

NOIS - Noise

- PA1 Power Amp Main
- PA2 Power Amp Redundant
- PS1 Power Supply Main
- PS2 Power Supply Redundant
- CBMJ Checkback Major Alarm
- CBMN Checkback Minor Alarm
- RECO Checkback in Recovery Alarm
- GENA General Alarm
- TRBD Transmitter/Receiver Board Alarm
- IOBD Input/Output Board Alarm
- DSPL Display Board Alarm
- FADL Fade Alarm
- MGAL Margin Alarm

Ш

GSDL - Goose Signal Data Loss

## 

BE SURE ALL TRIP CIRCUITS ARE OPEN BEFORE TOGGLING OUTPUTS.

## 7.7 Receiver Front Panel Indicators II

In the lower right-hand corner are receiver status indications denoted by a three letter acronym. See Table 18.

## 8. Software Settings

Most of the settings on the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> are configurable using a computer connected to either the front RS232 port, front USB port, the rear RS232/RS485 port or the rear Ethernet port (if present). You use an Internet browser to communicate with the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. There is no need for special software. If there is no Ethernet port on the unit then the best way to configure it is to connect to the front panel RS232 port (See Figure 12) or USB port (optional). Before this can be done, you need to set up a direct computer-to-computer connection on the computer you are going to use to configure the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. See Appendix A for instructions on how to set up this connection on your computer.

# 9. Making a Connection to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> Front Panel

The UPLC<sup>TM</sup> front panel is a DCE serial port. Since most computer serial ports are DTE devices, a standard straight through serial cable may be used to connect the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> to a computer via the serial port. Please see Fig. 13 for wiring and pinout. If the device you are connecting to is a DCE device, use a null modem cable.

Connecting your computer to the UPLC<sup>™</sup>

- 1. After initially powering up the unit, wait approx. 1 min. prior to accessing the unit.
- 2. Connect a straight-thru serial cable between your computer serial port and the front serial port on the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>.
- 3. Either double click the connection icon you placed on your desktop from the configuration procedure in Appendix A or double click the "My Computer" icon on your desktop.



Acronym/ Function	Description	ON- OFF	*2 Freq.	3 Freq.	4 Freq.
OFF	OFF – Receiver is not receiving a signal within its sensitivity setting	Х			
BLK	Blocking – Receiver is receiving a signal within its sensitivity setting	Х			
GRD	Guard – Receiver is receiving a signal that is the guard frequency and within its sensitivity setting		X	X	X
TRP	Trip – The receiver is receiving a signal that is the trip frequency and within its sensitivity settings and met the guard before trip requirement settings		X		
CB1	Checkback Trip 1 –The receiver is receiving a signal that is the trip frequency, within its sensitivity setting but did not meet the guard before trip requirement setting. In the 3 Frequency systems, this is the upper shifted frequency		X	X	
LOC	Loss of Channel – the receiver is not receiving any frequency within its bandwidth and sensitivity setting		X	X	X
LRT	Line Relay Trip – the receiver is receiving a signal that is the upper shifted frequency, within its sensitivity, and meets the guard before trip requirement setting			X	
DTT	Direct Transfer Trip – the receiver is receiving a signal that is the lower shifted frequency, within its sensitivity setting, and meets the guard before trip requirement setting			X	
CB2	Checkback Trip 2 – the receiver is receiving a signal that is the lower shifted frequency, within its sensitivity setting but did not meet the guard before trip requirement setting			X	
ATR	A Channel Trip - The receiver is receiving a signal that is the Channel A trip frequency and within its sensitivity settings and met the guard before trip requirement settings				X
BTR	B Channel Trip – The receiver is receiving a signal that is the Channel B trip frequency and within its sensitivity settings and met the guard before trip requirement settings				X
ABT	A and B Channel Trip – The receiver is receiving a signal that is the Channel A & B trip frequency and within its sensitivity settings and met the guard before trip requirement settings				X
ABC	A & B Channel Checkback Trip – The receiver is receiving a signal that is the Channel A & B trip frequency, within its sensi- tivity setting but did not meet the guard before trip requirement setting				X
ACB	A Channel Checkback Trip – The receiver is receiving a signal that is the Channel A trip frequency, within its sensitivity setting but did not meet the guard before trip requirement setting				X
BCB	B Channel Checkback Trip – The receiver is receiving a signal that is the Channel B trip frequency, within its sensitivity setting but did not meet the guard before trip requirement setting				X

#### II Table 18. Receiver Front Panel Status Indications

\* includes DTT, POTT or Unblock



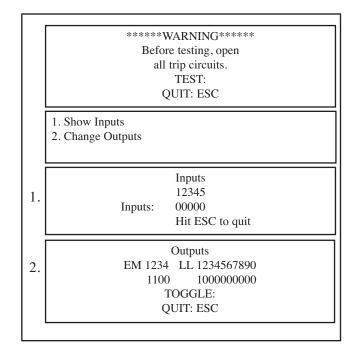
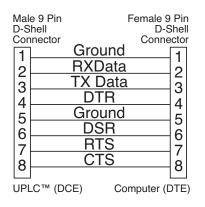


Figure 13. I/O Test Screen Displays





Connect to 192.	168.5.119
	<u>E</u>
index.htm	
<u>U</u> ser name:	£
Password:	
	<u>R</u> emember my password
	OK Cancel

Figure 15. Example of Logon Screen

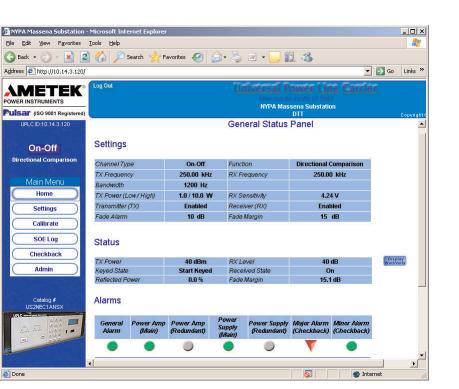


Figure 16. Example of the Home Page

## CAUTION

A DEFAULT USER NAME "administrator" AND A DEFAULT PASSWORD SET TO "pulsar" HAS BEEN PROVIDED WHEN THE UNIT IS SHIPPED. IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO CHANGE THE DEFAULT PASSWORD TO SOMETHING DIFFERENT TO ENSURE THE SECURITY OF YOUR UPLC<sup>™</sup>. AMETEK IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SECURITY OF THE SYSTEM.

#### NOTE

Refreshing any web page will automatically return you to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> home page.

- 4. Under My Computer double click on "My Network Places" icon and then double click on "view network connections."
- 5. Then double click on the direct connection you set up from the procedure in Appendix A to talk to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>.
- 6. The connection window will pop up. Leave the user name and password blank. Click on the "Connect" button.

- 7. You may see a dialog box pop up that says "dialing..." and this is ok. Then you will see "Verifying username and password....." After that you will see "Registering your computer on the network..." The dialog box will go away and you will get confirmation that you are connected. Should you get a 777 error after "dialing", close the window and restart the direct connection. Do not "redial".
- 8. Now open your Internet Explorer program. line In the address enter http://100.100.100.100 and then hit Return. You will then be asked for a username and password. An example of the login screen is shown in Figure 15. If this is your first time logging onto a UPLC<sup>TM</sup> unit from the factory, type "administrator" for the username and "pulsar" for the password. If this is not the first time logging onto the  $UPLC^{\ensuremath{\mbox{\tiny TM}}}$  , and user accounts have been set up, use your assigned user name and password.



#### NOTE

If using the front USB port, prior to unplugging the UPLC<sup>™</sup>, be sure to "disconnect" the device via the "Safely Remove Harware" icon in the bottom right hand side of your taskbar.

9. The UPLC<sup>™</sup> web pages should then appear. Type in the username and password. You will be taken to the Home page. Go to the Admin page, where you can setup user accounts for Ethernet access to the unit. See section 10.3 for user account information.

This completes the connection process to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> front panel.

# 10. Making a Connection to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> Ethernet Port

If the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is supplied with an Ethernet port, you will need a cross-connect Ethernet cable to connect directly to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. Alternatively, you may use a straight-through Ethernet cable via a switch or port.

### **10.1 LAN Connection**

The UPLC<sup>™</sup> IP address is set for 192.168.0.10 as the default. You will need to change that per your IT department's instructions should this unit be on the corporate LAN. To change the IP address of the UPLC<sup>™</sup>, you must use the Front Panel Interface.

- 1. Press the SET/RETURN button; when prompted for the password, input the numeric password (default is 4050).
- 2. Press "2" or scroll down to 2 for the "Configure" section, press the ENTER key.

- 3. On the next menu, scroll to the IP address. Press the SET button. Enter the IP address assigned to the UPLC<sup>™</sup>, the mask should be 255.255.255.0 and the gateway should be 192.168.0.1, press SET, then ESCape out to the top level.
- 4. Open the web browser on your computer and type in http://"IP Address", where "IP Address" is the assigned address.
- 5. A dialog box will pop up with username and password fields for you to fill in.
- 6. The UPLC<sup>™</sup> web pages should then appear. Type in the username and password. You will be taken to the Home page. Go to the Admin page, where you can setup user accounts for Ethernet access to the unit. See section 10.3 for user account information.

## **10.2 Direct Connect**

To connect directly to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> via an Ethernet cable, you need to disable the DHCP settings on your LAN connection.

- 1. Go to 'My Computer' then to 'My Network Places'. Select 'Local Area Connection', then 'View Properties'.
- 2. Click on 'TCP/IP', then on 'Properties'.
- 3. Choose the radio button for 'Use the following IP Address' and input an address that is less than the one on the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>.
- 4. Click in the Subnet Mask box, 255.255.255.0 should appear in the field, if it doesn't then enter it manually.
- 5. Click 'OK'.

Level	Assign User Accounts	Upgrade firmware	Setting changes	Calib- rations	Up/down Ioad files	View only
Admin	Х	Х				
Guest						Х
User		Х	Х	Х	Х	
Superuser	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	

#### Table 19. Authority Level Matrix



	🎧 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites 📢	8 🗟 • 👙 🔟			
ess 🔌 http://10.14.3.120/				🗾 🔁 Go 🛛 Lin	
	og Out		rsal Power Line C	arrier	
Sar (ISO 9001 Registered)		,	YPA Massena Substation DTT	Copyright ©2006 AMETE	
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120					
On-Off	General Logic	Input / Outpu	t Checkback	Load / Save Submit	
irectional Comparison					
Main Menu	General Settings				
Home	System ID1		NYPA Massena Substa	tion	
Settings	System ID2	DTT			
	Channel Type	On-Off	Function	Directional Comparison	
Calibrate	TX Frequency	250.00 kHz	RX Frequency	250.00 kHz	
SOE Log	Bandwidth	1200 Hz			
	RF Coax Connection	2 Wire	TX Impedance	50 Ω	
Checkback	TX Power (Low / High)	1.0 / 10.0W	RX Sensitivity Setting	4.24 V	
Admin	Fade Alarm	10 dB	Fade Margin	15 dB	
	Reflected Power	15 %			
Admin		15 %	Fade Margin	15 dB	

Figure 17. Example of the General Tab

) Back 🔹 🕥 🗸 🔀 🛃	Caral Acara		- 44 20	
	🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites 🚱	M . 👌 🖬 .		
ress 🕖 http://10.14.3.120/				💌 🔁 Go 🛛 Link
	ut	Univer	sal Power Line C	arrier
VER INSTRUMENTS			on Oct 08 13:20:03 2007 (PA Massena Substation	
Isar' (ISO 9001 Registered)		Nì	DTT	Copyright ©20
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120				
	General Logic	Input / Output	Load / Save	Submit
FSK	General Logic	input/Output	Load / Save Configuration	Submit
3-Frequency				
	Logic Settings			
Main Menu	Logic octaings			
Main Menu Home	Channel - FSK		Function - 3-Frequen	су
Home			Function - 3-Frequen Options	су
Home Settings		Disabled	•	Beep Disabled
Home	Channel - FSK		Options Voice	
Home Settings	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test		Options Voice	Beep Disabled
Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test Line f	Relay	Options Voice Direct T	Beep Disabled
Home Settings Calibrate	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test Line f Pre-Trip Delay	Relay 30 ms	Options Voice Direct T Pre-Trip Delay	Beep Disabled Transfer Trip 30 ms
Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test Line f Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold	Relay 30 ms 0 ms	Options Voice Direct T Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold	Beep Disabled Transfer Trip 30 ms 0 ms
Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log Trip Test	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test Line I Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold Guard Hold	Relay 30 ms 0 ms 0 ms	Options Voice Direct T Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold	Beep Disabled Transfer Trip 30 ms 0 ms
Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log Trip Test Admin	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test Line I Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold Guard Hold Unblock Timer	Relay 30 ms 0 ms 0 ms Disabled	Options Voice Direct T Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold	Beep Disabled Transfer Trip 30 ms 0 ms
Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log Trip Test	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test Line I Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold Guard Hold Unblock Timer Unblock Delay	kelay 30 ms 0 ms 0 ms Disabled 0 ms Required	Options Voice Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold Guard Hold Guard Before Trip	Beep Disabled ransfer Trip 30 ms 0 ms 0 ms
Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log Trip Test Admin US2NEC1 ANSX	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test Line I Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold Guard Hold Unblock Timer Unblock Delay	kelay 30 ms 0 ms 0 ms Disabled 0 ms Required	Options Voice Direct T Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold Guard Hold	Beep Disabled ransfer Trip 30 ms 0 ms 0 ms
Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log Trip Test Admin	Channel - FSK CB Trip Test Line I Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold Guard Hold Unblock Timer Unblock Delay	kelay 30 ms 0 ms 0 ms Disabled 0 ms Required	Options Voice Pre-Trip Delay Trip Hold Guard Hold Guard Before Trip	Beep Disabled ransfer Trip 30 ms 0 ms 0 ms

Figure 18. Example of The Logic Settings Tab for an FSK 3-Frequency Setting

- 6. A dialog box will pop up with username and password fields to fill in.
- 7. The UPLC<sup>™</sup> web pages should then appear. Type in the username and password. You will be taken to the Home page. Go to the Admin page, where you can setup user accounts for Ethernet access to the unit.

## 10.3 User Accounts

User accounts allow limited access to the maintenance and setting of the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. This is required security to prevent unauthorized access to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>.

There are four levels of access allowed through the user account. The UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is provided from the factory with only one administrator level account. The administrator can only assign user accounts and upgrade firmware. The guest level can only see settings and adjustments, but cannot make any changes. The user level has the ability to make setting changes, calibrate the unit and download files such as the SOEs and settings. The fourth level is the "super user", which is the combination of the administrator level and the user level. To Select super user level, check both the user and administrator level boxes.

## 11. Home Page

The home page shows the general status and settings of the unit at the time the home page was requested by your browser, as well as other information. In the main blue bar at the top of the page is the date and time the web page was requested as well as two title lines which identify the unit to which you are connected, provided this text string has been set. The main blue bar on the left of the screen shows the IP address of the unit connected and also several menu buttons you can choose from. An example of the Home Page is shown in Figure 16. The top table shows basic settings on the unit, such as frequency, channel type, bandwidth, shift, transmit level, receive sensitivity and fade alarm. The settings table is only updated when the web page is refreshed manually either by pushing on the IE refresh button, selecting View>Refresh, or by pressing [F5].

The next table shows the status of the unit. The actual transmit power and receive level is shown, as well as, the keyed and received state of the unit. The status table is only updated when the web page is refreshed manually. The last table shows the alarm state of the unit. A green indicates that the item is not in alarm. A red will indicate an alarm. In the case of the redundant power supply, it will also show red when none is present. The redundant power amplifier will show gray when none is present. This alarms table is the only item on the page that is updated periodically. It is updated once about every 20 seconds while connected to the unit.

## 12. Settings Pages

When you click on the "Settings" button on the left menu table you will be presented with the settings tabs for the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. Note the four tabs at the top of the white area. They are General, Logic, Input/Output and Submit. These tabs are where all the settings are made to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. The tab that is seen first is the General settings for the connected unit. The bold items are the set items and can be changed. Depending on what has been selected for the settings on this page, this will determine what settings on the General tab must be set correctly before proceeding to the other tabs.

## 12.1 General Tab

Figure 17 shows an example of the General Settings tab. If the user account you have used to log into the UPLC<sup>™</sup> is set to "User" rights then you will see a "change settings" button below the Current Settings table on the web page. If you do not see this button then your user account does not have rights to make changes to the settings and you can only view the settings. You must then logon with a user name that has rights to make changes if you desire to change the settings. When you click on the change settings button on the General settings page, you will see the first items that need to be selected. At the top, is the System ID1 and System ID2 Setting. These two boxes allow you put an identification you want the unit to show in the Title bar of the web pages. One suggestion here might be to identify the substation name with the line name and breaker number that the carrier set's associated relaying is connected to.



Back        •        •        •        •	Univer	sal Power Line Ca m Oct 00 17:26:50 2007 PA Massena Substation DTT	Copyright 92005 At
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120	N	m Oct 08 13:28:50 2007 (PA Massena Substation DTT	rrier
OWER INSTRUMENTS Pulsar (ISO 9001 Registered) UPLC ID:10.14.3.120 General Logic	N	m Oct 08 13:28:50 2007 (PA Massena Substation DTT	
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120 General Logic		DTT	Copyright @2006 Al
General	Input / Output		
	Input / Output		
		Checkback ,	Load / Save Submit
		CHEURDAUR (	Configuration
Phase Comparison			
General Settings			
Main Menu			
Home System (D1		NYPA Massena Substati	on
Settings System ID2	DTT		
Channel Type	On-Off	Function	Phase Comparison
Calibrate TX Frequency 2	50.00 kHz	RX Frequency	250.00 kHz
SOE Log Bandwidth	4000 Hz		
RF Coax Connection	2 Wire	TX Impedance	50 Ω
		and the second sec	10101
Checkback TX Power (Low / High) 1	.0 / 10.0W	RX Sensitivity Setting	4.24 V
Admin TX Power (Low / High) 1 Fade Alarm	.0 / 10.0W 10 dB	RX Sensitivity Setting Fade Margin	4.24 V 15 dB
TX Power (Low / High)			

Figure 19. Example of The General Settings Tab for an ON/OFF Phase Comparison Setting

🏄 NYPA Massena Substation - Mic	rosoft Internet Explorer						_ 🗆 🗙
<u>File Edit View Favorites Tool</u>	s <u>H</u> elp						<b>1</b>
🌀 Back 🝷 💮 🚽 📓 🔮	🏠 🔎 Search   🛧 Fav	rorites 🕢 🔗 - 🤇	🎍 🗷 • 🔜 I	12 - 36			
Address 🖉 http://10.14.3.120/						🕶 🔁 Go	Links »
	g Out			Power Line 08 13: 54: 50 2007 ssena Substation	Carrier		
Pulsar (ISO 9001 Registered)				DTT		Copyright @	2006 AMET
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120							
On-Off	General	Logic Ing	ut / Output	Checkback	Load / Save Configuration	Su	ubmit
Phase Comparison							
inde companyon	Logic Set	lings					
Main Menu	Lugic Set	ungs					
Home	Channel -	On-Off	Function - Pl	nase Comparison			
Settings		Blocking		Receiver Drop-o	out Delay		
Calibrate	Priority	Stop		0 ms			
	Common Star	n/Stop Keying Input		Enabled			
SOE Log	Voice		Options				
Checkback	voice Checkback			Beep Dis Disabl			
Admin	ONBERDACK	1993		Disabi	eu		
			Change Settings				
Catalog # US2NEC1.ANSX							
1							
Opening page http://10.14.3.120/5	ysTime.htm				🔰 🗍 👘 Ii	nternet	11.

Figure 20. Example of The Logic Settings Tab for an ON/OFF Phase Comparison Setting



 $\|$ 

	Selection	Steps
Function	Directional or Phase Comparison	N/A
TX Frequency	30 to 535 kHz	10 Hz
RX Frequency	30 to 535 kHz	10 Hz
Bandwidth	600, 1200 or 4,000 Hz	N/A
TX Power	Low Power/High Power (0.3 to 10 W)	0.1 W
Fade Alarm	1 to 25 dB	1 dB
Fade Margin	1 to 25 dB	1 dB

#### Table 20. General Settings for ON/OFF

Table 21. General Settings for FSK

	Selection	Steps
Function	Phase Comparison, Unblocking-2F POTT/DTT-2, 3 or 4 Frequency	N/A
TX Frequency	30 to 535 kHz	10 Hz
RX Frequency	30 to 535 kHz	10 Hz
Bandwidth	300, 600 or 1,200 Hz	N/A
Shift	100, 250 or 500 Hz	N/A
TX Power	Low Power/High Power (0.3 to 10 W)	0.1 W
Fade Alarm	1 to 25 dB	1 dB
Fade Margin	1 to 25 dB	1 dB

## Table 22. Logic Settings for ON/OFF & Directional Comparison

	Blocking			Rec	eiver Drop-out Delay
	Priority	Start or Sto	р		0 to 15 ms
$\ $	Commo	ommon Start/Stop (I			Enabled or Disabled
	Options				
	Chec	kback		Er	nabled or Disabled



NYPA Massena Substation - N		Explorer					- 0
	ools <u>H</u> elp	A		- 44			_
🌀 Back 🝷 💮 👻 📓	Search	📩 Favorites	🛛 • 🏐 🖉 •				
ddress 🥙 http://10.14.3.120/						💌 🔁 Go	Links
<b>METEK</b>	Log Out		Univer	sal Power	l ine Carrier		
OWER INSTRUMENTS							
uisar' (ISO 9001 Registered)			N	PA Massena Subs DTT	station		
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120				ווע		Copyright ©2	2006 A
0FEC 10.10.14.3.120							
0-04	General	Logic	Input / Output	Checkba	ck Load / Save Configuratio	su Su	
On-Off							
Phase Comparison							
	Inp	uts					
Main Menu							
Home	Ch	annel - On-Off		Function -	Phase Comparison		
Settings	In	put Terminal	Contact Bounce	Selection	Active State	Voltage	
		1 TB3-5 & TB3-10	0 ms	Carrier Start	Removal of Voltage	Input1 : 15 V	
Calibrate		2 TB3-4 & TB3-9	0 ms	Carrier Stop	Application of Voltage	Input2 : 15 V	
SOE Log		3 TB3-3 & TB3-8 4 TB3-2 & TB3-7	0 ms 0 ms	Low level key	Application of Voltage Application of Voltage	Input3 : 15 V Input4 : 15 V	
Checkback		4 TB3-2 & TB3-7 5 TB3-1 & TB3-6	0 ms	not used	Application of Voltage	Input4 : 15 V	
CHECKDACK	100	5 105-1 @ 105-0	Sources in the second second	ANALAS CONTRACTOR	CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER O	CHARMAN STATE STATE	
( Admin )		Inputs	Trip Duty Outputs	s Low Lev	el Outputs Chan	ge Settings	
SECOND STREET, S			Sice-	aanide Beene	- All Marine		
2. A March 19							
Catalog #							
US2NEC1ANSX							
US2NECTANSX							
US2NECTANSX							
US2NECTANSX							
US2NECTANSX	1						1

Figure 21. Example of The I/O Settings Tab for an ON/OFF Phase Comparison Setting

🕽 Back 👻 🕤 - 🔀 💋 🧲	🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites 🤞	🚱 🝰 · 💆 🗷 ·	• 🔜 🎉 🦓	
dress 🖉 http://10.14.3.120/				💌 芛 Go Links
	og Out	The first sets	end Demos Here Ge	and the
	9,770		rsal Power Line Ca	
WER INSTRUMENTS			IYPA Massena Substation	
ISAI' (ISO 9001 Registered)			DTT	Copyright ©200
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120				
	General Logic	Input / Outpu	t Load / Save	Submit
FSK			t Configuration	
Phase Comparison				
	General Settings			
Main Menu	General Genings			
Home	System ID1		NYPA Massena Substati	on
	System ID2		DTT	
Settings	Channel Type	FSK	Function	Phase Comparison
Calibrate	TX Frequency	250.00 kHz	RX Frequency	254.00 kHz
SOE Log	TX Bandwidth-Shift	600 ± 250 Hz	RX Bandwidth-Shift	600 ± 250 Hz
	RF Coax Connection	2 Wire	TX Impedance	50 Ω
	TX Power (Low / High)	10.0 / 10.0W	RX Sensitivity Setting	457.7 mV
Admin		10 dB	Fade Margin	15 dB
	Fade Alarm	10 ub		
		15 %		
	Fade Alarm	15 %		
Admin	Fade Alarm	15 %	hange Settings	1 2000 P
Admin Catalog # US2NEC1ANSX	Fade Alarm	15 %		1 20020
Admin Catalog # US2NEC1ANSX	Fade Alarm	15 %		
Admin Catalog #	Fade Alarm	15 %		

Figure 22. Example of The General Settings Tab for an FSK Phase Comparison Setting

#### Table 23. Logic Settings for ON/OFF & Phase Comparison

Blocking			Rec	eiver Drop-out Delay	
Priority	Start or Sto	р	0 to 15 ms		
Common Start/Stop (KA-4) Enabled or Disabled					
	Options				
Chec	kback	Enabled or Disabled			

#### Table 24. Logic Settings for FSK & Phase Comparison

Options						
Trip Test			Enabled			
Receiver Logic						
Pre-Trip Delay	0 ms		Guard Hold	0 ms		
Trip Hold	0 ms	Gu	ard Before Trip	Required		

#### Table 25. Logic Settings for FSK & 2F Unblock

Options						
Trip Test	Enabled or Disabled					
Receiver Logic						
Pre-Trip Delay	0 to 30 ms	Guard Hold	0 to 100 ms			
Trip Hold	0 to 100 ms	Guard Before Trip	None, GBT or GBT with Override			
Unblock Timer	0 to 500 ms	Unblock Delay	0 to 100 ms			

#### Table 26. Logic Settings for FSK & 2F POTT/DTT

Options							
Trip Test	Enabled or Disabled						
	Re	ceiver Logic					
Pre-Trip Delay	0 to 30 ms	Guard Hold	0 to 100 ms				
Trip Hold	0 to 100 ms	Guard Before Trip	None, GBT or GBT with Override				



🗿 NYPA Massena Substation - Microso	ft Totovnot Evolovov					- 0 ×
	<u>t</u> elp					
🕞 Back + 💮 - 🔀 💋 🏠	🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites 🤞	a 🔍 🔍 🛛	🖂 ᡝ 🕉	ર		~
Address # http://10.14.3.120/			u · <mark>/ ⊪x</mark> · «	<i>»</i>		Links »
					00	LIINS
		Univ		er Line Carrier		
POWER INSTRUMENTS			Mon Oct 08 13:23 NYPA Massena S			
Puisar (ISO 9001 Registered)			DTT		Copyrigh	it ©2006 AN
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120						
FSK	General Logic	Input / Ou	tput Load Config	/ Save Submit		
Phase Comparison						
Phase Companison	Logic Settings					
Main Menu	Logic Settings					
Home	Channel - FSK		Function - Phas	e Comparison		
Settings	Recei	ver Logic		Options		
Calibrate	Channel Trouble	NOT SET	Voice	Beep Disabled		
	Polarity	NOT SET				
SOE Log		Cha	nge Settings			
Admin						
Catalog #						
US2NEC1ANSX						
1						•
ê				🌒 Int	ernet	

Figure 23. Example of The Logic Settings Tab for an FSK Phase Comparison Setting

le <u>E</u> dit ⊻iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ool	ols <u>H</u> elp					
🕽 Back 🔹 🕥 - 💌 🛃 🤞	🏠 🔎 Search 🦙	🕂 Favorites 🛛 🛛	🗟 • 头 🗷 • [	📑 🛍 🤻		
dress http://10.14.3.120/						💌 🔁 Go 🛛 Lin
	og Out		Univers		Line Carrier	
WER INSTRUMENTS				Oct 08 13: 24:2 A Massena Su		
ulsar (ISO 9001 Registered)				DTT		Copyright ©20
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120						
	General	Logic	Input / Output	Load / S Configur	ave Submit	
FSK			input/output	Configur	ation	
Phase Comparison						
	Input	s				
Main Menu	mpur					
Home	Char	nnel - FSK		Function	- Phase Comparison	
	Inpu	t Terminal	Contact Bounce	Selection	Active State	Voltage
Settings	1	TB3-5 & TB3-10	0 ms	PC Key	Application of Voltage	Input1 : 15 V
Calibrate	2	TB3-4 & TB3-9	0 ms	Boost	Application of Voltage	Input2 : 15 V
SOE Log	3	TB3-3 & TB3-8	0 ms	not used	Application of Voltage	Input3 : 15 V
SOL LOG	4	TB3-2 & TB3-7	0 ms	not used	Application of Voltage	Input4 : 15 V
( Admin )	5	TB3-1 & TB3-6	0 ms	not used	Application of Voltage	Input5 : 15 V
		Inputs	Trip Duty Outputs		vel Outputs Char	nge Settings
Catalog # US2NEC1ANSX						

Figure 24. Example of The I/O Settings Tab for an FSK Phase Comparison Setting



NYPA Massena Substation - Microsoft Inter	rnet Explo	rer					_ 🗆 ×
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp							<b>1</b>
🕒 Back 🔹 🕥 - 🔀 📓 🏠 🔎 Si	earch 🤺	Favorites 🧭	🔊 - 볼 🗷 🔸	📙 🋍 🦓			
Address 🖉 http://10.14.3.120/						💌 🄁 Go	Links »
				sal Power m Oct 08 13:03:22 PA Massena Subs			
Puisar (ISO 9001 Registered)			NI	DTT	station	Copyright ©2006	AMETEK Po
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120							
On-Off Genera	il (	Logic	Input / Output	Checkba	ck Load / Save Configuratio	n Submit	
Directional Comparison							
Main Menu Home	Inputs Chann	el - On-Off		Function -	Directional Compariso	in	
Settings	Input	Terminal	<b>Contact Bounce</b>	Selection	Active State	Voltage	
	1	TB3-5 & TB3-10	0 ms	Carrier Start	Removal of Voltage	Input1 : 15 V	
Calibrate	2	TB3-4 & TB3-9	0 ms	Carrier Stop	Application of Voltage	Input2 : 15 V	
SOELog	3	TB3-3 & TB3-8	0 ms	Low level key	Application of Voltage	Input3 : 15 V	
	4	TB3-2 & TB3-7	0 ms	not used	Application of Voltage	Input4 : 15 V	
Checkback	5	TB3-1 & TB3-6	0 ms	not used	Application of Voltage	Input5 : 15 V	
Admin		Inputs	Trip Duty Outputs	s Low Lev	el Outputs 🥤 Chan	ge Settings	
			1 Alexandream and a second	- And The States	manana di Basanana	A.Second contract of the	
Catalog # US2NEC1ANSX							

Figure 25. Example of The Input Selection Tab

The last item to select is the most important. That is, do you want this unit to be a Frequency Shift Keyed (FSK) or ON/OFF type? This setting will affect all the other settings you are presented on the next pages.

Once these settings are made click on the "Continue" button. You will be taken to the next screen for the general settings and if you had made any changes on the last page you will see a narrow red bar appear at the top of the window that has the words "Changes Pending" in it. This tells you that you have made changes to the settings but they have not been sent to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> yet. If you shut down your computer at this point or disconnect the communications cable you will lose these settings.

On the second screen of the General settings tab you will see more items to set. These items depend on whether FSK or ON/OFF is selected. See Table 20 and Table 21 for the setting options that appear.

## CAUTION

IF YOU ARE CONSIDERING SETTING ANY CONTACT BOUNCE TIME PLEASE KEEP IN MIND THAT ANY TIME OTHER THAN 0ms WILL AFFECT THE SECURITY OF YOUR SYSTEM. IF ANY TIME IS SET AND YOU GET A VERY SHORT INPUT OF 100µS OR LESS, THE INPUT WILL BE HELD FOR THE TOTAL CONTACT BOUNCE TIME. IT MAY BE WISER TO LET THE INPUT FOLLOW WHATEVER IS COMING IN AND LET THE RECEIVER RESPOND ACCORDINGLY.

This concludes the general settings on the unit. When complete click on the "continue" button and you will be taken to the Logic Settings tab.

### 12.2 Logic Tab

In the logic settings all the time selections are changed in increments of 1 ms. Figure 18 shows the Logic settings tab for a FSK, 3-Frequency type and function selection. The others are similar.



The Logic settings for an ON/OFF type of channel and the Directional Comparison function are shown in Table 22. **Caution should be taken when considering setting receiver dropout delay to anything other than 0 ms. Applying a setting of 1** - 15 ms can adversely affect relaying logic such as transient blocking logic.

The ON/OFF & FSK Phase comparison Logic settings are shown in tables 23 & 24.

The Logic settings for the FSK type of channel and the different functions are shown in Table 25-30. Note that GBT=Guard Before Trip.

When you have completed the logic settings click the "Continue" button.

## 12.3 Input/Output Tab

There are five inputs on the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. Each input can be set with a contact bounce time of 0 to 8 ms, any one of several selection points and if the input is active for voltage applied or no voltage applied. An Input web page is shown in Figure 25.

The input selection choice varies depending on the channel type and function setting. Table 28 shows the various input selection choices for different channel type and function selections. Of course, there is always the choice of "Not Used." You do not have to program all inputs just the ones you need.

After you have programmed all the inputs needed click on the "Continue" button and you will be taken to the Trip Duty Contact output programming functions, if your UPLC<sup>TM</sup> has this option. If not you will be taken to the Low Level output settings page. First we will take a look at the Trip Duty Outputs.

There are four trip duty relays on the UPLC<sup>™</sup>, if that option is ordered. The trip duty relay programmable selections are shown in Table 29, and a sample web page is shown in Figure 26. There are hardware jumpers to select for either a normally open or normally closed contact.

There are ten Low Level 1 A outputs available to be programmed to various output functions. Seven of these outputs are isolated transistor outputs that can be set for either 0.1 A or 1.0 A output. It is highly recommended to use the 0.1 A selection if your load is less than 0.1 A, such as, microprocessor based relay inputs. This will provide you with a much faster dropout time than if you use the 1.0 A selection. Three of these low level outputs are electromechanical relays that provide either a normally open or normally closed contact out. This contact has a 1.0 A rating. All ten of these outputs may be programmed to one of several functions or to a not used state. The output functions are shown in Table 30. The output selections under the ON/OFF channel type that are marked with an asterisk are only available if the checkback option has been ordered.

An example of the Low Level output selection option page is shown in Figure 27. Also programmable on the solid-state low level output is a normally open or normally closed selection.

When your are complete with the low level output settings click the "Continue" button and you will be taken to the final settings page, the Submit tab.



LL01 – LL07 OUTPUTS ARE TRANSISTOR SWITCHES AND IF NORMALLY CLOSED IS SELECTED, THE TRAN-SISTOR IS ENERGIZED WHEN THAT OUTPUT IS INACTIVE. BECAUSE OF THIS, THE TRANSISTOR WILL DE-ENERGIZE IF THE POWER IS TURNED OFF TO THE SET. IF IT IS DESIRED TO HAVE A NORMALLY CLOSED STATE DURING POWER OFF THEN SELECT A NORMALLY CLOSED CONTACT OF ONE OF THE LOW-LEVEL RELAY OUTPUTS LL08 – LL10.

Input/Output Additional Information

1. SOE Event 1, 2, & 3 Inputs

There are 3 input choices that allow you to bring an event external to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> into the sequence of events, for example, a breaker position.

2. General Alarm Output

II

The general alarm is a fail-safe alarm. That is, the general alarm is normally energized and drops out in any alarm condition. The following are included in the general alarm:

- Power Supply EPLD
- DSP I/O Board
- PPC Transceiver Board

Options							
Trip Test	Enabled or Disabled	Voice	Beep Enabled or Disabled				
Receiver Logic							
LR Pre-Trip Delay	0 to 30 ms	DTT Pre-Trip Delay	0 to 30 ms				
LR Trip Hold	0 to 100 ms	DTT Trip Hold	0 to 100 ms				
LR Guard Hold	0 to 100 ms	DTT Guard Hold	0 to 100 ms				
Unblock Timer	0 to 500 ms						
Unblock Delay	0 to 100 ms						
Guard Before Trip	None, GBT or GBT w/Override						

#### Table 27. Logic Settings for FSK & 3-Frequency

 Table 28. Input Selection Choice
 II

ON/OFF		FSK				
Directional Comparison	Phase Comparison	Unblocking-2F	Phase Comparison	POTT/DTT-2F	3-Freq.	4-Freq.
Carrier Start	Carrier Start	UB Key	PC Key	Trip Key	LR Key	A Key
Carrier Stop	Carrier Stop	Power Off	Boost	Power Off	DTT Key	B Key
Low Level Key	Low Level Key	Trip Test	SOE Event 1	Trip Test	Power Off	Power Off
Checkback Reset	Checkback Reset	Disable Trip Test	SOE Event 2	Disable Trip Test	Trip Test	52B
Checkback Initiate	Checkback Initiate	52B	SOE Event 3	52B	Disable Trip Test	SOE Event 1
SOE Event 1		SOE Event 1		SOE Event 1	52B	SOE Event 2
SOE Event 2	SOE Event 1	SOE Event 2		SOE Event 2	SOE Event 1	SOE Event 3
SOE Event 3	SOE Event 2	SOE Event 3		SOE Event 3	SOE Event 2	
Loopback Test	SOE Event 3				SOE Event 3	
	Loopback Test					



NYPA Massena Substation - Microso	oft Internet Explore	•				_ 🗆 ×
Eile Edit View Favorites Iools (	<u>H</u> elp					2
🌀 Back 🔹 🕥 🖌 📓 🙆 🏠	🔎 Search   🔶 F	avorites 🚱 🝃	• 💐 🗹 • 🗌	] 🛍 🦀		
Address 🖉 http://10.14.3.120/					💌 🄁 Go	Links *
	t			Al Power Line C	arrier	
Pulsar (ISO 9001 Registered)			NTPA	DTT	Copyright @2006	AMETEK Po
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120						
On-Off	General	Logic	Input / Output	Checkback	Load / Save Submi	
Directional Comparison						
Main Menu	Trip Dut	y Outputs				
Home	Channel	- On-Off		Function - Directiona	I Comparison	
Settings	Outputs	Terminal		Selection	De-energized State	
Calibrate	1	TB6-7 & TB6-8		not used	TD01 : NO	
Calibrate	2	TB6-5 & TB6-6		not used	TDO2 : NO	
SOE Log	3	TB6-3 & TB6-4		not used	TDO3 : NO	
Checkback	4	TB6-1& TB6-2		not used	TDO4 : NO	
Admin	C In	puts	Trip Duty Outputs	Low Level Outputs	Change Settings	
		purs C	The Duty Outputs	Low Level Outputs	Change Settings	
Catalog #						
US2NEC1ANSX						
Done					🜒 Internet	

Figure 26. Example of The Trip Duty Contact Output Page

	ls <u>H</u> elp						
) Back 🔹 💮 🕣 🛃 💈 🍕	🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Fa	vorites 🧭 🔗	• 🔩 🗷 • 🧾	邕 🍪			
iress 🙋 http://10.14.3.120/						<b>- -</b>	Go Links
METEK	og Out		Universal	Power Line C	arrier		
VER INSTRUMENTS							
sar (ISO 9001 Registered)			NYPA Ma	ssena Substation DTT		Copyright @200	06 AMETER
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120	General	Logic	Input / Output	Checkback	Load / Save Configuration		
On-Off							
Directional Comparison	Low Leve	el Outputs					
Main Menu	Channel -	- On-Off	Fu	nction - Directional (	Comparison	ř.	
Home			Power Supply - A	larms Contact			
HUITE	1	Main	NO	Redundant		-NA-	
Settings							
	Outputs	Terminal	Selection	De-energized State	Action	Max Load	
Calibrate	Outputs Solid State	Terminal	Selection	De-energized State	Action	Max Load	
Calibrate		Terminal TB4-5 & TB 4-10	Selection Blocking Output	De-energized State	Action Normal	Max Load	
Calibrate SOE Log	Solid State			-		LLO1 : 1.0A LLO2 : 1.0A	
Calibrate	Solid State	TB4-5 & TB 4-10	Blocking Output	NO	Normal	LLO1 : 1.0A	
Calibrate SOE Log Checkback	Solid State 1 2	TB4-5 & TB 4-10 TB4-4 & TB4-9	Blocking Output Main RF Output	NO NO	Normal Normal	LLO1 : 1.0A LLO2 : 1.0A	
Calibrate SOE Log	Solid State 1 2 3	TB4-5 & TB 4-10 TB4-4 & TB4-9 TB4-3 & TB4-8	Blocking Output Main RF Output Blocking Output	NO NO NO	Normal Normal Normal	LLO1 : 1.0A LLO2 : 1.0A LLO3 : 1.0A	
Calibrate SOE Log Checkback	Solid State 1 2 3 4	TB4-5 & TB 4-10 TB4-4 & TB4-9 TB4-3 & TB4-8 TB4-2 & TB4-7	Blocking Output Main RF Output Blocking Output Fade Alarm	NO NO NO NO	Normal Normal Normal Normal	LLO1 : 1.0A LLO2 : 1.0A LLO3 : 1.0A LLO3 : 1.0A	
Calibrate SOE Log Checkback Admin	Solid State 1 2 3 4 5	TB4-5 & TB 4-10 TB4-4 & TB4-9 TB4-3 & TB4-8 TB4-2 & TB4-7 TB4-1 & TB4-6	Blocking Output Main RF Output Blocking Output Fade Alarm not used	NO NO NO NO NO	Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	LL01 : 1.0A LL02 : 1.0A LL03 : 1.0A LL04 : 1.0A LL05 : 1.0A	
Calibrate SOE Log Checkback Admin	Solid State 1 2 3 4 5 6	TB4-5 & TB 4-10 TB4-4 & TB4-9 TB4-3 & TB4-8 TB4-2 & TB4-7 TB4-1 & TB4-6 TB5-5 & TB5-10	Blocking Output Main RF Output Blocking Output Fade Alarm not used not used	NO NO NO NO NO NO	Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	LL01 : 1.0A LL02 : 1.0A LL03 : 1.0A LL03 : 1.0A LL04 : 1.0A LL05 : 1.0A LL06 : 1.0A	
Calibrate SOE Log Checkback Admin Catalog # US3NECTANSK	Solid State 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	TB4-5 & TB 4-10 TB4-4 & TB4-9 TB4-3 & TB4-8 TB4-2 & TB4-7 TB4-1 & TB4-6 TB5-5 & TB5-10	Blocking Output Main RF Output Blocking Output Fade Alarm not used not used	NO NO NO NO NO NO	Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	LL01 : 1.0A LL02 : 1.0A LL03 : 1.0A LL03 : 1.0A LL04 : 1.0A LL05 : 1.0A LL06 : 1.0A	
Calibrate SOE Log Checkback Admin Catalog # USARCIANSX	Solid State 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 Contact	TB4-5 & TB 4-10 TB4-4 & TB4-9 TB4-3 & TB4-9 TB4-2 & TB4-7 TB4-1 & TB4-6 TB5-5 & TB5-10 TB5-4 & TB5-9	Blocking Output Main RF Output Blocking Output Fade Alarm not used not used not used	NO NO NO NO NO NO	Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	LL01 : 1.0A LL02 : 1.0A LL03 : 1.0A LL04 : 1.0A LL05 : 1.0A LL05 : 1.0A LL06 : 1.0A	
Calibrate SOE Log Checkback Admin Catalog # USSAECLANSK	Solid State 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Contact 8	TB4-5 & TB 4-10 TB4-4 & TB4-9 TB4-3 & TB4-8 TB4-2 & TB4-8 TB4-2 & TB4-7 TB4-1 & TB4-6 TB5-5 & TB5-10 TB5-4 & TB5-9 TB5-3 & TB5-8	Blocking Output Main RF Output Blocking Output Fade Alarm not used not used not used	N0 N0 N0 N0 N0 N0 N0 N0	Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	LL01 : 1.0A LL02 : 1.0A LL03 : 1.0A LL04 : 1.0A LL05 : 1.0A LL05 : 1.0A LL06 : 1.0A LL07 : 0.1A	

Figure 27. Example of The Low Level Output Selection Page



ON/OFF	FSK			
Directional Comparison	Unblocking-2F	POTT/DTT-2F	3-Frequency	4-Frequency
Blocking	Guard	Guard	LR Guard	A Guard
Fade Alarm	Trip	Trip	LR Trip	A Trip
			DTT Guard	B Guard
			DTT Trip	B Trip

## Table 29. Trip Duty Output Programmable Selections

Options								
Voice			eep or Disabled					
Receiver Logic								
Cmd A Pre-Trip Delay	0 - 30 ms	Cmd B Pre-Trip Delay	0 - 30 ms					
Cmd A Trip Hold	0 - 100 ms	Cmd B Trip Hold	0 - 100 ms					
Cmd A Guard Hold	0 - 100 ms	0 - 100 ms Cmd B Guard Hold						
Cmd A Unblock Timer	0 - 500 ms	Cmd B Unblock Time	0 - 500ms					
Cmd A Unblock Delay	0 - 100 ms	Cmd B Unblock Delay	0 - 100ms					
Cmd A Guard Before Trip	None, GBT or GBT w/Override	Cmd B Guard Before Trip	None, GBT or GBT w/Override					

## Table 30. Logic Settings for FSK & 4-Frequency

#### 3. Fade Alarm/Good Channel

Fade alarm and Fade margin are two level points that are set by the user on the General Settings II page. When calibrating a receiver, you establish how much signal degradation is tolerable, usually either 15 or 20 dB. This should cover additional channel losses caused by inclement weather. This is the Fade margin. Once the signal has dropped below this threshold level, this will cause an alarm to activate indicating loss of good channel.

Ш

Fade alarm can be set to some level higher than the Margin setting, usually 5 to 10 dB, to allow investigation of channel issues before the channel is totally lost. When the signal drops below this threshold, the Fade alarm activates. The Fade alarm warns you that the channel is degrading, prior to the loss of Good Channel. II

Fade alarm and Good Channel are normally energized outputs. This means that they are energized when the signals are within the desired levels.

Caution is advised when using these alarms for ON-OFF systems, since the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is usually not receiving RF signals and these points would be off normally, picking up only when the receiver is receiving an RF signal. So it is really not an "alarm" point but more of an indication of receipt of signal.  $\parallel$ 

#### II 4. Fail-safe Outputs

Please note that if you want a UPLC<sup>TM</sup> alarm to be fail-safe, you have to use one of the 3 low level EM contact outputs (Outputs LL08–LL10). By fail-safe, that means the output will alarm for the set condition and for loss of dc power to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>.

The Fade alarm output (which has a customer software settable threshold at which to occur) is not a fail-safe alarm.

The Fade alarm is de-energized when the signal level is good and it energizes when it goes bad (below the threshold that you set).

The "Good Channel" output occurs when the signal level is so low that the UPLC<sup>™</sup> Receiver can not detect it. This is a lower threshold level than the Fade alarm output. The Fade alarm threshold acts as an early warning system (w/customer settable

threshold) and says that although the signal is low, the Receiver has enough signal level to keep working. Whereas when the Good Channel output goes away, it means that the Receiver quit working.

The General Alarm, which is basically caused by any hardware failure, is fail-safe. The Power Supply alarm is also fail-safe. II

## 12.4 Load/Save Configuration Tab

There are three selections to be made on this page. First on the left side you can choose which mode the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> will operate in. Then in the center you can browse for a configuration file and load it to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. And finally you use the save button to save the configuration that you chose.

**II NOTE:** In firmware version 2.05 and earlier, the file to upload must not be larger than 45 characters and the total path plus file name must not be longer than 128 characters. **II** 

#### NOTE

In order for your settings to take effect, you must click the "Continue" button on each page.

## 12.5 Submit Tab

When you get to the submit page, you can either choose to submit the settings to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> or you can discard the settings. Figure 28 is an example of the Submit page. Select the "Submit Changes" button to send the new settings to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>.

The next settings you can make are the system time and date. This will be the time used to time tag the Sequence of Events. Therefore, use the time that is common practice in your company for time tagging events, such as standard local time or GMT. If IRIG-B is connected to the unit the hour, minute and second will be set to GMT by the IRIG-B signal. The user must set the date. The time and date are submitted separately from all the other settings.

At this point you have completed the settings on the UPLC<sup>™</sup>. As described here we progressed through the settings from beginning to end as if we were dealing with a new installation. However, you may go into the settings and map another input or output or change an existing one without going through the whole procedure. All you do is make the settings



🚈 NYPA Massena Substation -	Microsoft Internet Exp	orer					- 🗆 ×
<u>Eile E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Favorites	<u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp						<b></b>
🕝 Back 🝷 💮 🖌 🔀 💈	🏠 🔎 Search 🦻	😽 Favorites 🕢	3• 🌺 🗷 • 🗖	) 🛍 🤹			
Address 🖉 http://10.14.3.120/						💌 🔁 Go	Links »
	Log Out			Power Line et 08 13:08:23 2007 Massena Substation DTT			
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120	<u></u>			ווע	(	Copyright ©2006 Al	METEK Pov
On-Off Directional Comparison	General	Logic	input / Output	Checkback	Load / Save Configuration	Submit	ß
Main Menu Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log Checkback Admin		13 : 07 : 58 IRIG-B signal detected	✓ 2007 ▼	Submit Date/Time	the UPLC.		
Done						🗿 Internet	11.

Figure 28. Example of The Submit Tab

NYPA Massena Substation - Micr	rosoft Internet Explorer				_ 🗆 ×
Eile Edit View Favorites Tools	Help				
🕝 Back 🝷 🕥 🖌 🗾 💋 🦿	🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites	\varTheta 🍰 😓 🛛	🗷 • 🔜 🛍 🦓		
Address Addres					Go Links »
<b>АМЕТЕК</b> 🕒	) Out	Uni	versal Power Line	e Carrier	
POWER INSTRUMENTS			Mon Oct 08 13:25:21 2007 NYPA Massena Substation		
Pulsar (ISO 9001 Registered)			NYPA Massena Substation DTT		opyright ©2006 A
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120					-
FSK					
Phase Comparison					
Main Menu	Tran	smitter & Reco	eiver Calibration		
Home	TX Power - Low	10.0 W	TX Power - High	10.0 W	
Settings	RX Fade Alarm	10.0 W	RX Fade Margin	15 dB	
Calibrate		C	alibrate		-10dB
					-
SOE Log	Trans	smitter	Rx to Dista	nt Tx	Ext. CLI Calibration
(Admin)					
					_
Catalog #					
US2NEC1ANSX					
					_
				1	•
Done				👘 Internet	





MYPA Massena Substation -	Microsoft Internet Explorer					- 🗆 ×
Eile Edit View Favorites	Elle Edit View Figvorites Iools Help  🦓					
🌀 Back 🔹 💮 👻 📓	🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites	🙆 🍰 🍓	🗷 • 🧾 🎉 🦓			
Address 🖉 http://10.14.3.120/					💌 🔁 Go	Links »
	Log Out	Uni	Versal Power			
Pulsar' (ISO 9001 Registered)			DTT	wation	Copyright ©2006 A	METEK Pov
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120						-
Directional Comparison Main Menu	Trans	smitter & Rece	eiver Calibration		~	
Home	TX Power - Low	1.0 W	TX Power - High	10.0 W	-	
Settings	RX Fade Alarm	10 dB	RX Fade Margin	15 dB	-10dB	
Calibrate SOE Log Checkback Admin	Transmitter		alibrate	Rx to Local Tx	Ext. CLI Calibration	
Tester.	4					- -
🔊 Done					🌍 Internet	11.

Figure 30. Example of The ON/OFF Calibration Page

change you want then click on the Submit Tab and then click the "Submit Changes" button. Thus after a UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is configured, it is easy to make a couple of needed changes.

The only time your settings will be cleared and you will have to go through all the settings tabs, is when you change the channel type or the function.



ONCE YOU CLICK "CLEARING SOE LOG OK", ALL EVENTS WILL BE CLEARED FROM THE UNIT AND IT IS NOT REVERSIBLE.

## 13. Calibration

Now that the settings have been submitted to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>, the transmitter and receiver levels must be calibrated. Figure 29 shows an example of the Calibration web page for the FSK channel type, and Figure 30 shows the same page for an ON/OFF channel type.

The table in the middle of the web page shows the values that will be used to calibrate the transmitter

and receiver. In the case shown in Figure 29, the transmitter will be calibrated to 1 W low power and 10 W high power. The receiver will be calibrated for a 10 dB fade alarm and the fade margin will be set to 15 dB.

You must start by calibrating the transmitters at all line terminals first. In order to calibrate the transmitter you will need a  $50\Omega/75\Omega$  non-inductive resistor. This resistor must be able to handle at least 10 W of power for a brief period of time. It is suggested to use a 25 W,  $50\Omega/75\Omega$  non-inductive resistor. First turn off the power and then remove the transmitter coax from the rear of the chassis. Then connect the 25 W,  $50\Omega/75\Omega$  non-inductive resistor to the transmitter output. Now turn the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> power back on. The transmitter may be calibrated by selecting the "Transmitter" button on the calibration web page. When you select the transmitter button the following dialog box will pop up.



ON/OFF		FSK				
Directional Comp.	Phase Comp.	Unblocking-2F	Phase Comp.	POTT/DTT-2F	3-Freq.	4-Freq.
Blocking Output	Blocking Output	Guard	Trip Negative	Guard	LR Guard	A Guard
Fade Alarm	Checkback Off	Trip	Good Channel	Trip	LR Trip	A Trip
Margin Alarm	Blocking Output	CB Trip	Trip Negative	CB Trip	DTT Guard	A CB Trip
Gen. Alarm <sup>1</sup>	Fade Alarm	Good Channel	Trip Positive	Good Chan.	DTT Trip	B Guard
Refl. Power	Delayed Alarm	Noise	Gen. Alarm <sup>1</sup>	Noise	LR CB Trip	B Trip
Main RF Output	Gen. Alarm <sup>1</sup>	Gen. Alarm <sup>1</sup>	Refl. Pwr.	Gen. Alarm <sup>1</sup>	DTT CB Trip	B CB Trip
Red. RF Output	Refl. Pwr.	Fade Alarm		Fade Alarm	Good Chan.	Refl. Pwr.
Carrier Rec. (Block)	Carrier Rec. (Block)	Main RF Output		Main RF Output	Noise	Main RF Out
CB Off *	CB Off *	Red. RF Output		Red. RF Output	Gen. Alarm <sup>1</sup>	Refl. RF Pwr.
CB Passed *	CB Passed *	TX Shift High		TX Shift High	Fade Alarm	Good Chan.
CB Major Alarm *	CB Major Alarm *	TX Shift Low		TX Shift Low	Main RF Output	Noise
CB Minor Alarm *	CB Minor Alarm *	Refl. Pwr.		Refl. Pwr.	Red. RF Output	Fade Alarm
CB Delayed Alarm *	CB Delayed Alarm *				TX Shift High	TX Shift A
CB Carrier Recovered*	CB Carrier Recovered*				TX Shift Low	TX Shift B
CB In Recovery Mode*	CB In Recovery Mode*				Reflected Power	
CB Tests in Progress *	CB Tests in Progress*					
CB Auto Tests Disabled*	CB Auto Tests Disabled*					

Table 31. Low Level Output Pr	rogrammable Selections II
-------------------------------	---------------------------

<sup>1</sup> Only Available on Outputs 8-10 \* Checkback Testing Option Only, in firmware version 2.05 and earlier, the file to upload must not be longer than 45 characters. And the total path plus file must not be longer than 128 characters.

Table 32. Software Programmable	e Alarms/Outputs – FSK Only
---------------------------------	-----------------------------

UPLC	Fade Alarm Outpu (LL08–LL10)	t	Good Channel Output (LL08–LL10)		
Condition	N.O. Contact	N.C. Contact	N.O. Contact	N.C. Contact	
Signal Good	Open	Closed	Closed	Open	
Low Signal	Closed	Open	Open	Closed	

Table 33. Software	Programmable Alarms/Outp	outs – FSK Only
14010 001 00111410		

UPLC	General Alarm O (LL08–LL10)	utput	UPLC	Main RF Outpu De-energized s	it (LL01–10) state
Condition	N.O. Contact	N.C. Contact	Condition	N.O. Output	N.C. Output
All OK	Closed	Open	Transmit ON	Closed	Open
Hardware Failure	Open	Closed	Transmit OFF	Open	Closed



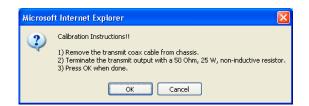


Figure 31. Calibration Instructions Dialog Box

It reminds you that the transmitter must be terminated with a 25 W,  $50\Omega/75\Omega$  non-inductive resistor. If the transmitter is connected as described above then click the OK button in the dialog box. The transmitter will now be calibrated to the low and high power settings. The web page and the display on the front panel will show the calibration progress.

After the transmitter is calibrated, turn off the unit and and remove the load. Then reconnect the coaxial cable that goes to the line tuner and turn the transmitter power on. The transmitters at all line terminals must be calibrated in the same manner before continuing. Also, the line tuners and line traps at all line terminals must be calibrated.

After the above steps are completed at all terminals, the receivers may be calibrated. The transmitter at the remote end of the line must be transmitting guard in the case of an FSK channel type or turned on to the normal blocking level in the case of an ON/OFF channel type. Now select the "Rx to Remote Tx" button on the calibrate web page. When this button is selected the following dialog box will appear.

Microso	Microsoft Internet Explorer					
2	Calibration Instructions!! 1) Ensure that the transmitter and receiver are properly connected to the line tuner. 2) Key Remote Transmitter. 3) Press OK when done.					
	OK Cancel					

#### Figure 32. Calibration Instructions Dialog Box

If things are set up as instructed then click on the OK button. The web page and the display on the front panel will show the calibration progress. If the channel type is FSK then this will complete the calibration of the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. If the channel type is ON/OFF then one more step is needed to complete

the process. Figure 30 shows the calibration web page for the ON/OFF channel type. Note that there is one extra button on the calibration web page for an ON/OFF channel type. This is the "Rx to Local Tx" button. In an ON/OFF channel type, the receiver needs to be calibrated to the signal it receives from the remote transmitter and also the signal it sees from the local transmitter, since both are on the same frequency. To complete the calibration click the "Rx to Local Tx" button. The remote transmitter must be off. The following dialog box will pop up.



Figure 33. Calibration Instructions Dialog Box

Click the OK button. The web page and the display on the front panel will show the calibration progress.

This completes the calibration process for the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. With the settings made and the unit calibrated you are now ready to go through your normal testing of the system to ready it for service.

## 14. SOE Log

The Sequence of Events (SOE) logs will show the history of the events that have occurred to the unit. Many different items are time-tagged and listed in the SOE Log. Appendix C lists the events per the configuration. All the events in the log, except for one, are time tagged to the nearest 1ms. The "Power off" event is time tagged to the nearest 1 second. The unit can store as many as 5000 events. After 5000 events are stored then the oldest ones will be erased as new ones are added. A sample of the SOE web page is shown in Figure 34. When the web page is first opened you will see the 15 most current events. You can obtain older events by clicking on the "Next" button. When you click the Next button you will be presented with the next oldest 15 events. If you click the "Back" button you will be presented with the next 15 later (in time) events. Thus, by using the Next and Back buttons you can



NYPA Massena Substation	- Microso	ft Internet Exp	olorer				
ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites	Tools H	jelp					2
🌖 Back 👻 🕥 🖌 🔀 💈		Search	Favorites	🚱 🍰 · 头 🔟 • 🚺	- 11 ×		
idress # http://10.14.3.120/			~			• >	Go Links
- 10	Log Out			Plant an an			
<b>METEK</b>	Log Out				al Power Line Car		
OWER INSTRUMENTS					A Massena Substation		
ulsar (ISO 9001 Registered)					DTT		DOB AMETEK P
UPLC ID:10.14.3.120		Filter Events		Events	Abort Query	3	
		nt Numbers					
On-Off	By Date						
	By Type Clear Fi						
Directional Comparison	Clear F		quence o	6 Europha			
		36	quence o	I Events			
Main Menu							
Home	The second se	D-1-	T	T	Description		
	Event i		Time	systems logged in	Description		
(Settings)	2			User session systems tim	ad aut		
Calibrate	3			systems loaged in	eu out		
Calibrate	4			systems logged in			
SOELog	5			Settings changed by syste	ms		
	6			Settings changed by syste			
Checkback	7			Carrier on, 40 dB			
Admin	8	10/08/2007	11:40:11.396	Main TX power OK			
Aamin	9	10/08/2007	11:40:11.396	TX start key			
	10	10/08/2007	11:40:08.913	Settings changed by syste	ems		
	11	10/08/2007	11:30:47.374	TX comm pwr level: 40 dB			
Catalog #	12			TX comm pwr level: 40 dB			
US2NEC1ANSX	13			TX comm pwr level: 40 dB			
UPIC many market and	14			systems logged in			
	15	10/08/2007	11:30:29.811	TX comm pwr level: 40 dB			
	■ Ba	ak	A Top	V Bottom	Next ►		

Figure 34. Example of The SOE Page

🖉 http://10.14.3.120 -	SOEs By Date	e & Time - Mic	rosoft <mark>_ 🗆 X</mark>
E	vents by Da	nte/Time	
	<u>Date</u> (mm-dd-yy)	<u>Time</u> (hh:mm:ss)	
Start		00:00:00	
End	10-08-07	13:26:39	
	Continue	= >>	
🙆 Done		🌒 Inter	net //

Figure 35. Events by Date/Time Range Dialog Box

Table 34. H	Hardware	Fixed	Alarms
-------------	----------	-------	--------

UPLC	Power Supply Alarm Output (TB1–5 & 6)*			
Condition	N.O. Contact	N.C. Contact		
PS Good	Closed	Open		
PS Bad	Open	Closed		

\* For the redundant PS use TB2-5 & 6



scroll through the events 15 events at a time. A quick way to get to the oldest set of 15 events is to click the "Bott" button, and in the same fashion you can go to the latest set of 15 events by clicking on the "Top" button.

You may also filter the events if you wish. By placing your cursor over the filter events at the top of the web page, you will get a pull down menu as shown in Figure 34. You may filter, Event Number or Date/Time. There is also a "Clear All Filters" command on this drop down list. When you set up a filter it will be remembered when you display events until it is cleared. So it is important to remember to clear event filters when you are done. That way the next person accessing the unit will be able to see all events.

A useful filter is the time and date range filter. When you select the Date/Time filter you are presented with the dialog box in Figure 35. Here you can enter the date and time range, remember that the time needs to be entered in a 24-hour format. After you have entered the time and date range click on continue and you will be presented with all events, in order of time form the latest to the oldest, in that time/date range.

If you know a number range of the events you want to view you may enter that by selecting the "By event Number" selection from the pull down list. This will allow you to view all events in a given number range.

These filters are very useful in quickly allowing you to view the events you desire without the confusion of seeing all events. You may also download the list of events to a comma-delimited file that can be used in most any spreadsheet application. If a filter is in place at the time of the download then that filter is used to download only those events. Events can be downloaded by moving the cursor to the area at the top of the screen labeled Events. A pull down menu will appear that has two selections. One of these selections will be to download events. Select that one and the following dialog box appears.



Figure 36. Download Dialog Box

This is just warning you that there may be a large number of events in the unit and it may take a few minutes to download. This is especially true if no filter is selected. Click OK and the download will start. After the download is complete the following Dialog box appears.



Figure 37. File Download Dialog Box

Now click the Save button and you will be presented with the opportunity to change the name of the file and the storage location on your local computer. After the file is saved click on Continue.

You may also clear all the events in the unit by moving your cursor over the events pull down menu and clicking Clear Events. You will be presented with a dialog box giving you a chance to cancel. Click OK to clear events.

Remember that when you are viewing the SOE web page, it is not being refreshed on an automatic basis. If you want to see if any new events have occurred since you last pulled up the web page click on the little refresh oval to the right of the web page screen. Do not click on the normal explorer refresh button in the top menu line. If you do you will be sent to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> Home page.



🏄 NYPA Massena Substation -	Microsoft Internet Explorer		_ 🗆 🗙
Eile Edit View Favorites ]	Iools Help		<b>1</b>
🌀 Back 🔹 💮 🖂 📓	🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites 🤣 🎯 + 🍃 🔟 + 🛄 🎇 🦓		
Address 🙋 http://10.14.3.120/		💌 🔁 Go	Links »
POWER INSTRUMENTS	Log Out Universal Power Line Carrier Mon Oct 58 11:15:07 2007 NYPA Massena Substation DTT	Cor	wright ©20C
UPLCID:10.14.3120  On-Off Directional Comparison  Main Menu Home Settings Calibrate SOE Log Checkback Admin	User Admin Softwars Herwork Caldog Hornbor User Account Administration Total Accounts 5 Logged in 1 Require Password for Front Panel Tests User Session Timeout 30 Mins T Show Users Add User		
Catalog # USZNECIANSX			
æ	I ()	nternet	

Figure 38. Admin. Page

User Admin	Software	Network	Catalog Number
Create Use	r Account		
User Name			
Password	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Re-enter Password	
Account Des	cription		
Privileges			
Guest (V	iew Only)		
🗌 User (Vie	w/Update Settings)		
🗌 Adminis	trator (User Administration	)	
	<< Back	Add Us	er >>

Figure 39. Add User Account Dialog Box

	User Name	Role	Description
С	administrator	Administrator	System Administrator (Users, Netwk, Sys-Time)
С	guest	Guest	Guest user - cannot modify settings
С	systems*	Super User	
С	qw	Super User	
•			

Figure 40. User Account Dialog Box



## CAUTION

A DEFAULT USER NAME "administrator" AND A DEFAULT PASSWORD SET TO "pulsar" HAS BEEN PROVIDED WHEN THE UNIT IS SHIPPED. IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO CHANGE THE DEFAULT PASSWORD TO SOMETHING DIFFERENT TO ENSURE THE SECURITY OF YOUR UPLC<sup>™</sup>. AMETEK IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SECURITY OF THE SYSTEM.

## 15. Admin

The Admin web page is used to add and delete users and change the overall security of accessing the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. You must be logged in as a user who has administration rights in order to change users, however, you will be able to view the Admin web page no matter what your user rights. This will allow you to find out what user has Administration rights to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> in case you need to change something, such as, your password.

The Admin page has four Tabs associated with it. They are User Admin, System Time, Software and Network. The main Admin web page is shown in Figure 38. This page opens up to the User Admin Tab. At this level you will see the number of total accounts set up for the UPLC<sup>™</sup> and the number of accounts logged in. At this point, the administrator may be set if a password is required to access the front panel of the unit. It is probably a good idea to have a password set for this function since if it is not set anybody can walk into the substation and make changes to the unit.

There are also two other buttons on the User Admin. tab. They are Add User and Show Users. Clicking on Add User will allow the administrator to add a new user to the system. The "add new user" screen is shown in Figure 39. The administrator should fill in the required information and click on the "Add User" button.

Clicking on the "Show Users" Button will allow the Administrator to see all user accounts and to change each user's rights and passwords. This screen is shown in Figure 40. On this page the administrator can change the rights of any user, change the password of any user or delete a user.

## 15.1 Accounts

There are four types of accounts available:

- Admin only able to add/delete users & passwords
- User able to change settings (not admin functions)
- Guest can view all settings & SOEs
- Super user combination of Admin & User

## 15.2 Other Admin Tabs

The System time tab just shows the system date and time. The Software tab shows the revision levels of software that are in the unit. The Network tab is the area where the administrator will be able to make all the network settings required to access the users network, such as, IP address and Gateway address.

We have covered the entire setup of the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> Power Line Carrier set. By using the web pages in a standard browser and providing a controlled workflow, the set up of the unit has been greatly simplified. That is, by only presenting the user with the menu selections needed based on previous menu selections, this eliminates confusion and lessens the chance for an error in setup. Since many protection system security and dependability problems relate to system setup issues, we feel this controlled workflow process will have the overall affect of improving the protection system reliability where UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is applied.



# Appendix A – Configuring a Serial Connection for UPLC™

# Windows XP

Setup of a computer running Windows XP to connect to the front serial port

- 1. Click the "Start" button in the lower left hand corner of the screen.
- 2. Then click on the "Control Panel" button to open the Control Panel.
- 3. Select the "Phone & Modem Options" button in the Control Panel.
- 4. Select the "Modems" tab in the Phone & Modem Options window.
- 5. Then click the "Add" button and this will open the Add Hardware Wizard.
- 6. Click on the check box that says "Don't detect my modem; I will select it from a list." Then click on the "Next" button.
- In the box labeled Manufacturer select "(Standard Modem Types)" and under models on the right select "Communications" cable between two computers" then click on the "Next" button.
- Now select the serial port number that you will use to communicate to the UPLC<sup>™</sup>. Then click the "Next" button.
- 9. You should now see a box that says, "your modem has been set up successfully" Then click on the "Finish" button. After a short delay you should then see the connection appear in the Modem tab of the "Phones and Modem Options" window.
- 10. Now click on the new modem connection to highlight it. A "Properties" button should appear at the bottom of the window. Click on this "Properties" button, and wait for the properties window to open.
- 11. When the properties window opens click on the "Modem" tab and select the Maximum Port Speed pull down menu. Select a port speed of 115200. Then click on the "OK" button.

- 12. Now click the "OK" button to close the Phone & Modem Options window.
- 13. Now you have to set up the network connection. This is done by opening the Control Panel again and clicking on the Network Connection Icon.
- 14. When the Network Connections window opens click on "Create a new connection" on the left side of the window under the heading Network Tasks.
- 15. When the New Connection Wizard window opens just click on the "Next" button and the "What do you want to do?" window will open.
- 16. Click on "Set up an advanced connection" and then click the "Next" button.
- 17. The "Which type of connection do you want to set up" appears. In this window you want to select "Connect directly to another computer" and then click the "Next" button.
- 18. In the "Host or Guest?" window select "Guest" and then click the "Next" button.
- Now you are asked for a Computer Name. This is the name you want for the connection. A suggestion might be UPLC<sup>™</sup> Connection. Then click the "Next" button.
- 20. Now you are asked to select the communications device. Select the "Communication cable between two computers (COMX)" device. Where COMX is the COM port you had set up before. For most computers this will be COM1. Click the "Next" button.
- 21. You are asked to select who will use this connection. Select which one will apply to your computer and then click the "Next" button.
- 22. The Completing the New Connection Wizard window will pop up. At this time you may choose to add an icon to your desktop or not. Then choose "Finish."



- 23. At this point the connect window will pop up. It will have a space to put in a User Name and Password. At this time these are left blank. Click on the "Properties" button. The General tab should now be showing and you should see a pull down menu titled Select a device.
- 24. Pull down the menu, by selecting the down arrow on the right. Select the device that was set up for UPLC<sup>TM</sup> communications. Then click on the "Configure" button and this will bring up a Modem Configuration window. If it isn't already set select the Maximum speed to 115200. Nothing else should be checked. Now click "OK."
- 25. Click on the Networking tab of the Properties window. Then highlight the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click on the "Properties" button.
- 26. Select the radio button titled "Use the following IP address:" and then enter 100.100.100.101 in the IP address location. Then click on the "OK" button.
- 27. The area titled "Type of dial-up server I am calling:" should have "PPP: Windows 95/98/NT 4/2000, Internet" selected. If that isn't selected then select it.
- 28. Click the "OK" button
- 29. You are now ready to connect to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> Front Panel.

This completes the Windows XP setup process.

# Windows 7

- 1. If you are using an RS-232 to USB converter, make sure the drivers for the converter are installed and that they use a com port that does not change each time your computer is rebooted.
- 2. Click the "Start" button in the lower left hand corner of the screen.
- 3. Then click on the "Control Panel" button in the right hand panel to open the Control Panel.
- 4. **Note:** This write-up assumes your are using the control panel in the classic view.
- 5. Select the "Phone & Modem" button in the Control Panel.
- 6. Select the "Modems" tab in the Phone & Modem window.
- 7. Then click the "Add" button and this will open the Add Hardware Wizard.
- 8. Click on the check box that says "Don't detect my modem; I will select it from a list." Then click on the "Next" button.
- 9. In the box labeled Manufacturer, select "(Standard Modem Types)" and under models on the right, select "Communications cable between two computers" then click on the "Next" button.
- 10. Now select the serial port number that you will use to communicate to the UPLC<sup>™</sup>. Then click the "Next" button.
- 11. After a brief period of time, you should now see a box that says, "your modem has been set up successfully". Then click on the "Finish" button. After a short delay you should then see the connection appear in the Modem tab of the "Phones and Modem" window.
- 12. Now click on the new modem connection to highlight it. A "Properties" button should appear at the bottom of the window. Click

on this "Properties" button, and wait for the properties window to open.

- 13. When the properties window opens, click on "Change Settings" at the bottom of the window.
- 14. Wait for a new properties window to open. Then click on the "Modem" tab and select the Maximum Port Speed pull down menu. Select a port speed of 115200. Then click on the "OK" button.
- 15. Now click the "OK" button to close the Phone & Modem window.
- 16. Now you have to set up the network connection. This is done by opening the Control Panel again and clicking on the Network and Sharing Center Icon.
- 17. When the Network and Sharing Center window opens, click on "Set up a new connection or network" of the window under the heading, Change your networking settings.
- 18. When the Choose a connection option window opens, just click on "Setup a dialup connection". And then click the "Next" button.
- 19. If you have more than one modem connected, you will get a popup box that asks "Which modem do you want to use?" Choose the one that says "Communications cable between two compuers." If you only have one connection, you may not see this popup box and will go directly to step 20.
- 20. In the Dial-up phone number box, type any number. A suggestion might be to type a 1.
- 21. In the box labeled, Connection Name, enter a name for the connection, that you will recognize. A suggestion might be UPLC Serial Connection. Then click the "Connect" button. It will attempt to dial the connection. Wait until it times out and you get a box that says, Connection failed with error 777. In this box you will have two choices. Select the "Set up the connection anyway" choice.
- 22. You will now get a box that says "The connection to the Internet is ready to use."

Click the "Close" button in this box. The computer will take you back to the Network and Sharing center window. At this point click on the choice, "Connect to a network". A new box will pop up which lists the connections available. You should see the new connection with the name you selected. Move the mouse to that connection and right click, then select Properties.

- 23. In the Connect using: you should see the words "Communication cable between two computers (COMX)" device. Where COMX is the COM port you had set up before. For most computers this will be COM1. Click on it to select it. At this point select the move down to the dummy phone number you put in and remove it.
- 24. Now click on the "Configure" button below the box in the previous step. The "Modem Configuration" window pops up. Be sure the Maximum speed is set to 115200 bps. Also make sure the "Enable hardware flow control" box is checked. Now click the "OK" button.
- 25. Now click on the "Options" tab. Uncheck the "Prompt for name and password, certificate, etc." box. Also uncheck the "Prompt for phone number" box.
- 26. Click on the box labeled "PPP Settings." The only box that should be checked is "Enable LCP extensions." Uncheck all others.
- 27. Click the Networking tab of the Properties window. Then highlight Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4), and then click on the "Properties" button.
- 28. Select the radio button titled "Use the following IP address:" and then enter 100.100.100.101 in the IP address location. Then click on the "OK" button.
- 29. Click the "OK" button
- 30. You are now ready to connect to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> Front Panel.

This completes the Windows 7 setup process.



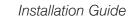
Connecting to the UPLC with this Serial Port

- 1. Connect your serial cable to the serial port selected as COMX or if using a USB to serial converter connect the USB end to a USB port on your computer.
- 2. Then connect the other end of the cable to the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> .
- 3. Either select the connections icon on the system tray if you have one, or open the Network and Sharing Center.
- 4. If you selected the network connections icon from the system tray, the "Connections are available" dialog box will appear. Skip to step 6.
- 5. If you opened the Network and Sharing Center, click on "Connect to a network" under the Change your networking settings. This will pop up the same "Connections are available" dialog box as in step 4.
- Click on the connection that has the name you used for the UPLC<sup>™</sup>. Then click on the "Connect" button.
- 7. Several Dialog boxes will pop up and disappear. Some will be slow and some will be very fast. The last one will say "Connected."
- 8. If you want, you may select the network connection icon in the system tray and under the UPLC connection, the word *connected* will appear.
- 9. Now open internet explorer and in the URL box, type "http://100.100.100.100/" and press return. At this point, the UPLC<sup>™</sup> password box will pop up. Type in the UPLC<sup>™</sup> username and password that has been setup for your use.
- 10. The home screen for the UPLC<sup>™</sup> should now appear after a short delay.
- 11. Do the work you need to do.

- 12. When you have completed your work, *do not disconnect the serial cable from your computer*. At this point, instead, click on the Log out in the upper left hand corner of the home screen.
- 13. Click "OK" to the dialog box that appears. Then click "yes" to the Question, "Do you want to close internet explorer." *Do not unplug the serial cable from your computer or the UPLC*<sup>™</sup> *until you complete step 14.*
- 14. Next, click the network icon in the system tray and click on the UPLC<sup>™</sup> connection, then click on the Disconnect box.

This completes your connection session with the  $UPLC^{\mbox{\tiny TM}}$  .

**Warning:** If you do not perform steps 12, 13 and 14 before disconnecting your computer, on UPLC<sup>TM</sup> versions 2.05 and less, you will have to reboot the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> before you will be able to connect again. On versions greater than 2.05, you will not have to reboot but you will have to wait before you can reconnect again by the amount set in the time-out setting on the administration page (30 minutes by default).





## Windows 2000

Setup of a computer running Windows 2000 to connect to the front serial port

- 1. Click the "Start" button in the lower left hand corner of the screen.
- 2. Then click on the "Control Panel" button to open the Control Panel.
- 3. Select the "Phone & Modem Options" button in the Control Panel.
- 4. Select the "Modems" tab in the Phone & Modem Options window.
- 5. Then click the "Add" button and this will open the Add Hardware Wizard.
- 6. Click on the check box that says "Don't detect my modem; I will select it from a list." Then click on the "Next" button.
- In the box labeled Manufacturer select "(Standard Modem Types)" and under models on the right select "Communications" cable between two computers" then click on the "Next" button.
- Now select the serial port number that you will use to communicate to the UPLC<sup>™</sup>. Then click the "Next" button.
- 9. You should now see a box that says, "your modem has been set up successfully" Then click on the "Finish" button. After a short delay you should then see the connection appear in the Modem tab of the "Phones and Modem Options" window.
- 10. Now click on the new modem connection to highlight it. Click on the "Properties" button, and wait for the properties window to open.
- 11. When the properties window opens, select the Maximum Port Speed pull down menu. Select a port speed of 115200. Then click on the "OK" button.
- 12. Now click the "OK" button to close the Phone & Modem Options window.
- 13. Now you have to set up the network connection. This is done by opening the Control Panel again and clicking on the Network and Dial-up Connection Icon.

- 14. When the Network Connections window opens, click on "Make New Connection".
- 15. When the Network Connection Wizard window opens, just click on the "Next" button and the Network Connection Type window will open.
- 16. In this window you want to select "Connect directly to another computer" and then click the "Next" button.
- 17. In the "Host or Guest?" window select "Guest" and then click the "Next" button.
- 18. Now you are asked to select the communications device. Select the "Communication cable between two computers (COMX)" device. Where COMX is the COM port you had set up before. For most computers this will be COM1. Click the "Next" button.
- 19. Now you are asked for a connection name. This is the name you want for the connection. A suggestion might be UPLC<sup>™</sup> Connection. Then click the "Finish" button.
- 20. You are asked to select who will use this connection. Select which one will apply to your computer and then click the "Next" button.
- 21. At this point the connect window will pop up. It will have a space to put in a User Name and Password. At this time these are left blank. Click on the "Properties" button. The General tab should now be showing and you should see a pull down menu titled Select a device.
- 22. Pull down the menu, by selecting the down arrow on the right. Select the device that was set up for UPLC<sup>™</sup> communications. Then click on the "Configure" button and this will bring up a Modem Configuration window. If it isn't already set select the Maximum speed to 115200. Nothing else should be checked. Now click "OK."
- 23. Click on the Networking tab of the Properties window. Then highlight the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click on the "Properties" button.



- 24. Select the radio button titled "Use the following IP address:" and then enter 100.100.100.101 in the IP address location. Then click on the "OK" button.
- 25. The area titled "Type of dial-up server I am calling:" should have "PPP: Windows 95/98/NT 4/2000, Internet" selected. If that isn't selected then select it.
- 26. Click the "OK" button
- 27. You are now ready to connect to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> Front Panel.

This completes the Windows 2000 setup process.



# Appendix B – General File Format

Here is an example of a configuration file downloaded from the UPLC<sup>TM</sup>. This is an XML file. The file can be checked with any common XML tools to see if it conforms to XML format rules. It can be edited in any standard text-editing program, however you must be certain not to change any of the XML required format. If you are going to edit the file in a text editor it is important that you understand the format requirements of an XML file.

The file has a main section <UPLC<sup>™</sup>>, also called the 'root node'. The main section encompasses three major sub-sections;

<genset> - General Settings

<logset> - Logic Settings

<ioset> - Input/Output Settings

The Inputs/Outputs settings also has a three minor sub-sections;

<inputs> - Inputs <tdoutputs> - Trip Duty Outputs <lloutputs> - Low Level Outputs

These sections encompass the entire configuration for the UPLC<sup>™</sup>. Typically this file should be system generated to avoid any typographic and syntax errors. Rather than starting from scratch, it's easier to download from the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> and create a configuration file first, then edit that before uploading it back to the UPLC<sup>™</sup>. After uploading you should review the changes on the settings pages to ensure they're correct before locking them in by submitting. The XML configuration file can be loaded into any text editor and the data can be changed. We recommend you familiarize yourself with the nuances of the eXtensible Markup Language (XML Files), prior to attempting any changes to the data in the file. Be careful not to change any file formatting or the file will not load properly.

Following, is an example of the downloaded XML file. The data in the example file is shown in bold for instructional purposes only.

NOTE: It will not and should not be in bold in the downloaded or uploaded file.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
```

<!--UPLC Configuration for 10.14.3.127 as of Mon Sep 10 11:17:50 2007-->

<UPLC>

```
<system>
<ppc version>2.00</ppc version>
```

</system>

<genset>

<id\_line0>System ID text string 1</id line0> <id line1>System ID text string **2**</id line1> <chan\_type>1</chan\_type> // AM - 0 FSK - 1 <functn>1</functn> <tx\_freq>250.00</tx\_freq> <rx\_freq>252.00</rx\_freq> <txbwshift mode="FSK">2</txbwshift> <rxbwshift mode="FSK">2</rxbwshift> <tx low>1.0</tx low> <tx\_hi>10.0</tx\_hi> <fade alarm>10</fade alarm> <fade\_margin>15</fade\_margin> <reflpwr>15</reflpwr> <shift\_up\_to\_trip\_tx>0</shift\_up\_to\_trip\_ tx> <shift\_up\_to\_trip\_rx>0</shift\_up\_to\_trip\_ rx> <tx\_rx\_enable>3</tx\_rx\_enable> </genset> <logset> <voice>1</voice> <ptt\_delay1>2</ptt\_delay> <trip\_hold1>0</trip\_hold1> <guard\_hold1>0</guard\_hold1> <ptt\_delay2>30</ptt\_delay2> <trip\_hold2>35</trip\_hold2> <guard hold2>40</guard hold2> <unblock\_time1>0</unblock\_time1> <unblock delay1>0</unblock delay1> <ttu0>2</ttu0> <guard\_t0>2</guard\_t0> </logset> <ioset> <inputs>



<in1\_hold>0</in1\_hold> <in1 selection>1</in1 selection> <in1\_active\_state>0</in1\_active\_state> <in2\_hold>0</in2\_hold> <in2\_selection>2</in2\_selection> <in2\_active\_state>0</in2\_active\_state> <in3 hold>0</in3 hold> <in3\_selection>0</in3\_selection> <in3 active state>0</in3 active state> <in4\_hold>0</in4\_hold> <in4\_selection>0</in4\_selection> <in4\_active\_state>0</in4\_active\_state> <in5\_hold>0</in5\_hold> <in5\_selection>0</in5\_selection> <in5 active state>0</in5 active state> </inputs> <tdoutputs> <em1\_selection>0</em1\_selection> <em2\_selection>0</em2\_selection> <em3\_selection>0</em3\_selection> <em4\_selection>0</em4\_selection> </tdoutputs> <lloutputs> <prog1\_selection>1</prog1\_selection> <prog1\_active>0</prog1\_active> <prog1\_action>0</prog1\_action> <prog2\_selection>2</prog2\_selection> <prog2\_active>0</prog2\_active> <prog2\_action>0</prog2\_action> <prog3 selection>6</prog3 selection> <prog3\_active>0</prog3\_active> <prog3\_action>0</prog3\_action> <prog4\_selection>7</prog4\_selection> <prog4\_active>0</prog4\_active> <prog4\_action>0</prog4\_action> <prog5\_selection>0</prog5\_selection> <prog5\_active>0</prog5\_active> <prog5\_action>0</prog5\_action> <prog6\_selection>10</prog6\_selection> <prog6\_active>0</prog6\_active> <prog6\_action>0</prog6\_action> <prog7\_selection>4</prog7\_selection> <prog7\_active>0</prog7\_active> <prog7\_action>0</prog7\_action> <prog8\_selection>0</prog8\_selection> <prog8\_action>0</prog8\_action> <prog9\_selection>0</prog9\_selection>

```
<prog9_action>0</prog9_action>
<prog10_selection>12</prog10_selection>
<prog10_action>0</prog10_action>
</lloutputs>
</ioset>
</UPLC>
```

# Configuration File Modification (Firmware Ver. 2.05 and earlier) II

System identifies the firmware version and can not be changed.

<system>

<ppc version>2.0</ppc version</pre>

**General Settings** 

System Identification

<id\_line0>System Identification Line 1</id\_line0>

<id\_line1>System Identification Line II </id\_line1>

These two lines are 40 characters free form text. You are free to enter any text here to identify the system.

<u>Channel</u>

<chan\_type>1</chan\_type>

This indicates the channel type and is a single digit value.

- 0 Configures the system to operate in AM or otherwise called ON/OFF mode
- 1 Configures the system for operation in FSK Mode

Function

<functn>1</functn>

Function allows you to choose the function type. This is a number between 0 & 3 depending on the choice of mode.

If the Channel is configured for AM Mode, you can choose from the following types:

0 – Phase Comparison

1 - Directional Comparison

If the Channel is configured for FSK Mode, you can choose from the following types:



- 0 Phase Comparison
- 1 Unblocking-2Frequency
- 2 POTT/DTT-2Frequency
- 3 3-Frequency
- 4 4-Frequency

#### Tx & Rx Frequency

<tx\_freq>250.35</tx\_freq>

<rx\_freq>252.55</rx\_freq>

These are the transmit and the receive frequencies within the range of 30 to 530 kHz in steps of 0.01 kHz, e.g. 250.55 is 250.55 kHz.

#### Bandwidth and Shift

Bandwidth & shift is specified as a single digit number:

#### ON/OFF Mode

<baddeduction<br/>
<br/>

1 -Sets the bandwidth to 600 Hz.

2 – Sets the bandwidth to 1200 Hz.

3 – Sets the bandwidth to 4000 Hz.

FSK Mode

<txbwshift mode="FSK">2</txbwshift>

<rr>bwshift mode="FSK">2</rxbwshift></r>

This is called the TX Bandwidth-Shift & RX Bandwidth-Shift

- 0 Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $300\pm100$  Hz.
- 1 Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $600\pm100$  Hz.
- 2 Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $600\pm250$  Hz.
- 3 Sets the bandwidth-shift to 1200±250 Hz.
- 4 Sets the bandwidth-shift to 1200±500 Hz.

FSK - 3 & 4-Frequency has only

0 - Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $600\pm250$  Hz.

1 -Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $1200 \pm 500$  Hz.

#### Tx Power

<tx\_low>1.5</tx\_low>

<tx\_hi>9.5</tx\_hi>

The tx\_hi and tx\_low values must be between 1 & 10 W in steps of 0.1 W, with tx\_low smaller than tx\_hi, e.g. 1.5 specifies 1.5 W.

Fade Alarm

<fade\_alarm>10</fade\_alarm>

Fade Alarm is between 1 & 25 dB

Fade Margin

<fade\_margin>15</fade\_margin> Fade Margin is between 1 & 25 dB

Reflected Power

<reflpwr>15</reflpwr>

Reflected power is 1 to 100% in 1% increments

### Shift Up to Trip

<shift\_up\_to\_trip\_tx>0</shift\_up\_to\_trip\_tx> O-sets the transmitter to see a shift down to trip signal

1-sets the transmitter to see a shift up to trip signal

<shift\_up\_to\_trip\_rx>0</shift\_up\_to\_trip\_rx> 0-sets the receiver to see a shift down to trip signal

1-sets the receiver to see a shift up to trip signal

Transmit/Receive Enable

<tx\_rx\_enable>3</tx\_rx\_enable

3-Both transmitter and receiver enabled

2-Receive only (transmitter is disabled)

1-Transmit only (receiver is disabled)

# **Logic Settings**

Voice

<voice>2</voice>

Voice is a single digit value. Only 1 or 2 is valid:

1 – Beep Disabled

2 – Beep Enabled

Pre-trip Delay (Valid for FSK Mode Only)

<ptt\_delay>**30**</ptt\_delay> Pre-trip Delay is 0 – 30 ms in 1 ms steps.

Trip Hold (Valid for FSK Mode Only)

<trip\_hold>10</trip\_hold>

Trip Hold is 0 - 100 ms in 1 ms steps.

Guard Hold (Valid for FSK Mode Only)



<guard_hold>15</guard_hold>	1 – Stop
Guard Hold is 0 – 100 ms in 1 ms steps.	2 – Start
Pre-trip Delay (Valid for FSK Mode Only)	Checkback (Valid for AM Mode Only)
<ptt3_delay><b>30</b></ptt3_delay>	<checkback0>0</checkback0>
Pre-trip Delay is $0 - 30$ ms in 1 ms steps.	Checkback is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is
Trip Hold (Valid for FSK Mode Only)	valid:
<trip3_hold>35</trip3_hold>	0 – Checkback Disabled
Trip Hold is $0 - 100$ ms in 1 ms steps.	1 – Checkback Enabled
Guard Hold (Valid for FSK Mode Only)	Input/Outputs
<guard3_hold>40</guard3_hold>	Inputs
Guard Hold is $0 - 100$ ms in 1 ms steps.	Contact Bounce
Unblock Time (Valid for FSK Mode Only)	<in1_hold>1</in1_hold>
<unblock time="">20</unblock>	Contact Bounce is between 0 to 15. Each unit
Unblock Time is $0 - 500$ ms in 1 ms steps.	denotes 0.5 ms. As an example, 8 would be equal to 4ms.
<u>Unblock Delay</u> (Valid for FSK Mode Only)	Selection
<unblock_delay>25</unblock_delay>	
Unblock Delay is a number between the range of 0	<in1_selection>1</in1_selection> Selection is a number between 0 & 8 or 9 depending
– 100 ms.	on the mode:
RCVR Drop Delay (Valid for AM Mode Only)	FSK
<fade_drop_delay>0</fade_drop_delay>	0 – Not Used
RCVR Drop Delay is 0 – 15 ms in 1 ms steps	1 – UB Key
Trip Test (Valid for FSK Mode Only)	2 – Power Off
<ttu0>1</ttu0>	3 – Trip Test
Trip Test is a single digit value. Only 1 or 2 is valid:	4 – 52B
1 – Disabled	5 – SOE Event 1
2 – Enabled	6 – SOE Event 2
Guard Before Trip (Valid for FSK Mode Only)	7 – SOE Event 3
<guard_t0>2</guard_t0>	AM
Guard Before Trip is a single digit value between 1	0 – Not Used
& 3:	1 – Carrier Start
1 – Not Required	2 – Carrier Stop
2 – Required	3 – Low Level Key 4 – Checkback Reset
3 – Required But With Override	4 – Checkback Reset 5 – Checkback Initiate
Blocking Priority (Valid for AM Mode Only)	6 – SOE Event 1
 <blk_pri0>1</blk_pri0>	7 - SOE Event 2
Blocking Priority is a single digit value:	, SOL LIVIT 2

8 – SOE Event 3 9 - TX Shift High 9 - Loopback Test 10 - TX Shift Low Active State 11 – General Failure 2F-Unblocking & 2F-POTT/DTT <in1\_active\_state>0</in1\_active\_state> Active State is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is 0 - Not usedvalid: 1 - Guard0 – Application of Voltage 2 - Trip1 – Removal of Voltage 3 – Reflected Power **Trip Duty Outputs** 4 – Main RF Output 5 - Redundant RF Output Selection 6 – Good Channel <em1\_selection>1</em1\_selection> 7 - NoiseTrip Duty Outputs is a single digit value between 0 & 2 8 – Fade Alarm **FSK** 9 – TX Shift High 0 - Not Used10 - TX Shift Low 1 - Guard11 – Checkback Trip 2 - Trip12 – General Failure AM 3-Frequency 0 - Not Used0 - Not used1 - Blocking Output 1 – LR Guard 2 – Fade Alarm 2 – LR Trip Low Level Outputs 3 – Reflected Power Selection 4 - Main RF Output 5 – Redundant RF Output <prog1\_selection>1</prog1\_selection> 6 – Good Channel Low Level Outputs is a single or double-digit value between 0 & 11 or 16 depending on the mode: 7 – Noise **FSK** 8 – Fade Alarm 9 – TX Shift High Phase Comparison 10 – TX Shift Low 0 - Not used11 – LR Checkback Trip 1 – Trip Negative 12 DTT Guard 2 – Trip positive 13 DTT Trip 3 – Reflected Power 14 DTT Checkback Trip 4 – Main RF Output 15 - General Failure 5 – Redundant RF Output 4-Frequency 6 – Good Channel 0 - Not used7 - Noise1 - A Guard 8 – Fade Alarm



- 2 A Trip
- 3 Reflected Power
- 4 Main RF Output
- 5 Redundant RF Output
- 6 Good Channel
- 7 Noise
- 8 Fade Alarm
- 9 TX Shift to A
- 10 TX Shift to B
- 11 A Checkback Trip
- 12 B Guard
- 13 B Trip
- 14 B Checkback Trip
- 15 General Failure

# AM

- 0 Not used
- 1 Blocking Output
- 2 Fade Alarm
- 3 Reverse Power
- 4 Main RF Output
- 5 Redundant RF Output
- 6 CB Off
- 7 CB Passed
- 8 Carrier Received
- 9 CB Major Alarm
- 10 CB Minor Alarm
- 11 CB Delayed Alarm
- 12 CB Carrier Recovered
- 13 CB In Recovery Mode
- 14 CB Test In Progress
- 15 CB Auto Test Disabled
- 16 General Alarm

<prog1\_active>0</prog1\_active>

Low level active state is a single digit value, only a 1 or 0 is valid.

0 - Normally Open

1 - Normally Closed

<prog1\_action>0</prog1\_action>

Low level action state is a single digit value, only a 1 or 0 is valid.

- 0 Normal
- 1 PULSED (on for 5 sec.)

NOTE: General Alarm is a valid option only for the EM Outputs.

De-Energized State

<em1\_selection>1</em1\_selection>

De-energized State is a single digit value:

- 0 Normally Open
- 1 Normally Closed

# **Checkback Configuration**

Module Address

<address>0</address>

Module Address is a number between 0 and 10. 0 being the Master and 1-10 are Remote Modules

# Primary Communication Mode

<prim\_comm>1</prim\_comm>

Primary Communication mode is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Coded Communication Mode

0 - Timed Communication Mode

# Auto Tests

<auto\_test>1</auto\_test>

Auto tests is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Auto Tests On

0 - Auto Tests Off

Fallback Communication Mode

<fallback>0</fallback>

Fallback Communication Mode is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

- 1 Enable Fall back Communication
- 0 Disable Fall back Communication

#### Low Power Tests

<low\_pwr>0</low\_pwr>

Low Power Tests is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Enable Low Power Tests

- 0 Disable Low Power Tests
- Last Module

<last\_rem>1</last\_rem>

Last Module is between 1 and 10; up to ten Remote Modules can be assigned.

#### <u>Retries</u>

<retries>4</retries>

Retries is 0 - 15, indicating, up to 15 retries are allowed.

#### Interval Type

<int\_type>0</int\_type>

Interval type is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 – Checkback Hours of the day

0 - Periodic checkback select

#### Hours Of The Day

(Valid only when 'Hours of the Day' is selected)

<time1>5</time1>

<time2>10</time2>

<time3>15</time3>

<time4>20</time4>

Hours of the day 0 - 23 in a 24 hour clock format. This indicates the hours of the day checkback needs to run.

### Periodic Checkback

(Valid only when 'Checkback Hours' is selected)

<test\_period>8</test\_period>

Periodic Checkback is 0 - 99. This indicates the number of hours to wait before the next Checkback test will run.

#### Carrier Recovery

<reco\_enab>0</reco\_enab>

Carrier Recovery is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Enable Carrier Recovery

0 - Disable Carrier Recovery

Recovery Window

<recovery\_time>10</recovery\_time>

Recovery Window is a number between the range of 0 - 24 hours. It specifies how long a UPLC<sup>TM</sup> will be in Recovery Mode before indicating a Delayed Alarm.

#### Recovery Period

<reco\_time>30</reco\_time>

Recovery Period number between the range of 5 - 60 minutes. It specifies the time between Master initiated Checkback tests when the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is in Recovery Mode.

Loopback Duration

<loop\_time>10</loop\_time>

Loopback Duration is 4 - 60 seconds. It specifies how long a UPLC<sup>TM</sup> will key its transmitter at high and low power during a Loopback test.

#### Synchronize Clock Automatically

<sync\_enab>1</sync\_enab>

Synchronize Clock Automatically is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

- 1 Enable Automatic Synchronization
- 0 Disable Automatic Synchronization



# Configuration File Modification (Firmware Ver. 3.00 and later)

System identifies the firmware version and can not be changed.

<system>

<ppc version>3.02</ppc version</pre>

#### **General Settings**

#### System Identification

<id_line0>System</id_line0>	Identification	Line
1		

<id\_line1>System Identification Line II </id\_line1>

These two lines are 40 characters free form text. You are free to enter any text here to identify the system.

#### <u>Channel</u>

<chan\_type>1</chan\_type>

This indicates the channel type and is a single digit value.

- 0 Configures the system to operate in AM or otherwise called ON/OFF mode
- 1 Configures the system for operation in FSK Mode

#### **Function**

#### <functn>1</functn>

Function allows you to choose the function type. This is a number between 0 & 3 depending on the choice of mode.

If the Channel is configured for AM Mode, you can choose from the following types:

0 – Phase Comparison

1 - Directional Comparison

If the Channel is configured for FSK Mode, you can choose from the following types:

- 0 Phase Comparison
- $1-Unblocking \hbox{-} 2 Frequency$
- 2 DTT-2Frequency
- 3 POTT 2-Frequency
- 4 3-Frequency

5 - 4-Frequency

Tx & Rx Frequency

Ш

<tx\_freq>250.35</tx\_freq>

<rr\_freq>252.55</rr\_freq>

These are the transmit and the receive frequencies within the range of 30 to 530 kHz in steps of 0.01 kHz, e.g. 250.55 is 250.55 kHz.

#### Bandwidth and Shift

Bandwidth & shift is specified as a single digit number:

ON/OFF Mode

<badwidth>1</bandwidth>

1 -Sets the bandwidth to 600 Hz.

2 – Sets the bandwidth to 1200 Hz.

3 – Sets the bandwidth to 4000 Hz.

FSK Mode

<txbwshift mode="FSK">2</txbwshift>

<rr>bwshift mode="FSK">2</rxbwshift></r>

This is called the TX Bandwidth-Shift & RX Bandwidth-Shift

- 0 -Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $300 \pm 100$  Hz.
- 1 Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $600\pm100$  Hz.
- 2 -Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $600\pm250$  Hz.
- 3 -Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $1200 \pm 250$  Hz.

4 – Sets the bandwidth-shift to 1200±500 Hz.

FSK - 3 & 4-Frequency has only

0 -Sets the bandwidth-shift to  $600\pm250$  Hz.

1 – Sets the bandwidth-shift to 1200±500 Hz.

#### Tx Power

<tx\_low>1.5</tx\_low>

<tx\_hi>9.5</tx\_hi>

The tx\_hi and tx\_low values must be between 1 & 10 W in steps of 0.1 W, with tx\_low smaller than tx\_hi, e.g. 1.5 specifies 1.5 W.

Fade Alarm

<fade\_alarm>10</fade\_alarm> Fade Alarm is between 1 & 25 dB

#### Fade Margin

<fade\_margin>15</fade\_margin> Fade Margin is between 1 & 25 dB

#### Reflected Power

<reflpwr>15</reflpwr> Reflected power is 1 to 100% in 1% increments Shift Up to Trip

<shift\_up\_to\_trip\_tx>0</shift\_up\_to\_trip\_tx>
0-sets the transmitter to see a shift down to trip
signal

1-sets the transmitter to see a shift up to trip signal

<shift\_up\_to\_trip\_rx>0</shift\_up\_to\_trip\_rx>
0-sets the receiver to see a shift down to trip signal
1-sets the receiver to see a shift up to trip signal

#### Transmit/Receive Enable

<tx\_rx\_enable>3</tx\_rx\_enable

3-Both transmitter and receiver enabled

2-Receive only (transmitter is disabled)

1-Transmit only (receiver is disabled)

### **Logic Settings**

#### <u>Voice</u>

<voice>2</voice> Voice is a single digit value. Only 1 or 2 is valid:

1 – Beep Disabled

2 – Beep Enabled

Pre-trip Delay (Valid for FSK Mode Only)

<ptt\_delay>30</ptt\_delay>

Pre-trip Delay is 0 - 30 ms in 1 ms steps.

Trip Hold (Valid for FSK Mode Only)

<trip\_hold>10</trip\_hold>

Trip Hold is 0 - 100 ms in 1 ms steps.

Guard Hold (Valid for FSK Mode Only)

<guard\_hold>15</guard\_hold>

Guard Hold is 0 – 100 ms in 1 ms steps.

Pre-trip Delay (Valid for FSK Mode Only)

<ptt3\_delay>30</ptt3\_delay> Pre-trip Delay is 0 - 30 ms in 1 ms steps. <u>Trip Hold</u> (Valid for FSK Mode Only) <trip3\_hold>35</trip3\_hold> Trip Hold is 0 - 100 ms in 1 ms steps. <u>Guard Hold</u> (Valid for FSK Mode Only) <guard3\_hold>40</guard3\_hold> Guard Hold is 0 - 100 ms in 1 ms steps. <u>Unblock Time</u> (Valid for FSK Mode Only) <unblock time>20</unblock time> Unblock Time is 0 - 500 ms in 1 ms steps. Unblock Delay (Valid for FSK Mode Only) <unblock\_delay>25</unblock\_delay> Unblock Delay is a number between the range of 0 - 100 ms. <u>RCVR Drop Delay</u> (Valid for AM Mode Only) <fade\_drop\_delay>0</fade\_drop\_delay> RCVR Drop Delay is 0 - 15 ms in 1 ms steps Trip Test (Valid for FSK Mode Only) <ttu0>1</ttu0> Trip Test is a single digit value. Only 1 or 2 is valid: 1 – Disabled 2 - EnabledGuard Before Trip (Valid for FSK Mode Only) <guard t0>2</guard t0> Guard Before Trip is a single digit value between 1 & 3: 1 - Not Required 2 - Required3 - Required But With Override <u>Blocking Priority</u> (Valid for AM Mode Only) <blk\_pri0>1</blk\_pri0> Blocking Priority is a single digit value: 1 - Stop2 – Start Checkback (Valid for AM Mode Only)



<checkback0>0</checkback0>

Checkback is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

- 0 Checkback Disabled
- 1 Checkback Enabled

## Input/Outputs

#### Inputs

Contact Bounce

<in1\_hold>1</in1\_hold>

Contact Bounce is between 0 to 15. Each unit denotes 0.5 ms. As an example, 8 would be equal to 4ms.

Selection

<in1\_selection>1</in1\_selection>

Selection is a number between 0 & 8 or 9 depending on the mode:

#### FSK

FSK-UB, FSK-DTT, FSK-POTT

- 0 Not Used
- 1 UB Key
- 2 Power Off
- 3 Trip Test
- 4 Disable Trip Test
- 5-52B
- 6 SOE Event 1
- 7 SOE Event 2
- 8 SOE Event 3

FSK-3 Freq

- 0 Not Used
- 1 LR Key
- 2 DTT Key
- 3 Power Off
- 4 Trip Test
- 5 Disable Trip Test
- 6-52B
- 7-SOE Event 1

8 – SOE Event 2

- 9 SOE Event 3
- FSK-4 Freq
- 0 Not Used
- 1 UB Key
- 2 Power Off
- 3 Trip Test
- 4 52B
- 5 SOE Event 1
- 6 SOE Event 2
- 7 SOE Event 3

AM

- 0 Not Used
- 1 Carrier Start
- 2 Carrier Stop
- 3 Low Level Key
- 4 Checkback Reset
- 5 Checkback Initiate
- 6 SOE Event 1
- 7 SOE Event 2
- 8 SOE Event 3
- 9 Loopback Test
- AM RX Only
- 0 Not Used
- 1 SOE Event 1
- 2 SOE Event 2
- 3 SOE Event 3

Active State

<in1\_active\_state>0</in1\_active\_state>

Active State is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

- 0 Application of Voltage
- 1 Removal of Voltage
- Trip Duty Outputs
- Selection
  - <em1\_selection>1</em1\_selection>
- Trip Duty Outputs is a single digit value between 0 & 2

# FSK

0 – Not Used

- 1 Guard
- 2 Trip
- AM
- 0 Not Used
- 1 Blocking Output
- 2 Fade Alarm

# Low Level Outputs

# Selection

<prog1\_selection>1</prog1\_selection> Low Level Outputs is a single or double-digit value

between 0 & 11 or 16 depending on the mode:

# FSK

Phase Comparison

- 0 Not used
- 1 Trip Negative
- 2 Trip positive
- 3 Reflected Power
- 4 Main RF Output
- 5 Redundant RF Output
- 6 Good Channel
- 7 Noise
- 8 Fade Alarm
- 9 TX Shift High
- 10 TX Shift Low
- 11 General Failure

2F-Unblocking & 2F-POTT/DTT

- 0 Not used
- 1 Guard
- 2 Trip
- 3 Reflected Power
- 4 Main RF Output
- 5 Redundant RF Output
- 6 Good Channel
- 7 Noise
- 8 Fade Alarm

- 9 TX Shift High
- 10 TX Shift Low
- 11 Checkback Trip
- 12 Trip Test Failed
- 13 Trip Test in Progress
- 14 General Failure

# 3-Frequency

- 0 Not used
- 1 LR Guard
- 2 LR Trip
- 3 Reflected Power
- 4 Main RF Output
- 5 Redundant RF Output
- 6 Good Channel
- 7 Noise
- 8 Fade Alarm
- 9 TX Shift High
- 10 TX Shift Low
- 11 LR Checkback Trip
- 12 DTT Guard
- 13 DTT Trip
- 14 DTT Checkback Trip
- 15 Trip Test Failed
- 16 Trip Test in Progress
- 17 General Failure
- 4-Frequency
  - 0 Not used
  - 1 A Guard
  - 2 A Trip
  - 3 Reflected Power
  - 4 Main RF Output
  - 5 Redundant RF Output
  - 6 Good Channel
  - 7 Noise
  - 8 Fade Alarm
  - 9 TX Shift to A
  - 10 TX Shift to B



- 11 A Checkback Trip
- 12 B Guard
- 13 B Trip
- 14 B Checkback Trip
- 15 General Failure

# AM

- 0 Not used
- 1 Blocking Output
- 2 Fade Alarm
- 3 Reverse Power
- 4 Main RF Output
- 5 Redundant RF Output
- 6 CB Off
- 7 CB Passed
- 8 Carrier Received
- 9 CB Major Alarm
- 10 CB Minor Alarm
- 11 CB Delayed Alarm
- 12 CB Carrier Recovered
- 13 CB In Recovery Mode
- 14 CB Test In Progress
- 15 CB Auto Test Disabled
- 16 General Alarm
- <prog1\_active>0</prog1\_active>

Low level active state is a single digit value, only a 1 or 0 is valid.

- 0 Normally Open
- 1 Normally Closed

<prog1\_action>0</prog1\_action>

Low level action state is a single digit value, only a 1 or 0 is valid.

- 0 Normal
- 1 PULSED (on for 5 sec.)

NOTE: General Alarm is a valid option only for the EM Outputs.

De-Energized State

<em1\_selection>1</em1\_selection>

De-energized State is a single digit value:

- 0 Normally Open
- 1 Normally Closed

# **Checkback Configuration**

Module Address

<address>0</address>

Module Address is a number between 0 and 10. 0 being the Master and 1-10 are Remote Modules

# Primary Communication Mode

<prim\_comm>1</prim\_comm>

Primary Communication mode is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Coded Communication Mode

0 - Timed Communication Mode

# Auto Tests

<auto\_test>1</auto\_test>

Auto tests is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Auto Tests On

0 - Auto Tests Off

Fallback Communication Mode

<fallback>0</fallback>

Fallback Communication Mode is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 – Enable Fall back Communication

0 - Disable Fall back Communication

Low Power Tests

<low\_pwr>0</low\_pwr>

Low Power Tests is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Enable Low Power Tests

0 - Disable Low Power Tests

# Last Module

<last\_rem>1</last\_rem>

Last Module is between 1 and 10; up to ten Remote Modules can be assigned.

# <u>Retries</u>

<retries>4</retries>



Retries is 0 - 15, indicating, up to 15 retries are allowed.

#### Interval Type

<int\_type>0</int\_type>

Interval type is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Checkback Hours of the day

0 - Periodic checkback select

Hours Of The Day

(Valid only when 'Hours of the Day' is selected)

<time1>5</time1>

<time2>10</time2>

<time3>15</time3>

<time4>20</time4>

Hours of the day 0 - 23 in a 24 hour clock format. This indicates the hours of the day checkback needs to run.

Periodic Checkback

(Valid only when 'Checkback Hours' is selected)

<test\_period>8</test\_period>

Periodic Checkback is 0 - 99. This indicates the number of hours to wait before the next Checkback test will run.

Carrier Recovery

<reco\_enab>0</reco\_enab>

Carrier Recovery is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 - Enable Carrier Recovery

0 - Disable Carrier Recovery

#### Recovery Window

<recovery\_time>10</recovery\_time>

Recovery Window is a number between the range of 0 - 24 hours. It specifies how long a UPLC<sup>TM</sup> will be in Recovery Mode before indicating a Delayed Alarm.

Recovery Period

<reco\_time>**30**</reco\_time>

Recovery Period number between the range of 5-60 minutes. It specifies the time between Master initiated Checkback tests when the UPLC<sup>TM</sup> is in Recovery Mode.

#### Loopback Duration

<loop\_time>10</loop\_time>

Loopback Duration is 4 - 60 seconds. It specifies how long a UPLC<sup>TM</sup> will key its transmitter at high and low power during a Loopback test.

#### Synchronize Clock Automatically

<sync\_enab>1</sync\_enab>

Synchronize Clock Automatically is a single digit value. Only 0 or 1 is valid:

1 – Enable Automatic Synchronization

0 – Disable Automatic Synchronization



# Appendix C – Sequence of Events Listing

## **Access Events**

<User name> Logged off <User name> Logged on Front panel logoff Front panel logon User logged in User logged out

## **Hardware Events**

DC power down

DC power up

General alarm

General alarm reset

I/O board failed

I/O board restored

Main power supply failed

Main power supply restored

Main TX power low

Main TX power OK

Novram settings restored from flash memory of <Date>

Power amp failed

Power amp restored

Redundant power amp failed

Redundant power amp restored

Redundant power supply failed

Redundant power supply restored

Redundant TX power low

Redundant TX power OK

II Battery Failure

# II Firmware Events

All UPLC settings initialized to default values DSP checksum mismatch Ethernet settings restored from flash memory Ethernet settings restored from flash memory of <Date> Ethernet settings set to default values SOE file system repaired Software Watchdog reset occurred (x) Events cleared



# **Calibration Events**

Local transmitter calibrated Local transmitter failed calibration Receiver calibrated to distant transmitter Receiver calibrated to local transmitter Receiver failed distant transmitter calibration Receiver failed local transmitter calibration

## LAN Communications Events

Ethernet interface 1 not detected Ethernet interface 2 not detected Ethernet link lost Ethernet link restored Redundant ethernet link lost Redundant ethernet link restored

# Administration Events

<User name>: User account deleted from the system <User name>: User account modified New user added to the system Settings changed by <User name> Settings changed via front panel Settings file uploaded to the system

# **Events Caused by External Stimulus**

IRIG signal acquired IRIG signal lost User event 1 - reset User event 1 - set User event 2 - reset User event 2 - set User event 3 - reset User event 3 - set

# System Events in All Modes

**Receiver Functions** Fade alarm off Fade alarm on **Transmitter Functions** RF powered off RF powered on



# System Events for ON-OFF Mode

Receiver Functions Carrier off Carrier on Transmitter Functions Low level key Low level key reset TX start key TX start key reset TX stop key TX stop key reset

#### Checkback Events

<current module name> received timed CB <current module name> sent high power CB to <module name>; <current module name> sent low power CB to <module name> <current module name> failed <module name>'s high power coded test <current module name> failed <module name>'s low power coded test <current module name> passed <module name>'s high power CB <current module name> passed <module name>'s low power CB <current module name> passed <module name>'s high power coded CB <current module name> passed <module name>'s low power coded CB <current module name> received <module name>'s high power coded CB <current module name> received <module name>'s low power coded CB <Current Module Name> received timed CB <current module name> sent high power coded CB to <module name>; <current module name> sent high power timed CB to <module name>; <current module name> sent low power coded CB to <module name>; <current module name> sent low power timed CB to <module name>; <module name> Alarms cleared <module name> Checkback event counts cleared <module name> failed high power CB <module name> failed low power CB <module name> failed high power coded CB <module name> failed high power timed CB to <module name>; <module name> failed low power coded CB <module name> failed low power timed CB to <module name>; <module name> passed high power coded CB <module name> Passed high power test



<module name> passed high power timed CB to <module name>;

<module name> passed low power coded CB

<module name> Passed low power test

<module name> passed low power timed CB to <module name>;

Auto checkback tests disabled

Auto checkback tests enabled

Carrier recovered

CB Alarms Cleared

CB event counts cleared

Communications error

Delayed alarm reset

Delayed alarm set

Local carrier failed

Major alarm cleared

Major alarm set

Minor alarm cleared

Minor alarm set

Remote <module number> requested CB

Starting carrier recovery mode

# System Events for FSK Mode

**Receiver Functions** 

Channel lost

Channel restored

Noise detected

Noise reset

#### Trasnmitter Functions

Boost key reset Boost key set

### 2-Frequency DTT/POTT/Unblock

Receiver Functions Checkback trip Checkback trip reset Guard Loss of guard Trip Trip reset Unblock trip Unblock trip reset



**Transmitter Functions** Trip key Trip key reset **3-Frequency Mode Receiver Functions** DTT checkback trip DTT checkback trip reset DTT guard Loss of DTT guard DTT trip DTT trip reset LR checkback trip on LR checkback trip reset LR guard Loss of LR guard LR trip LR trip reset **Transmitter Functions** LR trip key LR trip key reset DTT trip key DTT trip key reset

# Phase Comparison

**Receiver Functions** Trip negative off Trip negative on Trip positive off Trip positive on **Transmitter Functions** PC Key Off PC key on

# **Trip Test Events**

Failed Trip Test Passed Trip Test Received CB Trip Test request Received real Trip Test request Request CB Trip Test Request real Trip Test

# **4-Frequency Mode**

**Receiver Functions** Checkback Trip A Checkback Trip A Reset Trip A Trip A Reset Loss of Guard A Guard A Loss of Guard B Guard B Checkback Trip B Checkback Trip B Reset Unblock A Unblock A Reset Unblock B Unblock B Reset Both Trip A & B Both Trip A & B Reset Guard A & B Guard A & B Reset Checkback Trip A & B Checkback Trip A & B Reset **Transmitter Functions** A key B key A & B key



# Appendix D– UPLC<sup>™</sup> Configuration Report

In addition to the XML file, you may also save a report file that is more readable. A sample is provided here:

#### UPLC Configuration Report

Software Revision:	2.00
Unit IP:	10.14.3.127
Date/Time:	Mon Sep 10 11:20:232007
System ID (Major):	System ID 1
System ID (Minor):	System ID 2

#### General Settings

Channel Type:	FSK
Function :	Unblocking - 2F
Transmit Frequency:	250.00 Hz
Receive Frequency:	252.00 Hz
TX Shift-Bandwidth:	600 ± 250
RX Shift-Bandwidth:	600 ± 250
Tx Shift Up to Trip:	Disabled
Rx Shift Up to Trip:	Disabled
Transmit Power Low:	1.0 W
Transmit Power High:	10.0 W
Fade Alarm:	10 dB
Fade Margin:	15 dB
Reflected Power Alar	n 15.0 %
Transmitter:	Enabled
Receiver	Enabled

#### Logic Settings

Voice:	Beep Disabled
Trip Test:	Enabled
Pre-Trip Delay:	2 ms
Trip Hold:	0 ms
Guard Hold:	0 ms
Guard Before Trip:	Required
Unblock Timer:	0 ms
Unblock Delay:	0 ms

#### Input Output Settings

#### Inputs

1.	Hold:	0.0 ms
	Selection:	UB key
	Active State:	Application of Voltage
2.	Hold:	0.0 ms
	Selection:	Power Off

	Active State:	Application of	Voltage
3.	Hold:	0.0 ms	
	Selection:	not used	
	Active State:	Application of	Voltage
4.	Hold:	0.0 ms	
	Selection:	not used	
	Active State:	Application of	Voltage

2. Se 3. Se 4. Se Power Main	lection:Guard NO Con- lection:Guard NO Con- lection:Trip NO Con- lection:Trip NO Con- Supply Alarms Contact Power Supply: dant Power Supply:	tact tact tact
Low L	evel Outputs	
1.	Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load:	Guard NO Normal 1.0 A
2.	Selection: De-energized State: Action:	Trip NO Normal
3.	Max Load: Selection: De-energized State: Action:	1.0 A Good Channel NO Normal
4.	Max Load: Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load:	1.0 A Noise NO Normal 1.0 A
5.	Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load:	not used NO Normal 1.0 A
6.	Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load:	TX Shift Low NO Normal 1.0 A
7.	Selection: De-energized State: Action: Max Load:	Main RF Output NO Normal 1.0 A
8.	Selection: De-energized State: Action:	not used NO Normal
9.	Selection: De-energized State: Action:	not used NO Normal
10.	Selection: De-energized State: Action:	General Alarm NO Normal

Hold: 0.0 ms Selection: not used

Active State: Application of Voltage

5.

Trip Duty Outputs



# **USER NOTES**

Ш

# Appendix E– Changing the Catalog Number on a UPLC™

- 1. Login to the UPLC<sup>™</sup> with either the administrator or superuser account. (Default administrator login is "administrator" and password is "pulsar".)
- 2. On the left-hand side navigator, click on "Admin". This should take you to a page with four tabs across the top.
- 3. Select the "Catalog Number" tab. You will see a "Submit Key" box at the bottom with a field in which to type in the provided hexadecimal key code(s) to update the catalog number. These codes are MAC address specific. The MAC address of the UPLC<sup>™</sup> you are logged into is shown at the top of the screen.
- 4. Locate the appropriate key code for the MAC address and insert the key code in the box provided. If you have an electronic copy of the key codes, you can copy and paste the key code into the box to help eliminate errors.
- 5. Hit the "Submit Key" to start the process to update the catalog number. You will see a description of the catalog number you are about to install. It should read as shown in Figure 42, with the exception of the receiveonly chassis or dual-power-amp chassis, which will change appropriately.
- 6. Should you get a message to contact Pulsar Sales, you may have used the wrong key

code with the MAC address you are trying to update. Re-check the key code and the MAC address and try again.

- 7. Click the "Continue" button.
- You will receive a message window about logging out from the UPLC<sup>™</sup> and rebooting it. Click "OK" to continue.
- 9. The system will reboot and the UPLC<sup>™</sup> is now updated. Settings should not have changed during this process but a quick check would be in order.

You have completed the update.





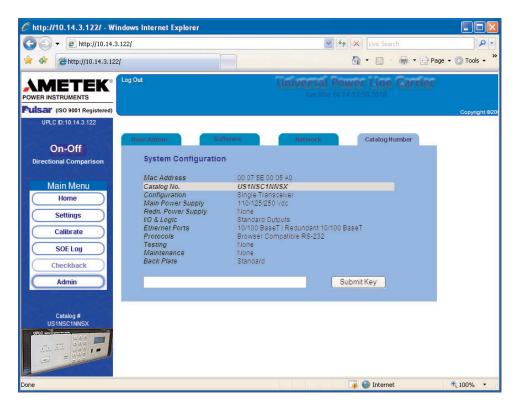


Figure 41. UPLC<sup>™</sup> Catalog Number Before Update

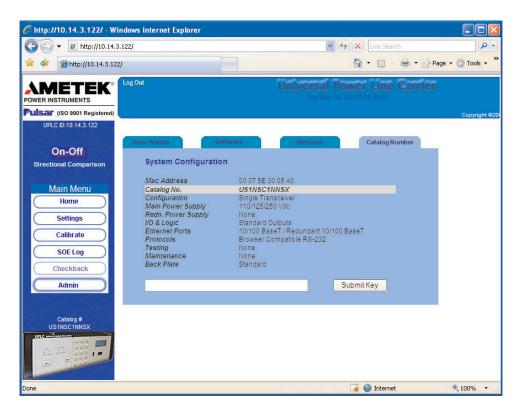


Figure 42. UPLC<sup>™</sup> Catalog Number After Update



AMETEK Power Instruments 4050 N.W. 121st Avenue Coral Springs, Florida 33065 U.S.A. 1–800–785–7274 +1-954-344-9822 www.pulsartech.com